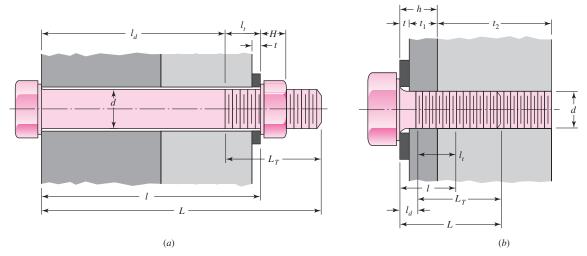
Table 8-7

Suggested Procedure for Finding Fastener Stiffness



Given fastener diameter d and pitch p in mm or number of threads per inch

Washer thickness: t from Table A-32 or A-33

Nut thickness [Fig. (a) only]: H from Table A–31

Grip length:

For Fig. (a): l =thickness of all material squeezed between face of bolt and face of nut

For Fig. (b):
$$l = \begin{cases} h + t_2/2, & t_2 < d \\ h + d/2, & t_2 \ge d \end{cases}$$

Fastener length (round up using Table A–17*):

For Fig. (a): L > l + H

For Fig. (*b*): L > h + 1.5d

Threaded length L_T : Inch series:

$$L_T = \begin{cases} 2d + \frac{1}{4} \text{ in,} & L \le 6 \text{ in} \\ 2d + \frac{1}{2} \text{ in,} & L > 6 \text{ in} \end{cases}$$

Metric series:

$$L_T = \begin{cases} 2d + 6 \text{ mm}, & L \le 125 \text{ mm}, d \le 48 \text{ mm} \\ 2d + 12 \text{ mm}, & 125 < L \le 200 \text{ mm} \\ 2d + 25 \text{ mm}, & L > 200 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Length of unthreaded portion in grip: $l_d = L - L_T$ Length of threaded portion in grip: $l_t = l - l_d$ Area of unthreaded portion: $A_d = \pi d^2/4$

Area of threaded portion: A_t from Table 8–1 or 8–2

Fastener stiffness: $k_b = \frac{A_d A_t E}{A_d l_t + A_t l_d}$

^{*}Bolts and cap screws may not be available in all the preferred lengths listed in Table A–17. Large fasteners may not be available in fractional inches or in millimeter lengths ending in a nonzero digit. Check with your bolt supplier for availability.

Table 8–9SAE Specifications for Steel Bolts

| SAE Grade No. | Size Range Inclusive, in | Minimum Proof Strength,* kpsi | Minimum Tensile Strength,* kpsi | Minimum Yield Strength,* kpsi | Material | Head Marking |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | $\frac{1}{4} - 1\frac{1}{2}$ | 33 | 60 | 36 | Low or medium carbon | |
| 2 | $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{4}$ | 55 | 74 | 57 | Low or medium carbon | |
| | $\frac{7}{8}$ - 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 33 | 60 | 36 | | |
| 4 | $\frac{1}{4}$ – 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 65 | 115 | 100 | Medium carbon, cold-drawn | |
| 5 | $\frac{1}{4}$ – 1 | 85 | 120 | 92 | Medium carbon, Q&T | |
| | $1\frac{1}{8} - 1\frac{1}{2}$ | 74 | 105 | 81 | | |
| 5.2 | $\frac{1}{4}$ – 1 | 85 | 120 | 92 | Low-carbon martensite, Q&T | |
| 7 | $\frac{1}{4} - 1\frac{1}{2}$ | 105 | 133 | 115 | Medium-carbon alloy, Q&T | |
| 8 | $\frac{1}{4}$ – $1\frac{1}{2}$ | 120 | 150 | 130 | Medium-carbon alloy, Q&T | |
| 8.2 | $\frac{1}{4}$ – 1 | 120 | 150 | 130 | Low-carbon martensite, Q&T | |

^{*}Minimum strengths are strengths exceeded by 99 percent of fasteners.

from scratching or scoring by a washer. If the thread runout has a 15° or less half-cone angle, the stress is higher at the first engaged thread in the nut. Bolts are sized by examining the loading at the plane of the washer face of the nut. This is the weakest part of the bolt *if and only if* the conditions above are satisfied (washer protection of the shoulder fillet and thread runout $\leq 15^{\circ}$). Inattention to this requirement has led to a record of 15 percent fastener fatigue failure under the head, 20 percent at thread runout, and 65 percent where the designer is focusing attention. It does little good to concentrate on the plane of the nut washer face if it is not the weakest location.

Nuts are graded so that they can be mated with their corresponding grade of bolt. The purpose of the nut is to have its threads deflect to distribute the load of the bolt more evenly to the nut. The nut's properties are controlled in order to accomplish this. The grade of the nut should be the grade of the bolt.

Table 8-10

ASTM Specifications for Steel Bolts

| ASTM Desig- nation No. | Size Range, Inclusive, in | Minimum Proof Strength,* kpsi | Minimum Tensile Strength,* kpsi | Minimum Yield Strength,* kpsi | Material | Head Marking |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------|--------------|
| A307 | $\frac{1}{4} - 1\frac{1}{2}$ | 33 | 60 | 36 | Low carbon | |
| A325, | $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 | 85 | 120 | 92 | Medium carbon, Q&T | |
| type 1 | $1\frac{1}{8} - 1\frac{1}{2}$ | 74 | 105 | 81 | | (A325) |
| A325, | $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 | 85 | 120 | 92 | Low-carbon, martensite, | |
| type 2 | $1\frac{1}{8}-1\frac{1}{2}$ | 74 | 105 | 81 | Q&T | A325 |
| A325, | $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 | 85 | 120 | 92 | Weathering steel, | |
| type 3 | $1\frac{1}{8} - 1\frac{1}{2}$ | 74 | 105 | 81 | Q&T | (A325) |
| A354, | $\frac{1}{4}$ - 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 105 | 125 | 109 | Alloy steel, Q&T | |
| grade BC | $2\frac{3}{4}-4$ | 95 | 115 | 99 | | BC |
| A354, grade BD | 1 4-4 | 120 | 150 | 130 | Alloy steel, Q&T | |
| A449 | $\frac{1}{4}$ – 1 | 85 | 120 | 92 | Medium-carbon, Q&T | |
| | $1\frac{1}{8} - 1\frac{1}{2}$ | 74 | 105 | 81 | | |
| | $1\frac{3}{4} - 3$ | 55 | 90 | 58 | | |
| A490, type 1 | $\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$ | 120 | 150 | 130 | Alloy steel, Q&T | A490 |
| A490, type 3 | $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 120 | 150 | 130 | Weathering steel, Q&T | <u>A490</u> |

^{*}Minimum strengths are strengths exceeded by 99 percent of fasteners.

Table 8–11

Metric Mechanical-Property Classes for Steel Bolts, Screws, and Studs*

| Property Class | Size Range, Inclusive | Minimum Proof Strength, [†] MPa | Minimum Tensile Strength,† MPa | Minimum Yield Strength,† MPa | Material | Head Marking |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| 4.6 | M5-M36 | 225 | 400 | 240 | Low or medium carbon | 4.6 |
| 4.8 | M1.6-M16 | 310 | 420 | 340 | Low or medium carbon | 4.8 |
| 5.8 | M5-M24 | 380 | 520 | 420 | Low or medium carbon | 5.8 |
| 8.8 | M16-M36 | 600 | 830 | 660 | Medium carbon, Q&T | 8.8 |
| 9.8 | M1.6–M16 | 650 | 900 | 720 | Medium carbon, Q&T | 9.8 |
| 10.9 | M5-M36 | 830 | 1040 | 940 | Low-carbon martensite, Q&T | 10.9 |
| 12.9 | M1.6–M36 | 970 | 1220 | 1100 | Alloy, Q&T | 12.9 |

^{*}The thread length for bolts and cap screws is

$$L_T = \begin{cases} 2d + 6 & L \le 125 \\ 2d + 12 & 125 < L \le 200 \\ 2d + 25 & L > 200 \end{cases}$$

where L is the bolt length. The thread length for structural bolts is slightly shorter than given above.

8-7 Tension Joints—The External Load

Let us now consider what happens when an external tensile load P, as in Fig. 8–13, is applied to a bolted connection. It is to be assumed, of course, that the clamping force, which we will call the *preload* F_i , has been correctly applied by tightening the nut *before* P is applied. The nomenclature used is:

$$F_i$$
 = preload

 P_{total} = Total external tensile load applied to the joint

[†]Minimum strengths are strengths exceeded by 99 percent of fasteners.

Table 8–1Diameters and Areas of Coarse-Pitch and Fine-

Pitch Metric Threads.*

| Nominal | Co | oarse-Pitch | Series | Fine-Pitch Series | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|--|--|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Major Diameter d mm | Pitch P mm | Tensile- Stress Area A _t mm ² | Minor- Diameter Area A _r mm² | Pitch p mm | Tensile- Stress Area A _t mm ² | Minor- Diameter Area A _r mm ² | |
| 1.6 | 0.35 | 1.27 | 1.07 | | | | |
| 2 | 0.40 | 2.07 | 1.79 | | | | |
| 2.5 | 0.45 | 3.39 | 2.98 | | | | |
| 3 | 0.5 | 5.03 | 4.47 | | | | |
| 3.5 | 0.6 | 6.78 | 6.00 | | | | |
| 4 | 0.7 | 8.78 | 7.75 | | | | |
| 5 | 0.8 | 14.2 | 12.7 | | | | |
| 6 | 1 | 20.1 | 17.9 | | | | |
| 8 | 1.25 | 36.6 | 32.8 | 1 | 39.2 | 36.0 | |
| 10 | 1.5 | 58.0 | 52.3 | 1.25 | 61.2 | 56.3 | |
| 12 | 1.75 | 84.3 | 76.3 | 1.25 | 92.1 | 86.0 | |
| 14 | 2 | 115 | 104 | 1.5 | 125 | 116 | |
| 16 | 2 | 157 | 144 | 1.5 | 167 | 157 | |
| 20 | 2.5 | 245 | 225 | 1.5 | 272 | 259 | |
| 24 | 3 | 353 | 324 | 2 | 384 | 365 | |
| 30 | 3.5 | 561 | 519 | 2 | 621 | 596 | |
| 36 | 4 | 817 | 759 | 2 | 915 | 884 | |
| 42 | 4.5 | 1120 | 1050 | 2 | 1260 | 1230 | |
| 48 | 5 | 1470 | 1380 | 2 | 1670 | 1630 | |
| 56 | 5.5 | 2030 | 1910 | 2 | 2300 | 2250 | |
| 64 | 6 | 2680 | 2520 | 2 | 3030 | 2980 | |
| 72 | 6 | 3460 | 3280 | 2 | 3860 | 3800 | |
| 80 | 6 | 4340 | 4140 | 1.5 | 4850 | 4800 | |
| 90 | 6 | 5590 | 5360 | 2 | 6100 | 6020 | |
| 100 | 6 | 6990 | 6740 | 2 | 7560 | 7470 | |
| 110 | | | | 2 | 9180 | 9080 | |

^{*}The equations and data used to develop this table have been obtained from ANSI B1.1-1974 and B18.3.1-1978. The minor diameter was found from the equation $d_r = d - 1.226\,869p$, and the pitch diameter from $d_p = d - 0.649\,519p$. The mean of the pitch diameter and the minor diameter was used to compute the tensile-stress area.

Square and Acme threads, whose profiles are shown in Fig. 8–3a and b, respectively, are used on screws when power is to be transmitted. Table 8–3 lists the preferred pitches for inch-series Acme threads. However, other pitches can be and often are used, since the need for a standard for such threads is not great.

Modifications are frequently made to both Acme and square threads. For instance, the square thread is sometimes modified by cutting the space between the teeth so as to have an included thread angle of 10 to 15° . This is not difficult, since these threads are usually cut with a single-point tool anyhow; the modification retains most of the high efficiency inherent in square threads and makes the cutting simpler. Acme threads

Table 8–2Diameters and Area of Unified Screw Threads UNC and UNF*

| | | Coc | Coarse Series—UNC | | | Fine Series—UNF | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Size Designation | Nominal Major Diameter in | Threads per Inch N | Tensile- Stress Area A _t in ² | Minor- Diameter Area A _r in ² | Threads per Inch N | Tensile- Stress Area A _t in ² | Minor- Diameter Area A _r in ² | | |
| 0 | 0.0600 | | | | 80 | 0.001 80 | 0.001 51 | | |
| 1 | 0.0730 | 64 | 0.002 63 | 0.002 18 | 72 | 0.002 78 | 0.002 37 | | |
| 2 | 0.0860 | 56 | 0.003 70 | 0.003 10 | 64 | 0.003 94 | 0.003 39 | | |
| 3 | 0.0990 | 48 | 0.004 87 | 0.004 06 | 56 | 0.005 23 | 0.004 51 | | |
| 4 | 0.1120 | 40 | 0.006 04 | 0.004 96 | 48 | 0.006 61 | 0.005 66 | | |
| 5 | 0.1250 | 40 | 0.007 96 | 0.006 72 | 44 | 0.008 80 | 0.007 16 | | |
| 6 | 0.1380 | 32 | 0.009 09 | 0.007 45 | 40 | 0.010 15 | 0.008 74 | | |
| 8 | 0.1640 | 32 | 0.014 0 | 0.011 96 | 36 | 0.014 74 | 0.012 85 | | |
| 10 | 0.1900 | 24 | 0.017 5 | 0.014 50 | 32 | 0.020 0 | 0.017 5 | | |
| 12 | 0.2160 | 24 | 0.024 2 | 0.020 6 | 28 | 0.025 8 | 0.022 6 | | |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ | 0.2500 | 20 | 0.031 8 | 0.026 9 | 28 | 0.036 4 | 0.032 6 | | |
| 1/4 5/16 | 0.3125 | 18 | 0.052 4 | 0.045 4 | 24 | 0.058 0 | 0.052 4 | | |
| <u>3</u> 8 | 0.3750 | 16 | 0.077 5 | 0.067 8 | 24 | 0.087 8 | 0.080 9 | | |
| 7 16 | 0.4375 | 14 | 0.106 3 | 0.093 3 | 20 | 0.118 7 | 0.109 0 | | |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | 0.5000 | 13 | 0.141 9 | 0.125 7 | 20 | 0.159 9 | 0.148 6 | | |
| 3 8 7 16 1 2 9 16 | 0.5625 | 12 | 0.182 | 0.162 | 18 | 0.203 | 0.189 | | |
| <u>5</u> 8 | 0.6250 | 11 | 0.226 | 0.202 | 18 | 0.256 | 0.240 | | |
| 3/4 | 0.7500 | 10 | 0.334 | 0.302 | 16 | 0.373 | 0.351 | | |
| 5 8 3 4 7 8 | 0.8750 | 9 | 0.462 | 0.419 | 14 | 0.509 | 0.480 | | |
| 1 | 1.0000 | 8 | 0.606 | 0.551 | 12 | 0.663 | 0.625 | | |
| $1\frac{1}{4}$ | 1.2500 | 7 | 0.969 | 0.890 | 12 | 1.073 | 1.024 | | |
| $1\frac{1}{4}$ $1\frac{1}{2}$ | 1.5000 | 6 | 1.405 | 1.294 | 12 | 1.581 | 1.521 | | |

^{*}This table was compiled from ANSI B1.1-1974. The minor diameter was found from the equation $d_r = d - 1.299~038p$, and the pitch diameter from $d_p = d - 0.649~519p$. The mean of the pitch diameter and the minor diameter was used to compute the tensile-stress area.

Figure 8–3(a) Square thread; (b) Acme thread.

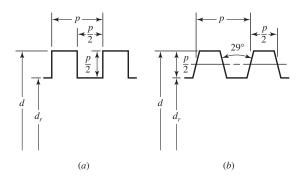


Table A-17

Preferred Sizes and Renard (R-Series) Numbers (When a choice can be made, use one of these sizes; however, not all parts or items are available in all the sizes

shown in the table.)

Fraction of Inches

 $\frac{1}{64}, \frac{1}{32}, \frac{1}{16}, \frac{3}{32}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{5}{32}, \frac{3}{16}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{16}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{7}{16}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{16}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{11}{16}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{8}, 1, 1\frac{1}{4}, 1\frac{1}{2}, 1\frac{3}{4}, 2, 2\frac{1}{4}, 2\frac{1}{2}, 2\frac{3}{4}, 3, 3\frac{1}{4}, 3\frac{1}{2}, 3\frac{3}{4}, 4, 4\frac{1}{4}, 4\frac{1}{2}, 4\frac{3}{4}, 5, 5\frac{1}{4}, 5\frac{1}{2}, 5\frac{3}{4}, 6, 6\frac{1}{2}, 7, 7\frac{1}{2}, 8, 8\frac{1}{2}, 9, 9\frac{1}{2}, 10, 10\frac{1}{2}, 11, 11\frac{1}{2}, 12, 12\frac{1}{2}, 13, 13\frac{1}{2}, 14, 14\frac{1}{2}, 15, 15\frac{1}{2}, 16, 16\frac{1}{2}, 17, 17\frac{1}{2}, 18, 18\frac{1}{2}, 19, 19\frac{1}{2}, 20$

Decimal Inches

0.010, 0.012, 0.016, 0.020, 0.025, 0.032, 0.040, 0.05, 0.06, 0.08, 0.10, 0.12, 0.16, 0.20, 0.24, 0.30, 0.40, 0.50, 0.60, 0.80, 1.00, 1.20, 1.40, 1.60, 1.80, 2.0, 2.4, 2.6, 2.8, 3.0, 3.2, 3.4, 3.6, 3.8, 4.0, 4.2, 4.4, 4.6, 4.8, 5.0, 5.2, 5.4, 5.6, 5.8, 6.0, 7.0, 7.5, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0, 10.5, 11.0, 11.5, 12.0, 12.5, 13.0, 13.5, 14.0, 14.5, 15.0, 15.5, 16.0, 16.5, 17.0, 17.5, 18.0, 18.5, 19.0, 19.5, 20

Millimeters

0.05, 0.06, 0.08, 0.10, 0.12, 0.16, 0.20, 0.25, 0.30, 0.40, 0.50, 0.60, 0.70, 0.80, 0.90, 1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.5, 2.8, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 25, 28, 30, 32, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60, 80, 100, 120, 140, 160, 180, 200, 250, 300

Renard Numbers*

1st choice, R5: 1, 1.6, 2.5, 4, 6.3, 10 2d choice, R10: 1.25, 2, 3.15, 5, 8

3d choice, R20: 1.12, 1.4, 1.8, 2.24, 2.8, 3.55, 4.5, 5.6, 7.1, 9

4th choice, R40: 1.06, 1.18, 1.32, 1.5, 1.7, 1.9, 2.12, 2.36, 2.65, 3, 3.35, 3.75, 4.25, 4.75, 5.3, 6, 6.7, 7.5, 8.5, 9.5

^{*}May be multiplied or divided by powers of 10.

Table A-29
Dimensions of Square and Hexagonal Bolts





| | | | | | | Head ' | Гуре | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Nominal | Squ | are | Regu | ılar Hex | agonal | | vy Hexc | igonal | Structi | ıral Hex | agonal |
| Size, in | W | Н | W | Н | R _{min} | W | Н | R _{min} | W | Н | R _{min} |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{3}{8}$ | $\frac{11}{64}$ | $\frac{7}{16}$ | $\frac{11}{64}$ | 0.01 | | | | | | |
| $\frac{5}{16}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{13}{64}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{7}{32}$ | 0.01 | | | | | | |
| $\frac{3}{8}$ | $\frac{9}{16}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{9}{16}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | 0.01 | | | | | | |
| $\frac{7}{16}$ | <u>5</u> 8 | 19 64 | <u>5</u> 8 | <u>19</u> 64 | 0.01 | | | | | | |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | <u>21</u> 64 | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $\frac{11}{32}$ | 0.01 | $\frac{7}{8}$ | $\frac{11}{32}$ | 0.01 | $\frac{7}{8}$ | $\frac{5}{16}$ | 0.009 |
| <u>5</u> | $\frac{15}{16}$ | $\frac{27}{64}$ | $\frac{15}{16}$ | $\frac{27}{64}$ | 0.02 | $1\frac{1}{16}$ | <u>27</u> 64 | 0.02 | $1\frac{1}{16}$ | $\frac{25}{64}$ | 0.021 |
| $\frac{3}{4}$ | $1\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $1\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 0.02 | $1\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 0.02 | $1\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{15}{32}$ | 0.021 |
| 1 | $1\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{21}{32}$ | $1\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{43}{64}$ | 0.03 | $1\frac{5}{8}$ | $\frac{43}{64}$ | 0.03 | $1\frac{5}{8}$ | $\frac{39}{64}$ | 0.062 |
| $1\frac{1}{8}$ | $1\frac{11}{16}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $1\frac{11}{16}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | 0.03 | $1\frac{13}{16}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | 0.03 | $1\frac{13}{16}$ | $\frac{11}{16}$ | 0.062 |
| $1\frac{1}{4}$ | $1\frac{7}{8}$ | $\frac{27}{32}$ | $1\frac{7}{8}$ | $\frac{27}{32}$ | 0.03 | 2 | $\frac{27}{32}$ | 0.03 | 2 | $\frac{25}{32}$ | 0.062 |
| $1\frac{3}{8}$ | $2\frac{1}{16}$ | $\frac{29}{32}$ | $2\frac{1}{16}$ | $\frac{29}{32}$ | 0.03 | $2\frac{3}{16}$ | $\frac{29}{32}$ | 0.03 | $2\frac{3}{16}$ | $\frac{27}{32}$ | 0.062 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ | $2\frac{1}{4}$ | 1 | $2\frac{1}{4}$ | 1 | 0.03 | $2\frac{3}{8}$ | 1 | 0.03 | $2\frac{3}{8}$ | $\frac{15}{16}$ | 0.062 |
| Nominal | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Size, mm | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M5 | 8 | 3.58 | 8 | 3.58 | 0.2 | | | | | | |
| M6 | | | 10 | 4.38 | 0.3 | | | | | | |
| M8 | | | 13 | 5.68 | 0.4 | | | | | | |
| M10 | | | 16 | 6.85 | 0.4 | | | | | | |
| M12 | | | 18 | 7.95 | 0.6 | 21 | 7.95 | 0.6 | | | |
| M14 | | | 21 | 9.25 | 0.6 | 24 | 9.25 | 0.6 | | | |
| M16 | | | 24 | 10.75 | 0.6 | 27 | 10.75 | 0.6 | 27 | 10.75 | 0.6 |
| M20 | | | 30 | 13.40 | 0.8 | 34 | 13.40 | 0.8 | 34 | 13.40 | 0.8 |
| M24 | | | 36 | 15.90 | 0.8 | 41 | 15.90 | 0.8 | 41 | 15.90 | 1.0 |
| M30 | | | 46 | 19.75 | 1.0 | 50 | 19.75 | 1.0 | 50 | 19.75 | 1.2 |
| M36 | | | 55 | 23.55 | 1.0 | 60 | 23.55 | 1.0 | 60 | 23.55 | 1.5 |

Table A-30

Dimensions of Hexagonal Cap Screws and Heavy Hexagonal Screws (W =Width across Flats; H =Height of Head; See Figure in Table A–29)

| | Minimum | Туре | of Screw | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Nominal Size, in | Fillet Radius | Cap W | Heavy W | Height <i>H</i> |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ | 0.015 | $\frac{7}{16}$ | | $\frac{5}{32}$ |
| $\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ | 0.015 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | | $\frac{13}{64}$ |
| $\frac{3}{8}$ | 0.015 | 9 16 | | $\frac{15}{64}$ |
| $\frac{7}{16}$ | 0.015 | $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ | | $\frac{9}{32}$ $\frac{5}{16}$ |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | 0.015 | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $\frac{7}{8}$ | $\frac{5}{16}$ |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ | 0.020 | $\frac{15}{16}$ | $1\frac{1}{16}$ | $\frac{25}{64}$ |
| $\frac{3}{4}$ | 0.020 | $1\frac{1}{8}$ | $1\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{15}{32}$ |
| $\frac{7}{8}$ | 0.040 | $1\frac{5}{16}$ | $1\frac{7}{16}$ | 35 64 |
| 1 | 0.060 | $1\frac{1}{2}$ | $1\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{39}{64}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{4}$ | 0.060 | $1\frac{7}{8}$ | 2 | $\frac{25}{32}$ |
| $1\frac{3}{8}$ | 0.060 | $2\frac{1}{16}$ | $2\frac{3}{16}$ | $\frac{27}{32}$ |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ | 0.060 | $2\frac{1}{4}$ | $2\frac{3}{8}$ | 15 16 |

| Nominal Size, mm | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|----|----|-------|
| M5 | 0.2 | 8 | | 3.65 |
| M6 | 0.3 | 10 | | 4.15 |
| M8 | 0.4 | 13 | | 5.50 |
| M10 | 0.4 | 16 | | 6.63 |
| M12 | 0.6 | 18 | 21 | 7.76 |
| M14 | 0.6 | 21 | 24 | 9.09 |
| M16 | 0.6 | 24 | 27 | 10.32 |
| M20 | 0.8 | 30 | 34 | 12.88 |
| M24 | 0.8 | 36 | 41 | 15.44 |
| M30 | 1.0 | 46 | 50 | 19.48 |
| M36 | 1.0 | 55 | 60 | 23.38 |

Table A-31
Dimensions of

Dimensions of Hexagonal Nuts

| | | Н | eight <i>H</i> | |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Nominal | Width | Regular | Thick or | |
| Size, in | W | Hexagonal | Slotted | JAM |
| $ \frac{1}{4} $ $ \frac{1}{4} $ $ \frac{5}{16} $ $ \frac{3}{8} $ $ \frac{7}{16} $ $ \frac{1}{2} $ $ \frac{9}{16} $ $ \frac{5}{8} $ $ \frac{3}{4} $ $ \frac{7}{8} $ $ 1 $ $ 1\frac{1}{8} $ $ 1\frac{1}{4} $ $ 1\frac{3}{8} $ $ 1\frac{1}{2} $ | $\begin{array}{c} \frac{7}{16} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{9}{16} \\ \frac{11}{16} \\ \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{8} \\ \frac{15}{16} \\ 1\frac{1}{8} \\ 1\frac{5}{16} \\ 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 1\frac{11}{16} \\ 1\frac{7}{8} \\ 2\frac{1}{16} \\ 2\frac{1}{4} \\ \end{array}$ | $ \begin{array}{r} \frac{7}{32} \\ \frac{17}{64} \\ \frac{17}{64} \\ \frac{21}{64} \\ \frac{3}{8} \\ \frac{7}{16} \\ \frac{31}{64} \\ \frac{35}{64} \\ \frac{41}{64} \\ \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{55}{64} \\ \frac{31}{32} \\ 1\frac{1}{16} \\ 1\frac{11}{64} \\ 1\frac{9}{32} \\ \end{array} $ | $\begin{array}{c} \frac{9}{32} \\ \frac{21}{64} \\ \frac{13}{32} \\ \frac{29}{64} \\ \frac{9}{16} \\ \frac{39}{64} \\ \frac{23}{32} \\ \frac{13}{16} \\ \frac{29}{32} \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \frac{5}{32} \\ 1 \\ \frac{1}{4} \\ 1 \\ \frac{3}{8} \\ 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \end{array}$ | 5 32 3 16 7 32 1 4 5 16 5 16 5 16 5 16 3 8 27 64 31 64 35 64 39 64 23 32 25 32 27 32 33 34 35 36 36 37 37 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 |
| Nominal | | | | |
| Size, mm | | | | |
| M5 | 8 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 2.7 |
| M6 | 10 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 3.2 |
| M8 | 13 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 4.0 |
| M10 | 16 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 5.0 |
| M12 | 18 | 10.8 | 12.0 | 6.0 |
| M14 | 21 | 12.8 | 14.1 | 7.0 |
| M16 | 24 | 14.8 | 16.4 | 8.0 |
| M20 | 30 | 18.0 | 20.3 | 10.0 |
| M24 | 36 | 21.5 | 23.9 | 12.0 |
| M30 | 46 | 25.6 | 28.6 | 15.0 |
| M36 | 55 | 31.0 | 34.7 | 18.0 |