

EL-308

Microprocessor Based System Design

Talk Program: Chat between two computers over
serial port

Term Project Report

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Supervisor: Ayhan Bozkurt

by

E. Selin Baytok 8088

R. Yağız Mungan 8288

1. INTRODUCTION

TALK program project was chosen from various suggested projects in order to have the chance to be introduced to serial communication principles in practice. Expected features of the program to be written are as follows:

- Two computers will be interconnected over RS 232.
- Once the call of the calling party is answered by running the TALK program on the remote computer, both computer screens will be divided into two.
- Keystrokes entered from the local computer will be displayed on the upper half of the screen and sent to the remote machine, while remotely typed characters will appear on the lower part.
- A proper word processing capability including functions of “enter” and “backspace” keys.

2. DESIGN PROCEDURE

2.1 Hardware Design

Communication between two computers was maintained over serial port with RS 232 standard. The cable used to connect these terminals were prepared to be in “null modem” configuration in which modem is not active, allowing the computers to communicate directly. As it is shown in Figure 1, the transmitted data (pin3) and the received data pins (pin 2) of the computers are cross connected while request (pin 7) -clean to send (pin 8) data pins and data terminal (pin 4)-data set ready pins (pin 6) are connected to each other at each side. Finally signal ground pins (pin 5) are connected to each other.

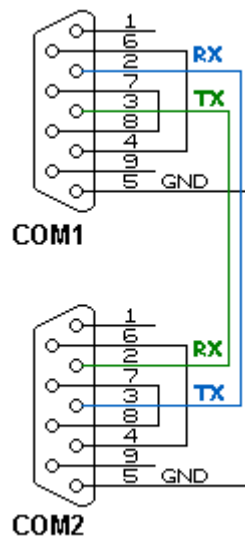


Figure 1: Modem-Nulling Configuration

2.2 Software Design

The software design consists of two parts. The application program will perform the data transfer. And a service routine will notify the user if the other computer requests to “talk”.

2.2.a Application Program

The basic flow of the code will be explained in the following.

- When the program starts it first disables interrupt mechanism
- When a user runs the program TALK.EXE the program must poke the other computer, to indicate that the user wants to talk, the signal used to poke the other computer is then blocked by the program.
- Initialization of the screen mode, and framing for the “talk” screen, and setting the cursor position
- The program will wait if a key is pressed from the keyboard, if a key is pressed the program will do the required action for the key, and send key ASCII to the other computer
- If no key is pressed the code will check if any data has arrived from the other computer, if any the code will do the necessary actions with respect to the character arrived
- Special actions: If the key is “escape” the program will exit. If the key is “backspace” the program will clear the previous character, with never touching the frames. If the character is “enter” the program will move the cursor one row down.

- If any user would fill up the space reserved, the part of the screen reserved will be refreshed, opening up space to continue talking
- Each cursor positions are stored in DB's restoring after each send and receive action. And set to their target values after "enter" and "backspace" action.
- If no key is received the code will loop back for searching if a key is pressed.
- Before exiting program the code enables the interrupts to be further poked, if any user wants to "talk" again.

The code is:

```
.MODEL SMALL

.STACK 100h

.DATA
INTA1      EQU 21H
COM1BASE   EQU 03F8H
LSR        EQU COM1BASE+5
MCR        EQU COM1BASE+4
THR        EQU COM1BASE
RBR        EQU COM1BASE
IER        EQU COM1BASE+1
LCR        EQU COM1BASE+3
out_col DB 2
out_row DB 1
in_col  DB 2
in_row  DB 14

.CODE

Start:

    mov ax,@Data
    mov ds,ax
```

```
                                ;Disable interrupts when talk program is
                                ;executing

    mov dx,INTA1                ;Disable IR4 on 8259
    in al,dx
    or al,00010000b
    out dx,al

    mov dx,LCR                  ;Set DLAB=0
    in al,dx
    and al,01111111b
    out dx,al

    mov dx,IER                  ;Disable received data ready interrupt
    in al,dx
    and al,11111110b           ;by D0 of interrupt enable register
    out dx,al

    mov dx,RBR
    mov al,0                    ;send 0 to the receive buffer register
    out dx,al

    mov al,88h                  ;dummy start data
    call send

    mov dx,184fh                ;clear the overall page
    call clear

    mov ah,00
    mov al,03h                  ;set video mode to CGA with 80*25 dimensions
    int 10h
```

mov ah,02	;set cursor position to
mov bh,0	
mov dl,0	;column number
mov dh,12	;row number
int 10h	
line:	;framing for the talk window
mov ah,02h	;draw a line on the 12th row
mov dl,"-"	
int 21h	
inc cx	
cmp cx,38	;write "TALK" starting from 38th column
jne line	
inc cx	
mov dl,"T"	
int 21h	
inc cx	
mov dl,"A"	
int 21h	
inc cx	
mov dl,"L"	
int 21h	
inc cx	
mov dl,"K"	
int 21h	
line2:	;finishes the line, at the 12th row there is a line
	;with
mov ah,02h	; "TALK" written at the middle of it
mov dl,"-"	;the line is the border of the spaces for the users
int 21h	
inc cx	
cmp cx,79	
jne line2	
mov ah,02	
mov bh,0	
mov dl,2	;col
mov dh,0	;row

int 10h

mov cx,0

mov dl," "

int 21h

inc cx

mov dl," "

int 21h

inc cx

mov dl," "

int 21h

inc cx

;on the first row, first 3 columns are empty

;this is the start for the upper part of the screen

mov dl,"y"

int 21h

inc cx

mov dl,"o"

int 21h

inc cx

mov dl,"u"

int 21h

inc cx

mov dl," "

int 21h

inc cx

mov dl,"s"

int 21h

inc cx

mov dl,"a"

int 21h

inc cx

mov dl,"i"

int 21h

inc cx

mov dl,"d"

int 21h

inc cx

mov dl,":"

int 21h

;after the 3rd column "you said:" is written

```
mov ah,02           ;on the 13th row the lower part of screen begins
mov bh,0
mov dl,2
mov dh,13
int 10h
mov cx,0
mov dl," "
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl," "
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl," "
int 21h
inc cx
```

```
mov dl,"h"          ;"he/she said:" appears on the 13th row
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl,"e"
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl,"/"
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl,"s"
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl,"h"
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl,"e"
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl," "
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl,"s"
```

```

int 21h
inc cx
mov dl,"a"
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl,"i"
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl,"d"
int 21h
inc cx
mov dl,":"
int 21h                                ;the framing ends here

mov dl,2                                ;set cursor to column 2 row 1 when the
mov dh,1                                ;program is first initiated
call set_cursor

wait_key:
mov ah,01                              ;control whether there is a key stroke
int 16h
jz incoming                             ;if not check whether a data received or not
mov ah,0                                ;if there is a key stroke
int 16h
cmp al,1Bh                             ;check whether it is "ESC"
jne go_on
call escape                             ;if it is, quit program

go_on:
mov dl,out_col                           ;other wise print and send the data
                                           ;go to the last cursor position(column) you left

mov dh,out_row                           ;last cursor position(row)
call set_cursor

```

```
    mov ah,02h
    mov dl,al                ;print the data to the upper side
    int 21h

    call send                ;also send the data to the remote computer

    cmp al,08h              ;if the data is "backspace"
    jne notback
    call back
    jmp endback              ;call "back" procedure and end this time in the
                                ;loop

notback:
    cmp al,0Dh              ;if data isn't "backspace" but "enter"
    jne skip

    call entered             ;call "entered" procedure

    mov al,0Ah              ;send linefeed to set cursor to the beginning of
                                ;the line
    call send

    mov al,0Dh              ;set al back to ascii code of enter

skip:
    cmp out_row,11          ;if it is the end line of the upper half
    jne normal
    cmp al,0Dh              ;and the new data is "enter"
    je enter1
    cmp out_col,79          ;check whether it is the end of the row
    jne normal

enter1:
    mov dx,0B4fh            ;if it is, clean the upper half
    call clear1
```

```
    mov dl,2                ;and set the cursor back to its initial condition
    mov dh,1
    call set_cursor

normal:
    call get_cursor         ;get the final position of the cursor

    mov out_row,dh          ;store it
    mov out_col,dl
endback:
    jmp wait_key            ;wait for the next stroke

incoming:
    mov ah,03              ;get status of
    mov dx,00              ;COM1 port
    int 14h

    and ah,1               ;check the last bit for a received data
    cmp ah,1
    jne wait_key           ;if not wait for a key stroke

    mov dl,in_col          ;set the cursor to the last place left

    mov dh,in_row
    call set_cursor

    mov ah,02              ;retrieve the received data
    mov dx,0
    int 14h

    cmp al,88h             ;if it is the dummy start signal
    je endback2            ;quit this time in the loop
```

cmp al,08h	;if received data is "backspace"
jne notback2	
call back2	;call back2 procedure and clear the lower half of
	;the screen
jmp endback2	
notback2:	;if it is not
mov ah,02	;display the character in the lower half
mov dl,al	
int 21h	
cmp in_row,24	;if it reaches to the end of the 25th column
jne normal2	
cmp al,0Dh	;and the received data is enter
je enter2	
cmp in_col,78	
jne normal2	
enter2:	
mov dx,184fh	;clear the lower half
call clear2	
mov dl,2	;set cursor to the initial condition in the lower
	;half
mov dh,14	
call set_cursor	
normal2:	
call get_cursor	;update the cursor variables
mov in_row,dh	
mov in_col,dl	
endback2:	
jmp wait_key	;wait for a next key stroke
	;enable interrupts before quitting

```
    mov dx,INTA1                ;enable 8259
    in al,dx
    and al,11101111b
    out dx,al

    mov dx,LCR
    in al,dx
    and al,01111111b           ;Dlab=0
    out dx,al

    mov dx,IER
    in al,dx
    or al,00000001b           ;Interrupt enabled on IER
    out dx,al

    mov dx,MCR
    in al,dx
    or al,00001000b           ;Interrupt enabled on modem
    out dx,al

    mov ah,4Ch
    int 21h

clear  proc                    ;clears the whole screen
    mov ax,0600h              ;before putting the frame
    mov bh,07                  ;after leaving and before entering the program
    mov cx,0
    int 10h
    ret
clear  endp

clear1 proc                    ;clears the upper part of the
    mov ax,0600h              ;screen reserved for the user
    mov bh,07                  ;does not touch the frame
    mov cx,0100h
    int 10h
    ret
clear1 endp
```

```
clear2 proc                                ;clears the lower part of the
    mov ax,0600h                          ;screen reserved for the user
    mov bh,07                             ;does not touch the frame
    mov cx,0E00h
    int 10h
    ret
clear2 endp

set_cursor proc                            ;sets cursor position
    mov ah,02                             ;DH will decide row
    mov bh,0                              ;DL will decide column
    int 10h
    ret
set_cursor endp

send proc                                 ;sends the data in al register
    mov ah,01                             ;through serial port COM1
    mov dx,00
    int 14h
    ret
send endp

get_cursor proc                           ;get current cursor position
    mov ah,03h                            ;DH has row
    mov bh,00                             ;DL has column
    int 10h
    ret
get_cursor endp

back proc                                ;if backspace is pressed

    cmp out_col,0                          ;if the cursor is not at the 0th column of a row
    jne samerow                            ;backspace will not cause change of the row
    cmp out_row,1                          ;the user is not allowed above the first row
    je skiprow                             ;so pressing backspace at 0th column of the first
                                           ;row
                                           ;does not cause anything
```

mov out_col,79	;if row has to change, the column will be the
	;end column
sub out_row,1	;and we will go up one row
mov dl,out_col	;dl will have the new column number
mov dh,out_row	;dh will have the new row number
call set_cursor	;for the set_Cursor procedure to apply ;the
	;backspacing
mov ah,02	;displaying 'blank' instead of the character which
mov dl,0	;is to be cleared, however ah=02h int 21h moves
int 21h	;the cursor to the next position
mov dl,out_col	;column number and
mov dh,out_row	;row number is used to put the cursor back
call set_cursor	;again using the procedure set_cursor
samerow:	
sub out_col,1	;if only the column number needs to be changed
mov dl,out_col	;column number is decreased and loaded into dl
mov dh,out_row	;row number is also loaded into dh for
call set_cursor	;for the procedure set_cursor
mov ah,02	;displaying 'blank' instead of the character which
mov dl,0	;is to be cleared, however ah=02h int 21h moves
int 21h	; the cursor to the next position
mov dl,out_col	;column number and
mov dh,out_row	;row number are used to put the cursor back
call set_cursor	;again using the procedure set_cursor
skiprow:	;if no change is needed jumps here
ret	
back endp	
entered proc	
mov ah,02h	;enter is applied
mov dl,0Dh	

```
int 21h

    mov dl,0Ah                ;line feed
    int 21h
    ret
entered    endp

back2      proc                ;works like the procedure back
                                ;except for the info that is received

    cmp in_col,0
    jne samerow2
    cmp in_row,14
    je skiprow2
    mov in_col,79
    sub in_row,1

    mov dl,in_col              ;col
    mov dh,in_row              ;row
    call set_cursor

    mov ah,02
    mov dl,0
    int 21h

    mov dl,in_col              ;col
    mov dh,in_row              ;row
    call set_cursor

samerow2:
    sub in_col,1
    mov dl,in_col              ;col
    mov dh,in_row              ;row
    call set_cursor
    mov ah,02
    mov dl,0
```

```

int 21h

    mov dl,in_col           ;col
    mov dh,in_row          ;row
    call set_cursor
skiprow2:
    ret
back2      endp

escape proc                ;if esc is pressed enters the code

    mov dx,184fh           ;the screen is cleared to the end
    call clear
    mov dl,2               ;and the cursor is set to
    mov dh,1
    call set_cursor        ;second column of the first row

                                ;enable interrupts before quitting

    mov dx,INTA1           ;enable 8259
    in al,dx
    and al,11101111b
    out dx,al

    mov dx,LCR              ;Dlab=0
    in al,dx
    and al,01111111b
    out dx,al

    mov dx,IER
    in al,dx
    or al,00000001b        ;Interrupt enable on IER
    out dx,al

    mov dx,MCR
    in al,dx               ;Interrupt enabled on modem control

```

```
    or al,00001000b
    out dx,al

    mov dx,184fh           ;clear the previous notify message
    call clear

    mov ah,4Ch
    int 21h
    ret
escape endp

END Start
```

Following figure is a sample example, created by the code above.



Figure 2: Sample screen created by TALK.EXE

2.2.b Interrupt Service Routine Program

The basic of the flow of the code can be summarized as follows:

- The code will first initialize the serial port with the required specifications:
 - No parity
 - Two stop bits
 - Baud rate of 4800bps
 - 8 bit data
- The code will enable the interrupts on 8259, in order to be poked by the other computer.
- The code will wait for the start signal send by the program TALK.EXE, when the signal is found the string "TALK" will be displayed on the upper-right corner of the screen.

,

The code is:

```
.MODEL SMALL
```

```
.DATA
```

```
INTA0 EQU 20h
```

```
INTA1 EQU 21h
```

```
EOI EQU 64h
```

COM1BASE EQU 03F8h

LSR EQU COM1BASE+5

MCR EQU COM1BASE+4

THR EQU COM1BASE

RBR EQU COM1BASE

IER EQU COM1BASE+1

LCR EQU COM1BASE+3

.CODE

Start:

mov ax,@Data

mov ds,ax

; Zero ES

mov ax,0000h

mov es,ax

;Enable IR4 in 8259

mov dx,INTA1

in al,dx

and al,11101111b

out dx,al

;Initiate connection

mov dx,LCR

```
mov al,10000000b      ;DLAB=1 ==>Divisor latch activated
out dx,al

mov ax,24              ;Baud rate is set to be 1.8432Mbps/(16*24)=4800bps
mov dx,RBR
out dx,ax

mov dx,LCR
mov al,00000011b      ;No parity,1 stop bit,8 bit data
out dx,al              ;DLAB=0 ==>Divisor latch inactivated

mov dx,IER
in al,dx
or al,00000001b        ;Received data available interrupt enabled
out dx,al

mov dx,MCR
in al,dx
or al,00001000b        ;OUT2 in modem control is set to enable interrupt
out dx,al

mov ax,OFFSET HardInt  ;vector pointing for hardware interrupt
```

```
mov es:[4*12+0],ax      ;COM1 port invokes an interrupt
mov ax,cs               ;with vector number of 12   (4+8)
mov es:[4*12+2],ax
```

; Stay resident and terminate

```
mov ah,31h
mov dx,OFFSET Last
inc dx
int 21h
```

HardInt:

```
push ds
push ax
push dx
push bx
push cx
push es                ;necessary infos are saved for later use

mov ax,cs
mov ds,ax
```

```
mov ch,"k"                                ;show "Talk"at upper right corner
```

```
mov dx,0b800h
```

```
mov es,dx
```

```
mov es:[158],ch
```

```
mov ch,"l"
```

```
mov dx,0b800h
```

```
mov es,dx
```

```
mov es:[156],ch
```

```
mov ch,"a"
```

```
mov dx,0b800h
```

```
mov es,dx
```

```
mov es:[154],ch
```

```
mov ch,"T"
```

```
mov dx,0b800h
```

```
mov es,dx
```

```
mov es:[152],ch
```

```
mov dx,INTA0                               ;end of interrupt
```

```
mov al,EOI
```

out dx,al

pop es

pop cx

pop bx

pop dx

pop ax

pop ds

iret

Last:

END Start

The following figure shows a sample screen created by the “terminate and stay resident” program.

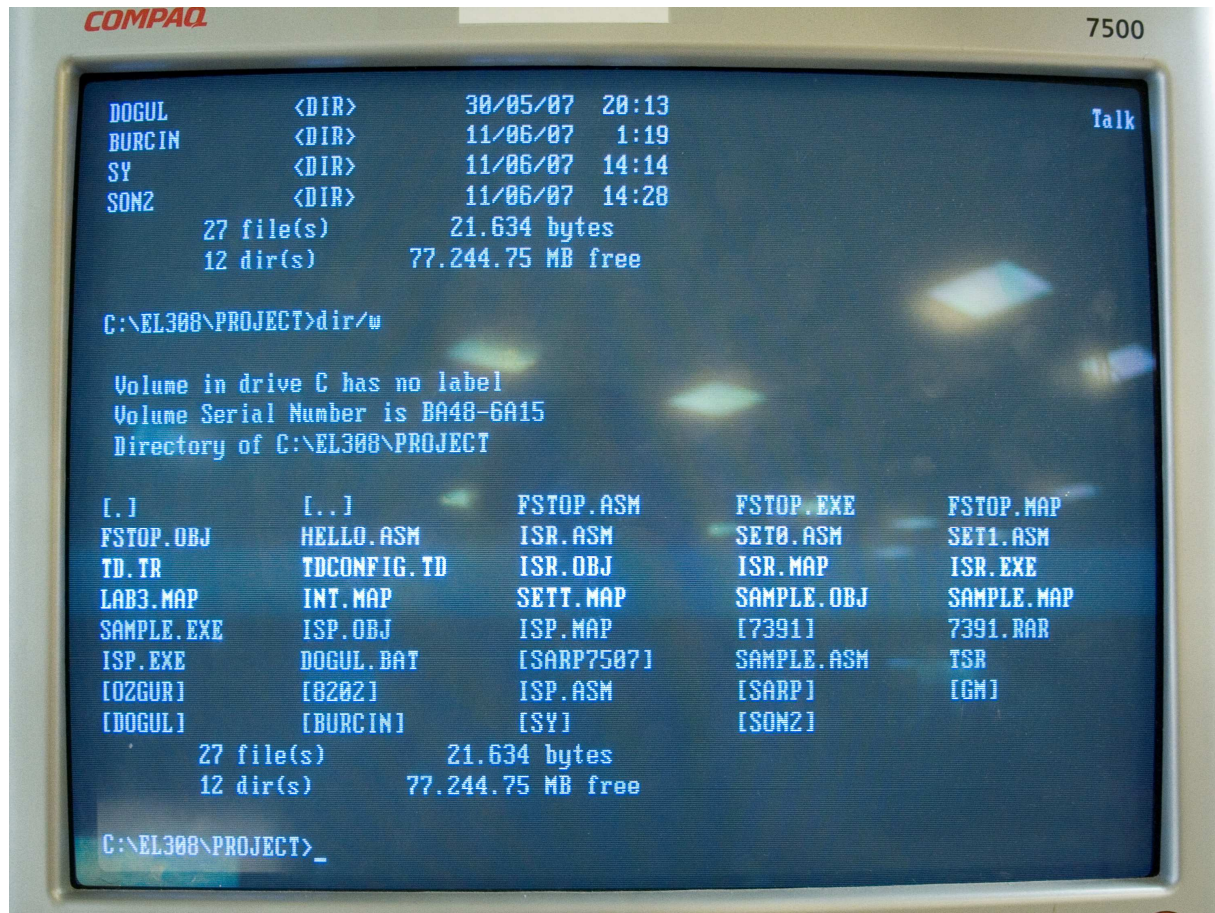


Figure 3: A sample screen created by TSR.EXE