

A background of binary code (0s and 1s) in blue and white, arranged in a grid pattern.

# Analysis of Mineral Ores

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EDA project

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# Outline:

- Reading dataset into data frames
- Querying database using SQL statements within python
- Plotting graphs

# Data Structures

```
dataset = pd.read_csv("mineral_dataset.csv", sep=',', usecols=[0,1,2,4,8,20])
dataset= dataset.dropna()
dataset.head()
```

	site_name	latitude	longitude	country	commod1	hrock_type
0	Lookout Prospect	55.05612	-132.14344	United States	Copper	Schist
1	Lucky Find Prospect	55.52751	-132.68514	United States	Copper	Diabase
2	Mccullough Prospect	55.97751	-132.99906	United States	Copper	Siltstone
3	Lucky Jim Claim	55.52195	-132.68653	United States	Gold	Granite
4	Matilda Occurrence	55.14556	-132.05233	United States	Gold	Mica Schist

```
dataset.shape
```

```
(64307, 6)
```

```
dataset.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 64307 entries, 0 to 304341
Data columns (total 6 columns):
site_name    64307 non-null object
latitude     64307 non-null float64
longitude    64307 non-null float64
country      64307 non-null object
commod1      64307 non-null object
hrock_type   64307 non-null object
dtypes: float64(2), object(4)
memory usage: 3.4+ MB
```

# Data Structures

```
from sqlalchemy import create_engine
engine = create_engine('sqlite:///top10_rocktype_v3.db', echo=False)

rocktype = {key: int(value) for key, value in
            engine.execute("SELECT hrock_type, Size FROM hrock_type \
                           ORDER BY Size DESC LIMIT 7").fetchall()}

rocktype
```

```
{'Limestone': 6423,
 'Andesite': 3184,
 'Gravel': 3105,
 'Diorite': 3101,
 'Granite': 2669,
 'Gneiss': 2514,
 'Sandstone': 2321}
```

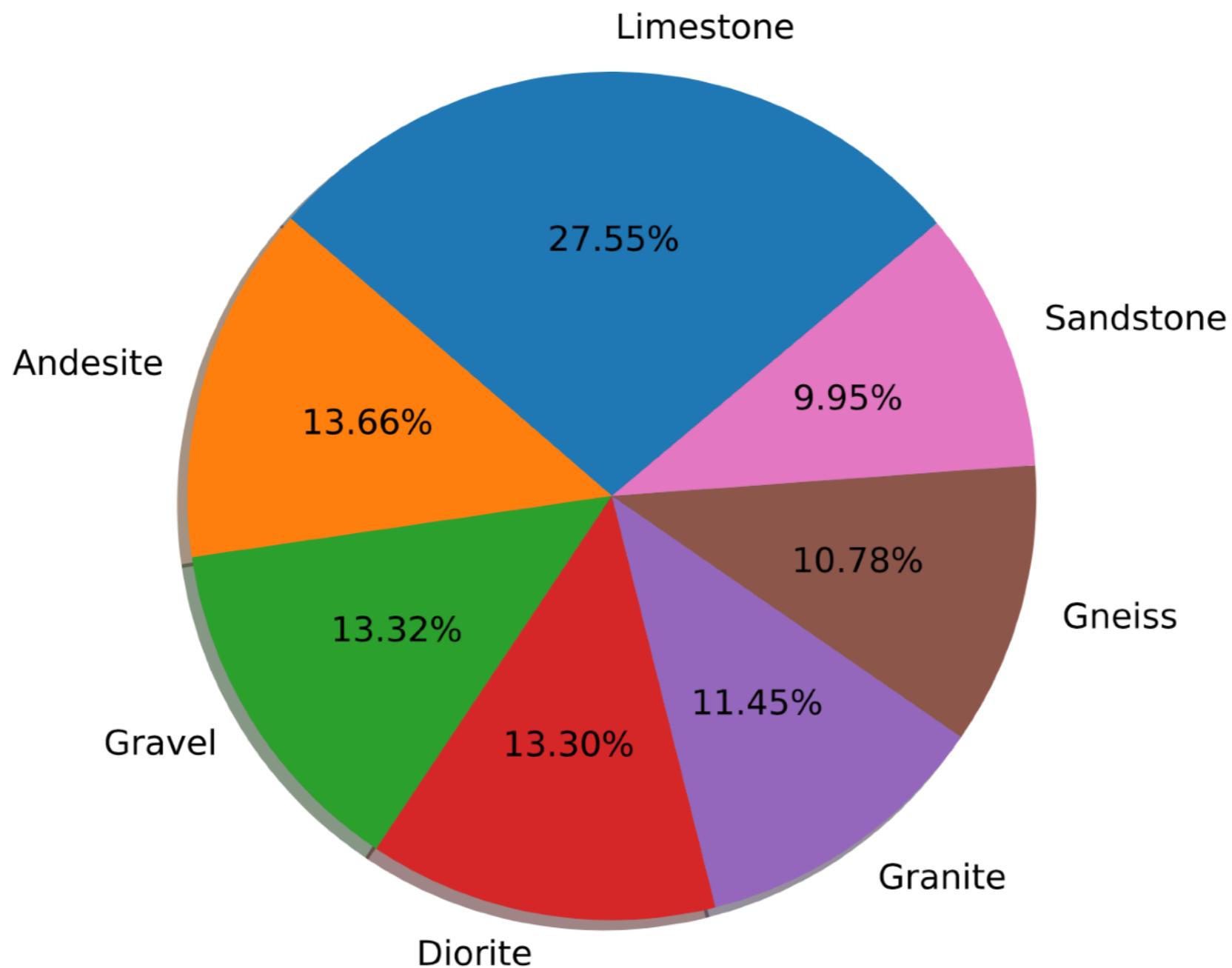
```
rck = ['Limestone', 'Andesite', 'Gravel', 'Diorite']
countries = ["United States", "Mexico", "Peru", "Chile", "Argentina"]
newDF = pd.concat([rocktype_group.get_group(i) for i in rck])
```

```
rock_cnt = {i: {j: newDF[(newDF['country'] == j) & (newDF['hrock_type'] == i)].count()[-1] \
                  for j in countries} for i in rck}
[*rock_cnt.values()][0]
```

```
{'United States': 4680,
 'Mexico': 535,
 'Peru': 439,
 'Chile': 127,
 'Argentina': 58}
```

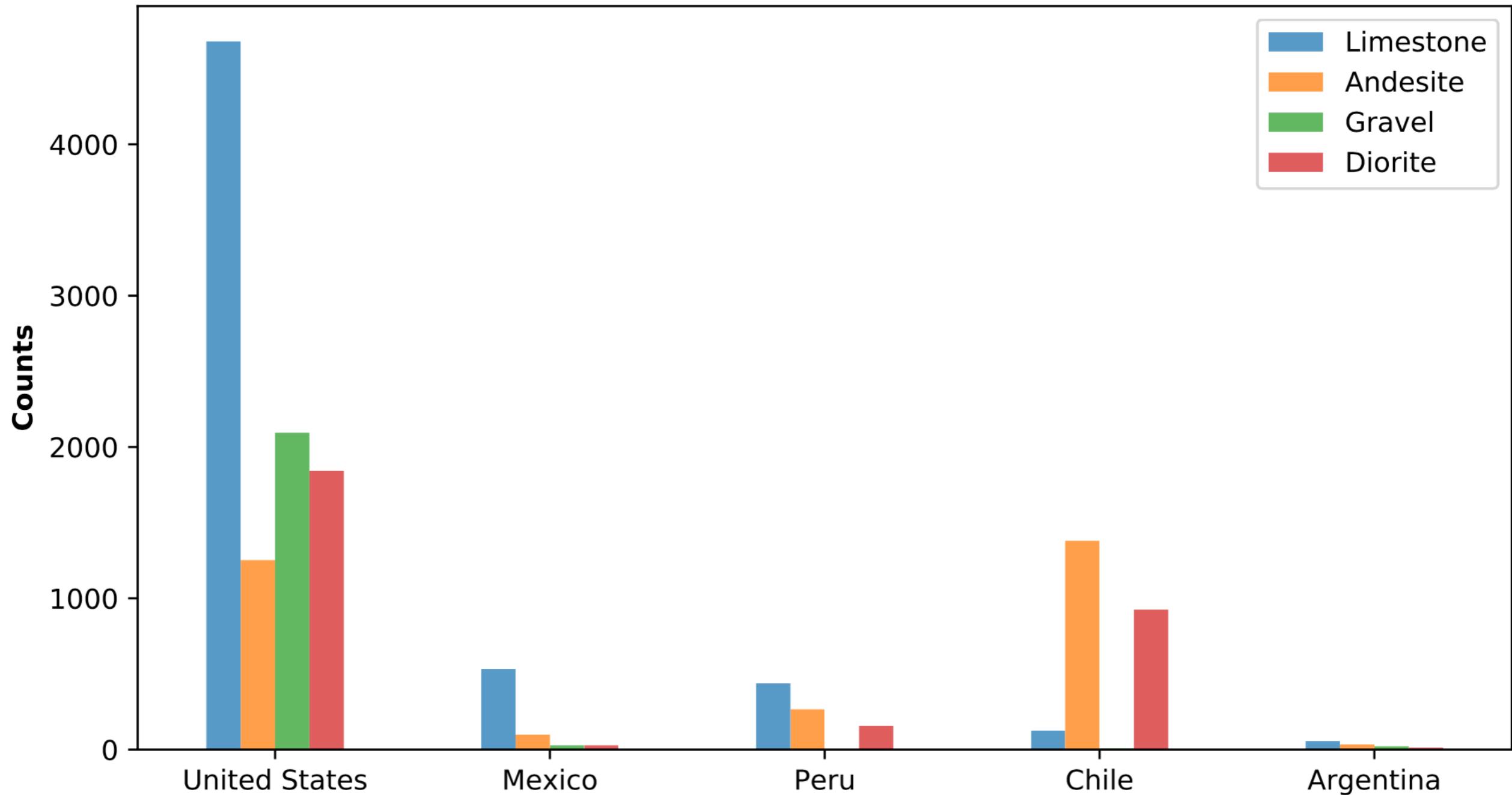
# Data Visualization

**The most common mineral ores found on Earth**



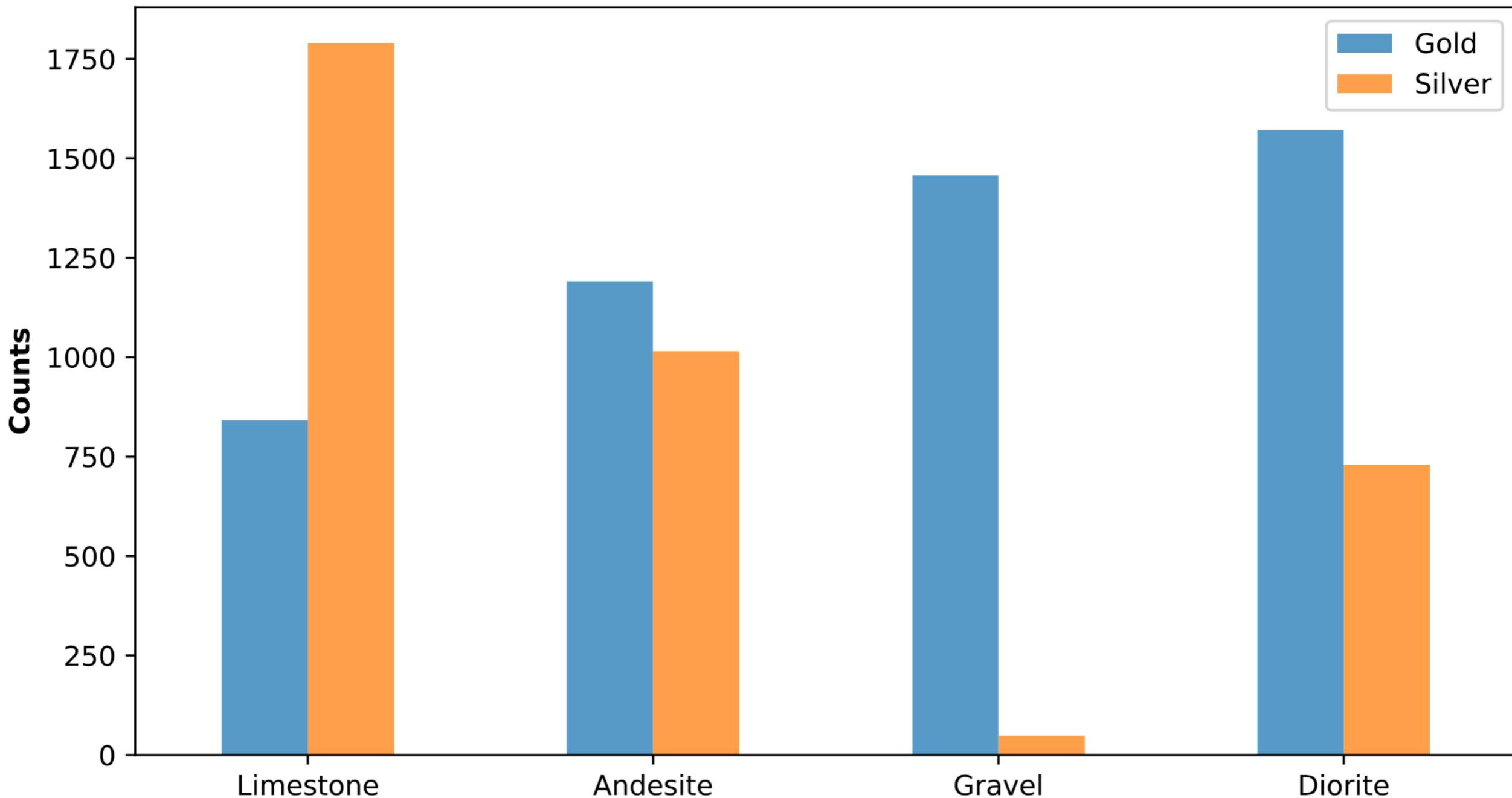
# Data Visualization

## Analysis of mineral ores in 5 major countries



# Data Visualization

## Analysis of gold and silver in mineral ores



# Thanks!

**Any Questions?**

