yagna_kaasaragadda_deep_learning_assignment_4_problem1

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Transfer Learning:

Transfer learning is a technique used in deep learning by using the pretrained model for training on a new dataset instead of starting from scratch.

```
[]: import torch
import os
from PIL import Image
from torchvision import transforms
from torchvision.datasets import DatasetFolder
import cv2
import numpy as np
```

```
[]: from torchvision import transforms
     transform = transforms.Compose([
       transforms.Resize(256),
       transforms.CenterCrop(224),
       transforms.ToTensor(),
       transforms.Normalize(
           mean=[0.485, 0.456, 0.406],
           std=[0.229, 0.224, 0.225])])
     def load_image(img_path:str):
             np_img = cv2.imread(img_path) #CV2 to open and convert BMP mages into⊔
      \hookrightarrow NUMPY
             #np_img_gray = cv2.imread(img_path, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
             return Image.fromarray(np_img) #we need Image for the transforms tou
      ⇔work correctly
     dset = DatasetFolder(root='RowanDLclassNEA/NEUdata', loader = load_image,__
      →extensions = ('.bmp',), transform = transform)
```

TRAINING RESNET MODEL without Weights of IMAGENET

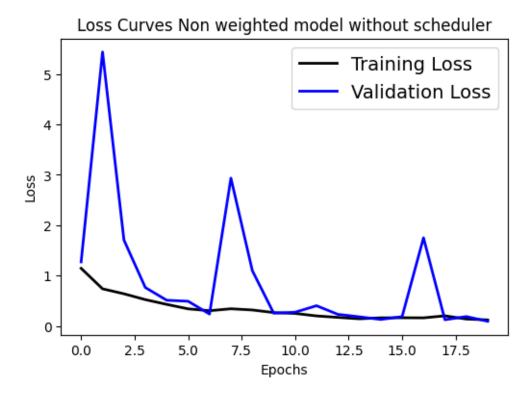
```
val_loss_hist_1 = []
for epoch in range(N_EPOCHS):
    # Training
    train_loss = 0.0
    no_weights_resnet.train() # <1>
    for inputs, labels in trainloader:
        inputs = inputs.to(device)
        labels = labels.to(device)
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        outputs = no_weights_resnet(inputs)
        loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        train_loss += loss.item()
    # Validation
    val_loss = 0.0
    no_weights_resnet.eval() # <2>
    for inputs, labels in valloader:
        inputs = inputs.to(device)
        labels = labels.to(device)
        outputs = no_weights_resnet(inputs)
        loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
        val_loss += loss.item()
    print("Epoch: {} Train Loss: {} Val Loss: {}".format(
                   train_loss/len(trainloader),
                   val_loss/len(valloader)))
    tr_loss_hist_1.append(train_loss/len(trainloader))
    val_loss_hist_1.append(val_loss/len(valloader))
Epoch: 0 Train Loss: 1.1450279867649078 Val Loss: 1.2718891815135354
```

```
Epoch: 10 Train Loss: 0.2493830555677414 Val Loss: 0.27357308497946514
    Epoch: 11 Train Loss: 0.19987160275379817 Val Loss: 0.402629581598663
    Epoch: 12 Train Loss: 0.17116413176059722 Val Loss: 0.23078455550498084
    Epoch: 13 Train Loss: 0.14316563231249652 Val Loss: 0.1819640198036244
    Epoch: 14 Train Loss: 0.16198318932205438 Val Loss: 0.12959248584842212
    Epoch: 15 Train Loss: 0.16376959941039482 Val Loss: 0.18539345215417838
    Epoch: 16 Train Loss: 0.1616867220401764 Val Loss: 1.7496556904363005
    Epoch: 17 Train Loss: 0.2017402907460928 Val Loss: 0.12423909559698873
    Epoch: 18 Train Loss: 0.13849182942261298 Val Loss: 0.1871733620554503
    Epoch: 19 Train Loss: 0.12074925287316243 Val Loss: 0.09341507108489934
[]: tset = DatasetFolder(root='RowanDLclassNEA/NEUdata_split/Test', loader = ___
      →load_image, extensions = ('.bmp',), transform = transform)
     testloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
                         tset,
                         batch_size=16,
                         shuffle=True)
     num_correct = 0.0
     for x_test_batch, y_test_batch in testloader:
         no_weights_resnet.eval()
         y_test_batch = y_test_batch.to(device)
         x_test_batch = x_test_batch.to(device)
         y_pred_batch = no_weights_resnet(x_test_batch)
         _, predicted = torch.max(y_pred_batch, 1)
         num_correct += (predicted == y_test_batch).float().sum()
     accuracy_1 = num_correct/(len(testloader)*testloader.batch_size)
     print("Test Accuracy of non weighted Resnet: {}".format(accuracy_1))
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     # Plotting the loss curve
     plt.figure(figsize=[6,4])
     plt.plot(tr_loss_hist_1, 'black', linewidth=2.0)
     plt.plot(val_loss_hist_1, 'blue', linewidth=2.0)
     plt.legend(['Training Loss', 'Validation Loss'], fontsize=14)
     plt.xlabel('Epochs', fontsize=10)
     plt.ylabel('Loss', fontsize=10)
```

```
plt.title('Loss Curves Non weighted model without scheduler', fontsize=12)
```

Test Accuracy of non weighted Resnet: 0.9270833730697632

[]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Loss Curves Non weighted model without scheduler')



```
for epoch in range(N_EPOCHS):
    # Training
    train_loss = 0.0
    no_weights_resnet.train() # <1>
    for inputs, labels in trainloader:
        inputs = inputs.to(device)
        labels = labels.to(device)
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        outputs = no_weights_resnet_scheduler(inputs)
        loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        scheduler.step()
        train_loss += loss.item()
    # Validation
    val loss = 0.0
    no_weights_resnet_scheduler.eval() # <2>
    for inputs, labels in valloader:
        inputs = inputs.to(device)
        labels = labels.to(device)
        outputs = no_weights_resnet_scheduler(inputs)
        loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
        val_loss += loss.item()
    print("Epoch: {} Train Loss: {} Val Loss: {}".format(
                   train_loss/len(trainloader),
                   val_loss/len(valloader)))
    tr_loss_hist_3.append(train_loss/len(trainloader))
    val_loss_hist_3.append(val_loss/len(valloader))
Epoch: 0 Train Loss: 0.09012710683047771 Val Loss: 0.08948544912824505
Epoch: 1 Train Loss: 0.07459103158985575 Val Loss: 0.08601135078405557
Epoch: 2 Train Loss: 0.07867303734024365 Val Loss: 0.062315873740437
```

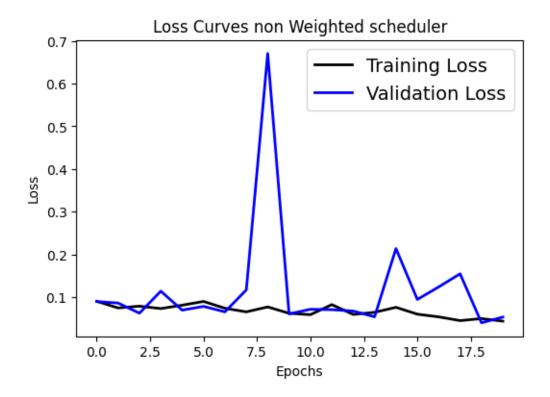
```
Epoch: 0 Train Loss: 0.09012710083047771 Val Loss: 0.08946344912824303 Epoch: 1 Train Loss: 0.07459103158985575 Val Loss: 0.08601135078405557 Epoch: 2 Train Loss: 0.07867303734024365 Val Loss: 0.062315873740437 Epoch: 3 Train Loss: 0.0730819141678512 Val Loss: 0.113883566050055 Epoch: 4 Train Loss: 0.08103152529646952 Val Loss: 0.0693984224865409 Epoch: 5 Train Loss: 0.08973647153005004 Val Loss: 0.07817137677614626 Epoch: 6 Train Loss: 0.07378084929970403 Val Loss: 0.06537758820003976 Epoch: 7 Train Loss: 0.06534526179234187 Val Loss: 0.11696336175756235 Epoch: 8 Train Loss: 0.07691852075668673 Val Loss: 0.6706761132533613 Epoch: 9 Train Loss: 0.06203098317918678 Val Loss: 0.060554547388547736
```

```
Epoch: 10 Train Loss: 0.05880419522834321 Val Loss: 0.07144632312089302
    Epoch: 11 Train Loss: 0.08232608660434683 Val Loss: 0.07050191935789037
    Epoch: 12 Train Loss: 0.05929422864690423 Val Loss: 0.06726676460637368
    Epoch: 13 Train Loss: 0.06430536095363398 Val Loss: 0.05377845867463436
    Epoch: 14 Train Loss: 0.07602392934883634 Val Loss: 0.21376114220076584
    Epoch: 15 Train Loss: 0.059928310252726075 Val Loss: 0.09448349747904822
    Epoch: 16 Train Loss: 0.053606167131414015 Val Loss: 0.12373773405622494
    Epoch: 17 Train Loss: 0.044881873767202096 Val Loss: 0.15454503212516246
    Epoch: 18 Train Loss: 0.0496141190888981 Val Loss: 0.03976297178029965
    Epoch: 19 Train Loss: 0.04363506817414115 Val Loss: 0.05308745230401033
[]: num_correct = 0.0
     for x_test_batch, y_test_batch in testloader:
        no_weights_resnet_scheduler.eval()
        y_test_batch = y_test_batch.to(device)
        x_test_batch = x_test_batch.to(device)
        y_pred_batch = no_weights_resnet_scheduler(x_test_batch)
        _, predicted = torch.max(y_pred_batch, 1)
        num correct += (predicted == y test batch).float().sum()
     accuracy_3 = num_correct/(len(testloader)*testloader.batch_size)
     print("Test Accuracy of non weighted resnet with scheduler: {}".

¬format(accuracy_3))
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     # Plotting the loss curve
     plt.figure(figsize=[6,4])
     plt.plot(tr_loss_hist_3, 'black', linewidth=2.0)
     plt.plot(val_loss_hist_3, 'blue', linewidth=2.0)
     plt.legend(['Training Loss', 'Validation Loss'], fontsize=14)
     plt.xlabel('Epochs', fontsize=10)
     plt.ylabel('Loss', fontsize=10)
     plt.title('Loss Curves non Weighted scheduler', fontsize=12)
```

Test Accuracy of non weighted resnet with scheduler: 0.9322916865348816

[]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Loss Curves non Weighted scheduler')



```
[]: from torch import optim
     from torch import nn
     import torch.optim.lr_scheduler as lr_scheduler
     criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
     device = "cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu"
     weights_resnet = weights_resnet.to(device)
     optimizer = optim.SGD(weights_resnet.parameters(),
                           lr=0.001,
                           momentum=0.9)
     scheduler = lr_scheduler.LinearLR(optimizer, start_factor=1.0, end_factor=0.25,_
      ⇔total_iters=10)
     N_EPOCHS = 20
     tr_loss_hist_2 = []
     val_loss_hist_2 = []
     for epoch in range(N_EPOCHS):
         # Training
         train_loss = 0.0
```

```
weights_resnet.train() # <1>
for inputs, labels in trainloader:
    inputs = inputs.to(device)
    labels = labels.to(device)
    optimizer.zero_grad()
    outputs = weights_resnet(inputs)
    loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
    loss.backward()
    optimizer.step()
    scheduler.step()
    train_loss += loss.item()
# Validation
val_loss = 0.0
weights_resnet.eval() # <2>
for inputs, labels in valloader:
    inputs = inputs.to(device)
    labels = labels.to(device)
    outputs = weights_resnet(inputs)
    loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
    val_loss += loss.item()
print("Epoch: {} Train Loss: {} Val Loss: {}".format(
              epoch,
              train_loss/len(trainloader),
              val_loss/len(valloader)))
tr_loss_hist_2.append(train_loss/len(trainloader))
val_loss_hist_2.append(val_loss/len(valloader))
```

```
Epoch: 0 Train Loss: 0.9141104662418366 Val Loss: 0.2694621674324337

Epoch: 1 Train Loss: 0.2775623233119647 Val Loss: 0.12261670033790563

Epoch: 2 Train Loss: 0.1720369727909565 Val Loss: 0.07192007437544434

Epoch: 3 Train Loss: 0.12107513311008612 Val Loss: 0.043498319132547626

Epoch: 4 Train Loss: 0.0874715423087279 Val Loss: 0.03595669393574721

Epoch: 5 Train Loss: 0.061345686527589954 Val Loss: 0.02889556258818821

Epoch: 6 Train Loss: 0.06083359488596519 Val Loss: 0.02828169111652594

Epoch: 7 Train Loss: 0.04648646489406626 Val Loss: 0.020105291807435845

Epoch: 8 Train Loss: 0.04827002794171373 Val Loss: 0.027458066182014972

Epoch: 9 Train Loss: 0.033531837649643424 Val Loss: 0.015414760129428223

Epoch: 10 Train Loss: 0.04881436980329454 Val Loss: 0.015582965294781485

Epoch: 11 Train Loss: 0.03962558256462216 Val Loss: 0.012736092318511126

Epoch: 13 Train Loss: 0.026289602754016716 Val Loss: 0.01133230513598966
```

```
Epoch: 14 Train Loss: 0.02570605160978933 Val Loss: 0.012006353501132444
    Epoch: 15 Train Loss: 0.024784315079450607 Val Loss: 0.010936209077236095
    Epoch: 16 Train Loss: 0.0166550086128215 Val Loss: 0.011110659596804334
    Epoch: 17 Train Loss: 0.0209674815988789 Val Loss: 0.01054140578152759
    Epoch: 18 Train Loss: 0.013900610599666834 Val Loss: 0.009714781588531639
    Epoch: 19 Train Loss: 0.019143979735672473 Val Loss: 0.008002031946824374
[]: num_correct = 0.0
     for x_test_batch, y_test_batch in testloader:
        weights_resnet.eval()
        y_test_batch = y_test_batch.to(device)
        x_test_batch = x_test_batch.to(device)
        y_pred_batch = weights_resnet(x_test_batch)
        _, predicted = torch.max(y_pred_batch, 1)
        num_correct += (predicted == y_test_batch).float().sum()
     accuracy_2 = num_correct/(len(testloader)*testloader.batch_size)
     print("Test Accuracy of weighted resnet: {}".format(accuracy_2))
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     # Plotting the loss curve
     plt.figure(figsize=[6,4])
     plt.plot(tr_loss_hist_2, 'black', linewidth=2.0)
     plt.plot(val_loss_hist_2, 'blue', linewidth=2.0)
     plt.legend(['Training Loss', 'Validation Loss'], fontsize=14)
     plt.xlabel('Epochs', fontsize=10)
     plt.ylabel('Loss', fontsize=10)
    plt.title('Loss Curves Weighted model', fontsize=12)
```

Test Accuracy of weighted resnet: 0.9375

[]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Loss Curves Weighted model')

