

Ex 1 : 20/21

1)  $2 \sim \mathcal{E}(1) \quad Y = 1_{[0,1]}(2)$

$$E(2/Y) = \underbrace{E(2/Y=0)}_{\downarrow} \underbrace{1_{(Y=0)}}_{1-Y} + \underbrace{E(2/Y=1)}_{\downarrow} \underbrace{1_{(Y=1)}}_Y$$

$$\frac{1}{P(Y=0)} E(1_{(Y=0)}^2) \quad \frac{1}{P(Y=1)} E(1_{(Y=1)}^2)$$

$$P(Y=1) = P(1 < 2 < 2) = F_2(2) - F_2(1)$$

$$= (1 - e^{-2}) - (1 - e^{-1})$$

$$= e^{-1} - e^{-2}$$

$$E(1_{(Y=1)}^2) = \int_0^{+\infty} E(H(z)) e^{-z} dz = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} 1_{[1,2]}(z) z e^{-z} \frac{1}{1} dz$$

$$= \int_1^2 z e^{-z} dz \left( \begin{array}{l} \text{non} \\ \text{partie} \end{array} \right)$$

$$E(1_{(Y=1)}^2) = \frac{1}{P}$$

$$\frac{1}{P(Y=0)} E(1_{(Y=0)}^2) E(1_{(Y=0)}^2) = \frac{1}{1 - (e^{-1} - e^{-2})} E(1_{(Y=0)}^2)$$

$$1_{(Y=1)} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{si } Y(\omega) = 1 \\ 0 & \text{si } Y(\omega) = 0 \end{cases} = Y$$

$$1_{A^c} = 1 - 1_A$$

$$Y = 1_{[1,2]}(2) = H(2) \quad \text{donc } Y \text{ est } \mathcal{F}(2) - \text{mesurable}$$

$$E(Y, 2) = Y$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 - E(1_A / 1_B) &= E(1_A / 1_B) - E(1_A / 1_B) + (1 - 1_B) \\
 &\downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \\
 &= E(1_A / B^c) (1 - 1_B) + E(1_A / B) 1_B \\
 &\downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \\
 &= \frac{1}{P(B^c)} E(1_B 1_A) (1 - 1_B) + \frac{1}{P(B)} E(1_A 1_B) 1_B \\
 &= P(A/B^c) (1 - 1_B) + P(A/B) 1_B
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 1_A / 1_B &= P(A/B^c) (1 - 1_B) + P(A/B) 1_B \\
 &= (P(A/B) - P(A/B^c)) 1_B + P(A/B^c)
 \end{aligned}$$

2-1  $E(|X_n|) < +\infty \quad \forall n \geq 1$

process  $\mathcal{F}_n^X = \sigma(X_1, \dots, X_n) \quad n \geq 1$

$Y_n$  et  $\mathcal{F}_n^X$  mesurable,  $\forall n \geq 1$  c'ad  $(Y_n)_{n \geq 1}$  st adapté à la filtration  $(\mathcal{F}_n^X)_{n \geq 1}$

$Z_n = Y_n + \text{cst}$  donc  $Z_n$  st adapté à la filtration  $(\mathcal{F}_n^X)_{n \geq 1}$

$|Y_n| \leq \sum_{k=1}^n |X_k| \Rightarrow E(|Y_n|) \leq \sum_{k=1}^n E(|X_k|)$

$\Rightarrow E(|Z_n|) \leq E(|Y_n|) + \sum_{k=1}^n |E(X_k)| < +\infty$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(Z_{n+1} - Z_n / \mathcal{F}_n^X) &= E(X_{n+1} - E(X_{n+1}) / \mathcal{F}_n^X) \\
 &= E(X_{n+1} / \mathcal{F}_n^X) - E(X_{n+1} / \mathcal{F}_n^X) \\
 &\downarrow \text{car } X_{n+1} \perp \mathcal{F}_n^X \\
 &= E(X_{n+1}) - E(X_{n+1}) = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2-2 \quad \bar{E}(X_n^2) < +\infty$$

$$T_n = Y_n^2 - \sum_{b=1}^n E(X_b^2) \quad \text{et} \quad \mathcal{F}_n^X \text{ - mesurable}$$

$$E(|T_n|) \leq E(Y_n^2) + \sum_{b=1}^n E(X_b^2)$$

$$Y_n^2 = \left( \sum_{b=1}^n X_b \right)^2 = \sum_{\substack{b=1, \dots, n \\ \ell=1, \dots, n}} X_b X_\ell \quad \Rightarrow E(Y_n^2) = \sum_{\substack{b=1, \dots, n \\ \ell=1, \dots, n}} E(X_b X_\ell) < +\infty$$

$$T_n \text{ est dans } \mathcal{L}^1(\mathbb{P})$$

$$T_{n+1} - T_n = Y_{n+1}^2 - Y_n^2 - E(X_{n+1}^2)$$

$$= (Y_n + X_{n+1})^2 - Y_n^2 - E(X_{n+1}^2)$$

$$= Y_n^2 + 2X_{n+1}Y_n + X_{n+1}^2 - Y_n^2 - E(X_{n+1}^2)$$

$$= 2X_{n+1}Y_n + X_{n+1}^2 - E(X_{n+1}^2)$$

$$E(T_{n+1} - T_n / \mathcal{F}_n^X) = 2E(X_{n+1}Y_n / \mathcal{F}_n^X) + E(X_{n+1}^2 / \mathcal{F}_n^X) - E(X_{n+1}^2) / \mathcal{F}_n^X$$

$$= 2Y_n E(X_{n+1} / \mathcal{F}_n^X) + E(X_{n+1}^2 / \mathcal{F}_n^X) - E(X_{n+1}^2)$$

$Y_n \downarrow$   
 $\mathcal{F}_n^X$  - mesurable

$$= 2Y_n E(X_{n+1}) + E(X_{n+1}^2) - E(X_{n+1}^2)$$

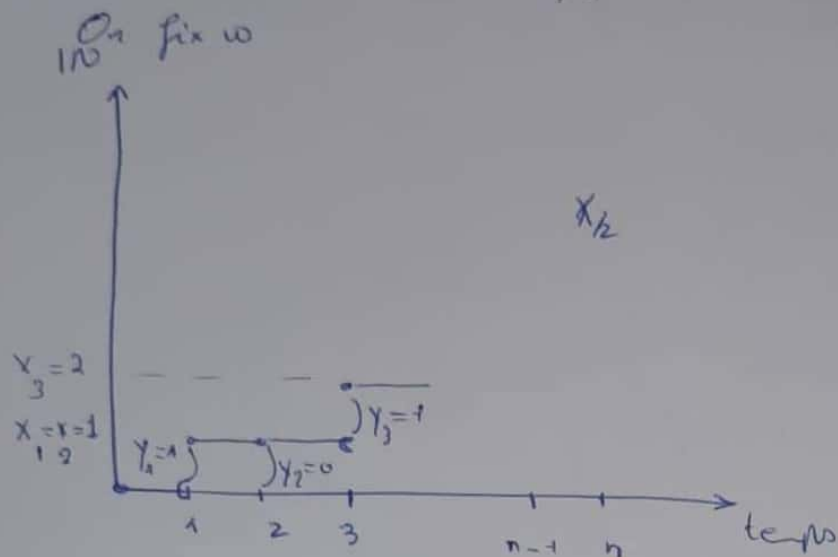
$$\begin{aligned} X_{n+1} &\perp \mathcal{F}_n^X \\ X_{n+1}^2 &\perp \mathcal{F}_n^X \end{aligned}$$

$$= 0$$

Exercice 2: (20-21)

$$(Y_n)_{n \geq 1} \text{ i.i.d. } \sim \beta^2 u(p)$$

$$X_0 = 0 \quad X_n = Y_1 + \dots + Y_n \quad n \geq 1$$



$$1) \quad \mathbb{P}_q \quad X_n \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow +\infty]{} +\infty \quad \text{P.p.s.}$$

$$\frac{X_n}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n Y_k = \bar{Y}_n \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow +\infty]{} \underbrace{E(Y_1)}_P \quad \text{P.p.s. (L.F.G.N)}$$

$$\tilde{\Omega} = \left\{ \omega \in \Omega \mid \frac{X_n(\omega)}{n} \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow +\infty]{} P \right\}$$

$$P(\tilde{\Omega}) = 1$$

$$\text{soit } \omega \in \tilde{\Omega} \quad \frac{X_n(\omega)}{n} \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow +\infty]{} P \quad \Rightarrow \quad X_n(\omega) \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow +\infty]{} +\infty$$

$$\text{càd } X_n \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow +\infty]{} +\infty \quad \text{sur } \tilde{\Omega} \quad P(\tilde{\Omega}) = 1$$

$$\text{D'aut } X_n \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow +\infty]{} +\infty \quad \text{P.p.s.}$$

$$2) \quad y \in \mathbb{N}^* \quad T_y = \inf \{ n \geq 1 \mid X_n = y \}$$

$$\text{Posons } \mathcal{F}_n^Y = \sigma(Y_1, \dots, Y_n) \quad n \geq 1 \quad \mathcal{F}_0^Y = \{\emptyset, \Omega\}$$

$$X_n \text{ et } \mathcal{F}_n^Y \text{ - mesurable } \Rightarrow (X_n)_{n \geq 0} \text{ est adapté à la filtration}$$

$A = \{y\} \in \beta(12)$  est complétement d'un ouvert

$$A = \{y\} \in \beta(\mathbb{R}) \quad \text{st. um. durch}$$

$$T_y = \cup \{ \{x_n \in A\} \mid n \geq 1 \} \quad \text{st. um. T. a.} \quad \neq (\sqrt[n]{n})_{n \geq 0}$$

car  $(X_n)_{n \geq 0}$  est adapté à la filtration

$$(\overline{1}_{\mathcal{Y}=\mathcal{N}}) = (x_1 \neq y; x_2 \neq y; \dots; x_{n-1} \neq y; x_n = 0) \in \mathcal{Y}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \left( A^c x \dots x A^c x A \right) \left. \vphantom{\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix}^{-1}} \right\} \in \mathcal{F}_n^y$$

$$\frac{2}{T} \mid b \mid P(T_y < +\infty) = 1 \quad ?$$

$$\tilde{z} = \left\{ \omega \in \mathbb{R} / X_n(\omega) \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow +\infty} +\infty \right\}$$

$$f \in L^2(\mathbb{R}^n) \Rightarrow f \in L^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

$$A = y > 0$$

$$= \sup T_y(\omega) < +\infty, \quad \text{and} \quad T_y < +\infty \text{ sur } \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$P(\tilde{z}) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow P(T_y < +\infty) = 1$$

3)  $|X_n| \leq n \Rightarrow E(|X_n|) < \infty$

$X_n$  et  $\mathcal{F}_n^Y$  - mesurable

$E(\Pi_{n+1} - \Pi_n / \mathcal{F}_n^Y)$

$= E(Y_{n+1} - p / \mathcal{F}_n^Y)$

$= E(\underbrace{Y_{n+1}}_{E(Y_{n+1}) = p} / \mathcal{F}_n^Y) - p = 0$

$\Rightarrow (\Pi_n)_{n \geq 0}$  st we martingale

$\% (\mathcal{F}_n^Y)_{n \geq 0}$

$\Rightarrow (\Pi_n^T)_{n \geq 0}$  " "

$\Pi_n^T = \Pi_{n \wedge T} = X_{n \wedge T} - (n \wedge T)p$

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$

$\Pi_T \quad \downarrow \quad p.p.s$