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Assignment 4

AKKASANI YAGNESH REDDY cs21btech11003

Question:Show that

We showed that R.H.S is the same as L.H.S,

$$\Pr(A) = \Pr(A|X \le x) F(x) + \Pr(A|X > x) [1 - F(x)] \qquad \Pr(Y = 1) = \Pr(Y = 1)$$

$$(13)$$

$$\therefore \mathbf{proved}.$$

Solution:Lets define a random variable Y such that,

Variable	Value	description
Y	1	If event A happens
Y	0	If event A does not happen

Now lets take the given equation R.H.S.

$$\Pr(A|X \le x) F(x) + \Pr(A|X > x) [1 - F(x)]$$
(2)
$$\Rightarrow \Pr(Y = 1|X \le x) F(x) + \Pr(Y = 1|X > x) [1 - F(x)]$$
(3)

By the definition of conditional probability.

$$\Pr(Y = 1 | X \le x) = \frac{\Pr((Y = 1)(X \le x))}{\Pr(X \le x)}$$
 (4)

$$\Pr(Y = 1|X > x) = \frac{\Pr((Y = 1)(X > x))}{\Pr(X > x)} \quad (5)$$

Also by the definition of cumulative probability,

$$\Pr\left(X \le x\right) = F(x) \tag{6}$$

By the definition of probability,

$$\Pr\left(X \le x\right) + \Pr\left(X > x\right) = 1 \tag{7}$$

Substituting 7 in 6 we get,

$$F(x) + \Pr(X > x) = 1 \tag{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Pr(X > x) = 1 - F(x) \tag{9}$$

Substituting equations 4, 5, 6 and 9 in 3 we get,

$$\frac{\Pr((Y=1)(X \le x))}{F(x)} F(x) + \frac{\Pr((Y=1)(X > x))}{(1 - F(x))} [1 - F(x)]$$

$$\Rightarrow \Pr((Y=1)(X \le x)) + \Pr((Y=1)(X > x))$$
(11)
$$\Rightarrow \Pr(Y=1)$$
(12)