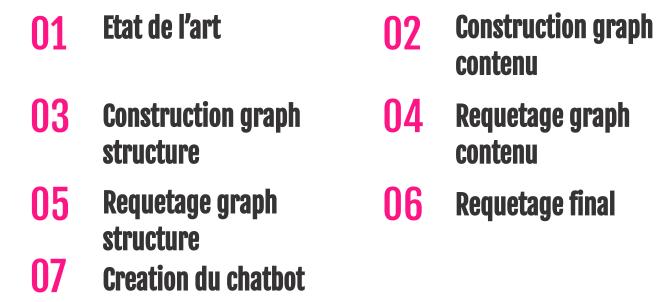
PROJET KG-Enabled DevOps RAG chatbot

Maziz Yassine Yaici Walid

Table of contents



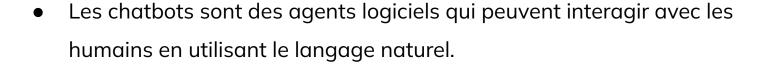




01 Etat de l'art

Chatbot integration in few patterns

 Ce document traite de l'intégration des chatbots dans divers systèmes logiciels





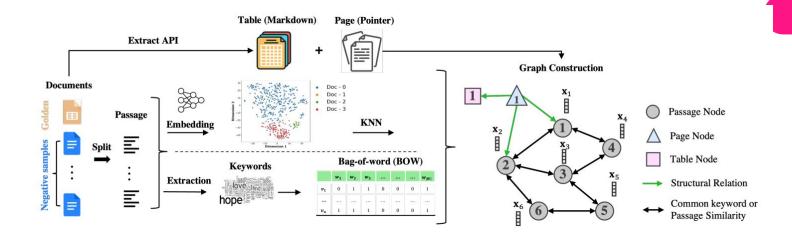


Chatbot integration in few patterns

- IN-APP Assistant: chatbot qui réside dans une application existante, telle qu'un site web ou une application de bureau
- Agent GUI: Intégration dans les interfaces utilisateur graphiques (GUI)
 en rendant des widgets indépendants ou des composants UI qui ont
 leur propre logique d'application
- API caller: Interagit avec d'autres systèmes logiciels par l'intermédiaire de leurs API. Il peut faire appel à ces API pour effectuer des tâches spécifiques ou récupérer des informations.



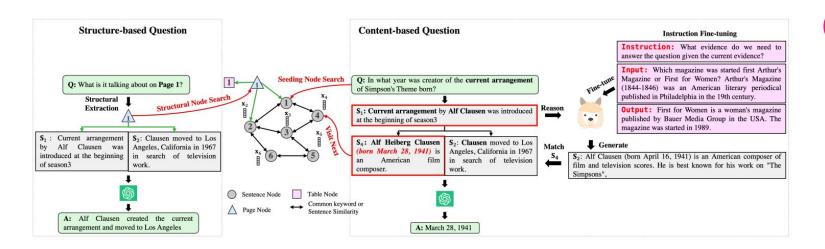
- Ce document traite d'une méthode appelée Knowledge Graph Prompting (KGP) pour la réponse aux questions multi-documents (MD-QA).
- Dans le module de construction de graphe, les nœuds du graphe représentent des passages ou des structures de documents, et les arêtes représentent la similitude sémantique/lexicale.
- Le graphe sert de règle globale qui régule l'espace de transition entre les passages et réduit la latence de la recherche.





- Dans le module de parcours de graphe, Un LLM est utilisé pour le parcours afin de rassembler l'ensemble des noeuds nécessaires pour répondre à la question.
- Un LLM est entraîné à générer la réponse suivante étant donnée le noeud courant.
- Le LLM est aussi responsable de générer la réponse finale basée sur l'ensemble des noeuds récoltés.







Exploring Large Language Models for Knowledge Graph Completion

- Le document explore l'utilisation de grands modèles de langage (LLM)
 pour compléter les graphes de connaissance.
- Différentes tâches pour compléter un graph:
 - La classification de triplets
 - La prediction de relations
 - La prediction de Entity link
- Un LLM est fine tune sur ces tâches la et ensuite utilisé pour compléter des graphs.



Documents Utilisés

- Utilisation de texte extrait à partir de Wikipedia (l'API WIKIPEDIA) sur le thème des films
- Création d'une liste de films, et extraction des pages Wikipedia pour chaque films



- Afin de construire un graph sur le contenu des documents extrait de wikipedia nous avons suivie la même approche que l'article [Knowledge Graph Prompting for Multi-Document Question Answering].
- Dans un premier temps on commence par diviser les document en chunk.



Etape 1: Extraction d'entités

- On parcours l'ensemble des chunks extraits
 - Pour chaque chunk on extraits les entités en utilisant spacy
 - On forme un dictionnaire qui contient pour chaque mot clé, les chunks qui le contiennent.
 - On forme un deuxième dictionnaire avec pour chaque titre de document, les chunks de ce dernier.



Etape 2: Script de requetes

```
def kw_graph_construct(file, d):
   with open(file, "w") as f:
       chunk2id = {}
       for i, chunk in enumerate(d['title_chunks']):
          _, chunk = chunk
          chunk sans guillemet = chunk
          if '"' in chunk:
              chunk sans guillemet = chunk.replace('"', '')
          f.write('MERGE (:Content {contenu:"' + chunk_sans_guillemet +
              "", id: '
                  + str(i) + '}):\n')
          chunk2id[chunk] = i
       for kw, chunks in d['kw2chunk'].items():
          for i in range(len(chunks)):
              for j in range(i+1, len(chunks)):
                  f.write("MATCH (node1:Content), (node2:Content)\n")
                  f.write("WHERE node1.id = "+str(chunk2id[chunks[i]])+"
                     AND node2.id = "+str(chunk2id[chunks[j]])+"\n")
                  f.write('MERGE (node1)-[:has_commun_entity{entity:"'+kw
                     +'"}]-(node2):\n')
       for kw, chunks in d['title2chunk'].items():
          for i in range(len(chunks)):
              for j in range(i+1, len(chunks)):
                  f.write("MATCH (node1:Content), (node2:Content)\n")
                  f.write("WHERE node1.id = "+str(chunk2id[chunks[i]])+"
                     AND node2.id = "+str(chunk2id[chunks[j]])+"\n")
                  f.write('MERGE (node1)-[:has_commun_title{title:"'+kw+'
                     "}]-(node2);\n')
```

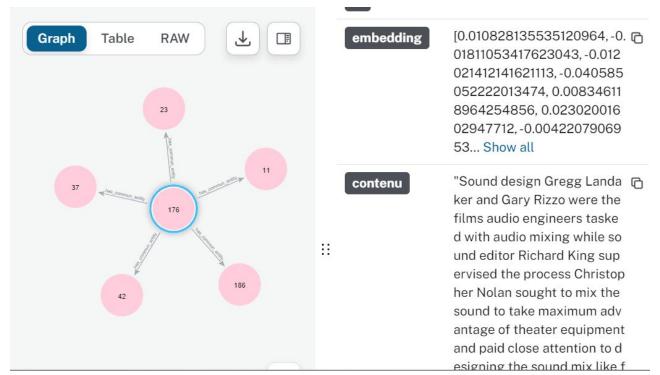


Etape 3: Execution du script

```
path = './script.txt'
uri = ""
user = ""
password = ""
driver = GraphDatabase.driver(uri, auth=(user, password))
with driver.session() as session:
   with open(path, "r") as file:
      contenu = file.read()
      requetes = contenu.split('\n')
      for i in tqdm(range(len(requetes))):
            session.run(requetes[i])
```



Exemple:







Construction graph structure

Extraction des entitées/relations

Construction du graphe





Extraction des entitées/relations

- (Movie title; Directed_by; Director)
- (Movie title; Written_by; Writer1)
- (Movie title; Written_by; Writer2)
- (Movie title; Written_by; WriterN)
- (Movie title; Produced_by; Producer person)
- (Movie title; Edited_by; Editor)
- (Movie title; Production_company; company)
- (Movie title; Distributed_by; distributer)
- (Movie title; Release_date; date)
- (Movie title; Cast; Actor)



Extraction des entitées/relations



Extraction des entitées/relations

Le résultat se présente en format texte.

```
(Dune: Part Two; Directed by; Denis Villeneuve)
(Dune: Part Two; Written by; Jon Spaihts)
(Dune: Part Two; Produced_by; Legendary Pictures)
(Dune: Part Two; Edited by; Joe Walker)
(Dune: Part Two; Production company; Warner Bros. Pictures)
(Dune: Part Two; Distributed by; Warner Bros. Pictures)
(Dune: Part Two; Release date; 2024)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Timothée Chalamet)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Rebecca Ferguson)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Josh Brolin)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Stellan Skarsgård)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Dave Bautista)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Zendaya)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Charlotte Rampling)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Javier Bardem)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Austin Butler)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Florence Pugh)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Christopher Walken)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Léa Sevdoux)
(Dune: Part Two; Cast; Souheila Yacoub)
```



(Dune: Part Two; Directed_by; Denis Villeneuve)





Dune: Part Two

Directed_by





Dune: Part Two Directed_by

Movie Directed_by







Dune: Part Two

'Directed_by'

'Written_by'

'Produced b'

'Edited_by'

'Cast'





Denis Villeneuve



Movie

Directed_by Denis Villeneuve Dune: Part Two

'Edited_by'

Movie 'Production_company'

'Distributed_by'

Company



Dune: Part Two Directed_by Denis Villeneuve

Movie Date Date





```
session.run(
   "MERGE (m:Movie {title: $movie})"
   "MERGE (p:" + type_relation+ " {"+property_name+": $value})"
   "MERGE (m)<-[:%s]-(p)" % relation,
   movie=movie,
   value=value)</pre>
```



Company Date Movie Person

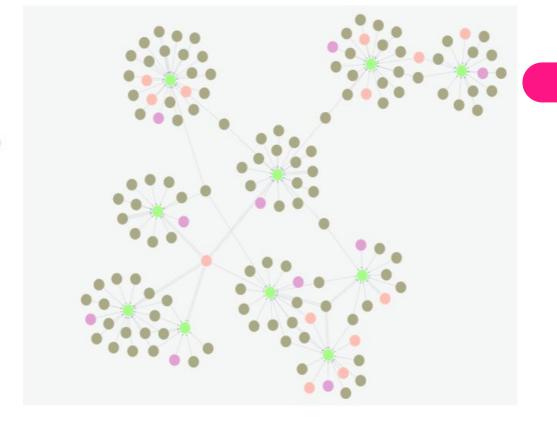
Relationships (173)

Cast Directed_by Distributed_by

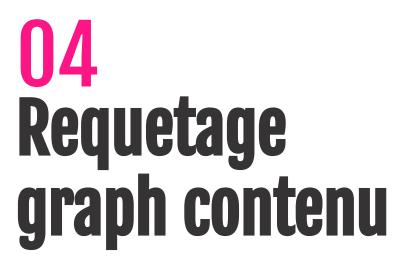
Edited_by Produced_by

Production_company Release_date

Written_by







- Nous avons imaginé une méthode qui se base sur la structure du graph pour récolter les informations nécessaire à une question et l'utilisation de LLM pour formuler une réponse à partir de ces informations
- Notre approche se divise en 3 étapes.



Etape 1: Creations des embeddings de noeuds

```
vector_index = Neo4jVector.from_existing_graph(
    OpenAIEmbeddings(),
    url=url,
    username=username,
    password=password,
    index_name='tasks',
    node_label="Content",
    text_node_properties=['contenu'],
    embedding_node_property='embedding',
)
```



Etape 2: Exploration du graph pour la r'écolte d'informations

```
def voisin_reponses(question, vector_index):
 response = vector_index.similarity_search(question)
 reponses = []
 for res in response:
     texte_recherche = res.page_content.split("contenu: ")[1]
     reponses.append(texte_recherche)
     cypher_query = f"MATCH (c:Content)-[:has_commun_entity]->(e:Content)
        WHERE c.contenu = '{texte_recherche}' RETURN DISTINCT e.contenu as
        contenu;"
     resultats = run_cypher_query(cypher_query)
     for record in resultats[:10]:
         reponses.append(record["contenu"])
 return list(set(reponses))
```



Etape 2: Utilisation du LLM pour générer la réponse

```
def reponse_question(question, vector_index, client):
 facts = voisin_reponses(question, vector_index)
 assistant = "here's a set of facts: " + str(facts)
 prompt_template = """
   give me an answer to this question based only on the set of facts: {}.
   Some fo these facts may not contain information necessary to the answer,
      you can ignore them.
   Dont add information from your knowledge, if you dont have the
      information in the set of facts dont add answer from your own.
   """.format(question)
 messages =
            {"role": "user", "content": prompt_template},
            {"role": "assistant", "content": assistant},
 response = client.chat.completions.create(
    model="gpt-3.5-turbo",
     messages=messages,
    temperature=0
 return response.choices[0].message.content
```



Exemple:

```
question = """who are the actors of hunger games. Also give some information about oppenheimer and interstellar
and dune and the greate gatsby and Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows Part 1.""
print(reponse_question(question, vector_index, client))
```



Requetage graph contenu

The actors of Hunger Games are Jennifer Lawrence, Josh Hutcherson, and Liam Hemsworth.

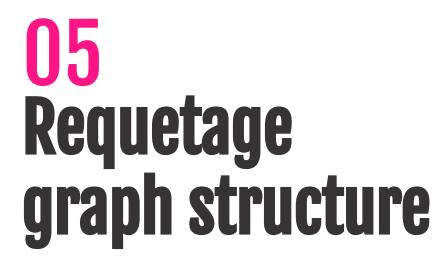
Oppenheimer is a 2023 epic biographical thriller film written, directed, and co-produced by Christopher Nolan, starring Cillian Murphy as J. Robert Oppenheimer. The film also features Emily Blunt, Matt Damon, Robert Downey Jr., and Florence Pugh among others. It explores the life of Oppenheimer, his work on the Manhattan Project, and his eventual fall from grace.

Interstellar is a 2014 epic science fiction film directed by Christopher Nolan, starring Matthew McConaughey, Anne Hathaway, Jessica Chastain, and Michael Caine. The film follows a group of astronauts who travel through a wormhole near Saturn in search of a new home for humanity.

Dune is a 2021 epic science fiction film directed by Denis Villeneuve, based on the 1965 novel by Frank Herbert. The film stars Timothee Chalamet, Zendaya, Rebecca Ferguson, and Josh Brolin. It follows Paul Atreides as he unites with the Fremen people of the desert planet Arrakis to wage war against House Harkonnen.

The Great Gatsby is a novel by F. Scott Fitzgerald, first published in 1925. It follows the story of Jay Gatsby, a wealthy and mysterious man, and his love for Daisy Buchanan, a married woman. The novel explores themes of wealth, love, and the American Dream.

Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows Part 1 is a 2010 fantasy film directed by David Yates, based on the novel by J.K. Rowling. It is the first part of the two-part film adaptation of the final Harry Potter book. The film stars Daniel Radcliffe, Emma Watson, and Rupert Grint.



- Cette partie consiste à tirer avantage du graphe de structure, pour extraire des information à fin que le llm puisse s'en servir pour répondre à la question
- Pour cela il faut passer par 3 étapes.
- Pour l'exemple prenons la question: "Tell me about Spiderman, and the cast of the film Far From Home"



Extraction de schéma

```
schema_visualisation = graph.query("call db.schema.visualization")
rel_properties = graph.query("call db.schema.relTypeProperties")
node_properties = graph.query("call db.schema.nodeTypeProperties")
```



• Génération de la requête Cypher répondant à la question



• Extraction de la requête Cypher répondant à la question



To respond to the question "tell me about Spiderman, and the cast of the film Far From Home" using Cypher Query, you can use the following query:

```
Cypher
MATCH (m:Movie)-[:Cast]->(p:Person)
WHERE m.title CONTAINS 'Spiderman' OR m.title CONTAINS 'Far From Home'
RETURN m.title AS Movie, COLLECT(p.name) AS Cast
```

This query will match all movies related to Spiderman or Far From Home and retrieve the movie title along with the cast members.



- Extraction de la requête Cypher répondant à la question grâce à une expression régulière, en gardant que ce qui est entre triple backticks
- Remplacement des "->", "<-" par des "-"

```
cypher
MATCH (m:Movie)-[:Cast]-(p:Person)
WHERE m.title CONTAINS 'Spiderman' OR m.title CONTAINS 'Far From Home'
RETURN m.title AS Movie, collect(p.name) AS Cast
```



• Résultat de la requête

['Movie': 'Spider-Man: Far From Home', 'Cast': ['Zendaya', 'Tom Holland', 'Samuel L. Jackson', 'Cobie Smulders', 'Jon Favreau', 'J. B. Smoove', 'Jacob Batalon', 'Martin Starr', 'Tony Revolori', 'Marisa Tomei', 'Jake Gyllenhaal']]



• Formulation de la réponse à la question



Réponse de GPT

In the film "Spider-Man: Far From Home," the cast includes Zendaya, Tom Holland, Samuel L. Jackson, Cobie Smulders, Jon Favreau, J. B. Smoove, Jacob Batalon, Martin Starr, Tony Revolori, Marisa Tomei, and Jake Gyllenhaal.



 Autre exemple: "Give me the set of persons who wrote and produced the same movie.

```
```cypher
MATCH (p:Person)-[:Produced_by]->(m:Movie)<-[:Written_by]-(p)
RETURN p.name, m.title</pre>
```

The set of persons who wrote and produced the same movie are Baz Luhrmann for "The Great Gatsby" and Adam McKay for "Don't Look Up".



 Le but de cette partie, est de rassembler, les deux approches de requêtage décrites au dessus, c'est à dire extraire le maximum d'information sur le contenu des documents, et sur la structure des documents, à fin de formuler une réponse final.



```
answer1 = questionAnswering(question, graph, client)
answer2 = reponse_question(question, vector_index, client, graph2)
question2 = "Generate a response to this question, using the given set of
 facts: \n" + answer1 + "\n" + answer2
print(question2)
messages = [{"role" : "system", "content" : "You are an expert in Answering
 generation using ONLY the given set of facts."},
 {"role": "user", "content": question2 },
response = client.chat.completions.create(
 model="gpt-3.5-turbo",
 messages=messages,
 temperature=0
```

 Question: "Tell me about Dune: Part Two, and the cast of the film Spider-Man: Far From Home"





```
MATCH (movie:Movie)
WHERE movie.title = 'Dune: Part Two' OR movie.title = 'Spider-Man: Far From Home'
OPTIONAL MATCH (movie)-[:Cast]-(actor:Person)
RETURN movie.title, collect(actor.name) as cast
```



The cast of "Spider-Man: Far From Home" includes Zendaya, Tom Holland, Samuel L. Jackson, Cobie Smulders, Jon Favreau, J. B. Smoove, Jacob Batalon, Martin Starr, Tony Revolori, Marisa Tomei, and Jake Gyllenhaal.

Dune: Part Two is a 2024 American epic science fiction film directed and co-produced by Denis Villeneuve, serving as the sequel to Dune (2021). The film follows Paul Atreides as he unites with the Fremen people of the desert planet Arrakis to wage war against House Harkonnen. The cast includes Timothee Chalamet, Zendaya, Rebecca Ferguson, Josh Brolin, Stellan Skarsgard, Dave Bautista, Charlotte Rampling, and Javier Bardem. The film was greenlit in October 2021 and had its world premiere on February 15, 2024. On the other hand, the cast of the film Spider-Man: Far From Home includes Tom Holland, Jake Gyllenhaal, Zendaya, Marisa Tomei, and Michael Keaton. The film was released in July 2019 and received positive reviews from critics. La réponse à la question est: The star-studded cast of "Dune: Part Two" features Timothée Chalamet, Zendaya, Rebecca Ferguson, Josh Brolin, Stellan Skarsgård, Dave Bautista, Charlotte Rampling, Javier Bardem, Austin Butler, Florence Pugh, Christopher Walken, Léa Seydoux, and Souheila Yacoub. Meanwhile, the cast of "Spider-Man: Far From Home" includes Zendaya, Tom Holland, Samuel L. Jackson, Cobie Smulders, Jon Favreau, J. B. Smoove, Jacob Batalon, Martin Starr, Tony Revolori, Marisa Tomei, and Jake Gyllenhaal.



# O7 Creation du chatbot

#### **Creation du chatbot**

Nous avons conçu notre chatbot à partir de la bibliothèque streamlit qui est une bibliothèque open source en Python qui permet de créer rapidement des applications web interactives pour l'analyse de données et la visualisation.



#### **Creation du chatbot**

#### **GraphBot**

- what are the movies in which Zendaya has appeared?
- Based on the given set of facts, Zendaya has appeared in the following movies:
  - · Spider-Man: Homecoming
  - Spider-Man: Far From Home
  - Spider-Man: No Way Home



# Passons maintenant aux tests!