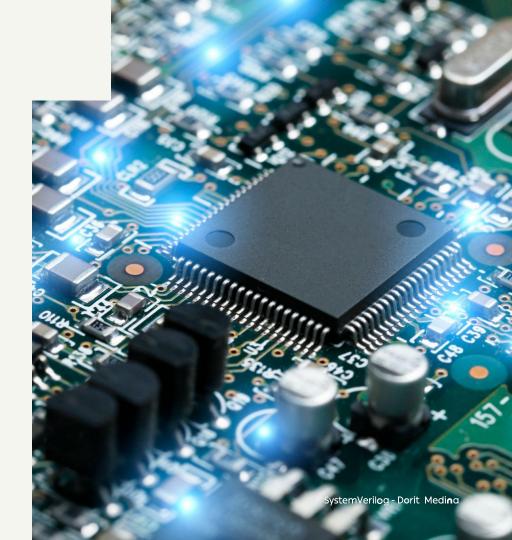
Frame Aligner

By:Ilan Rachmanov (Apple)





Frame Aligner Background



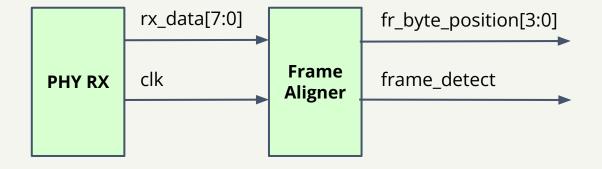
- A frame aligner is a component in communication systems, especially in data transmission protocols
- Its primary function is to synchronize incoming data streams by identifying specific patterns within a series of data frames
- In the context of this project, a frame consists of a header and a payload
 - The header is used to identify the start of the frame, while the payload contains the actual data being transmitted

Frame Aligner Background

- 0853
- The frame aligner works by constantly monitoring the incoming data stream for a specific header pattern (0xAFAA or 0xBA55 in this case)
 - Once it detects this pattern in three consecutive frames, it declares that
 alignment has been achieved
 - If four consecutive frames do not match the expected header, it declares the stream out of alignment
- In modern digital communication, such frame aligners are crucial to ensuring that data is correctly interpreted, especially in high-speed systems where frames are transmitted continuously without gaps
- This project will give you hands-on experience in developing a verification environment for such a system using SystemVerilog (SV)



Frame Aligner Block Diagram





Frame Aligner Block Description

• Input Interface

The frame aligner will receive an 8-bit data stream (rx_data[7:0]) from the PHY
 (Physical Layer) along with a clock signal



- Each frame consists of
 - A header of 16 bits
 - A payload of 80 bits
 - The header contains a fixed pattern, either 0xAFAA or 0xBA55
 - The payload is random data
 - Frames are transmitted back-to-back with no gaps between them

Output Interface

Once the frame aligner detects the header, it outputs the 16-bit header followed by the 80-bit payload for further processing

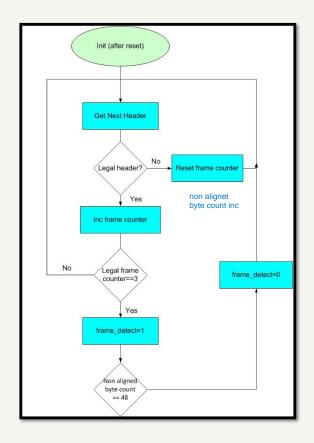


Frame Aligner Functionality

- The aligner tracks whether frame alignment has been achieved and indicates this with the signal frame_detect
- It also tracks the current byte position within the header and payload (fr_byte_position[3:0])
- Alignment Algorithm
 - In-frame alignment is declared when three consecutive
 frames with the correct header pattern are detected
 - Out-of-frame alignment is declared when four consecutive
 frames have incorrect headers



Alignment Flow







Project Description

- nvironment to
- You are tasked with designing and verifying a SystemVerilog (SV) environment to verify a frame aligner design
- Your goal is to ensure the frame aligner meets the specifications outlined in this specification



Project Deliverables

 You are required to build a complete SystemVerilog verification environment for this frame aligner block

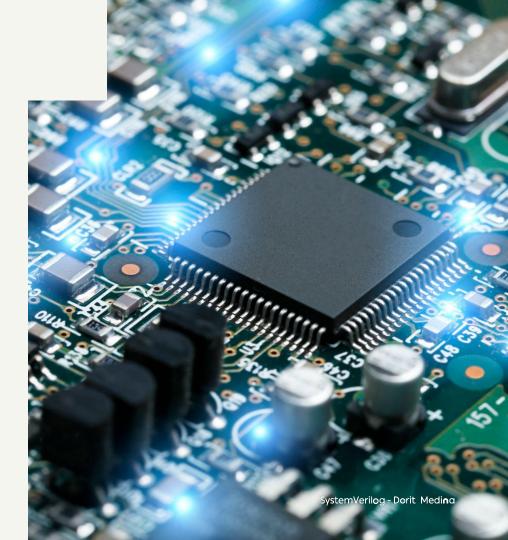


Project Deliverables

- Your tasks include:
 - Specification, Assumptions, and Limitations
 - Document the behavior of the frame aligner block, including any assumptions and limitations
 - Functional Verification Plan
 - Outline a plan to test all functional aspects of the frame aligner, including its ability to detect aligned and misaligned frames
 - Coverage Plan
 - Define how you will achieve coverage for all possible scenarios (correct/incorrect headers, payload length, etc.)
 - Test Plan
 - Specify the different test cases that will be executed to verify the frame aligner



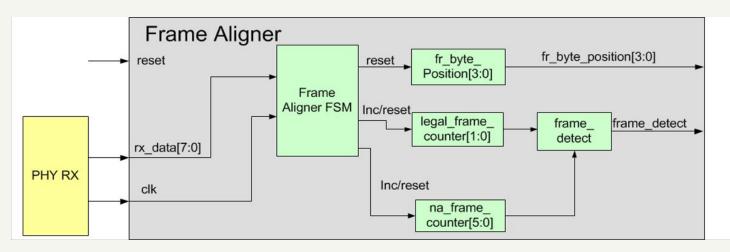
Frame Aligner Design





Frame Aligner Block Diagram





Port in	Description
clk	clock in
rx_data[7:0]	data in
Reset	Async reset active high
Port out	Description
fr_is_aligned frame_detect	alignment algorithm indication
fr_byte_position[3:0]	Position of the current byte in the header or the payload range 0-11

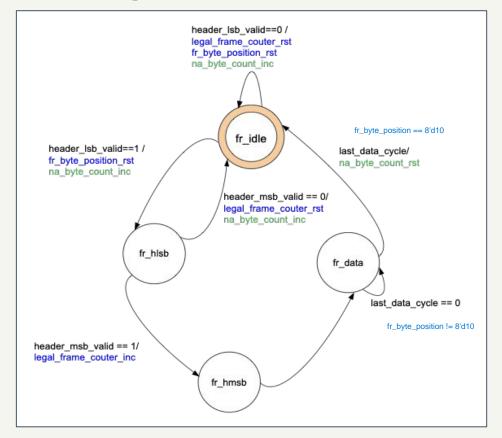
Reg name	Description
legal_frame_counter[1:0]	when this counter reaches 3,
	frame_detect is set .
na_frame_counter[5:0]	when this counter reaches 48,
	frame_detect is reset .
Valid_h2	Sample h1 and sets only in case h2 is
	the correct one

after one clock cycle

Not existing

Starting the count from the MSB of the header to the LSB of the next header.

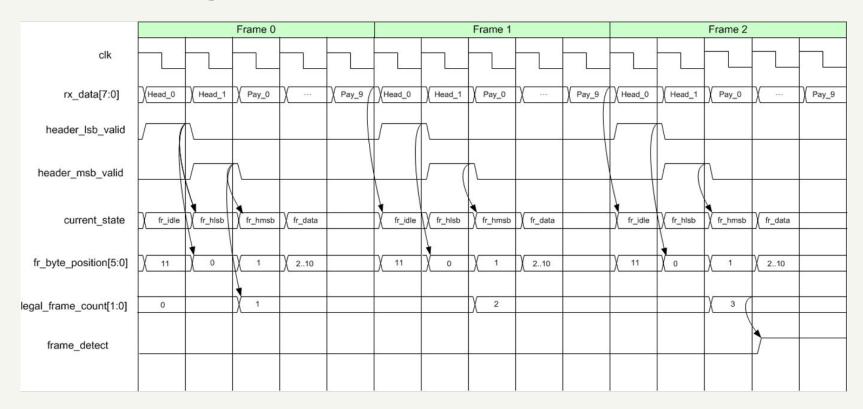
Frame Aligner FSM





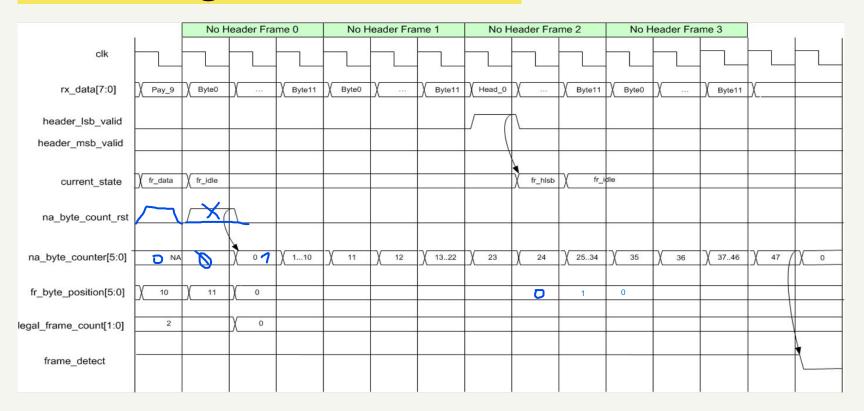


Frame aligner Waveform 1



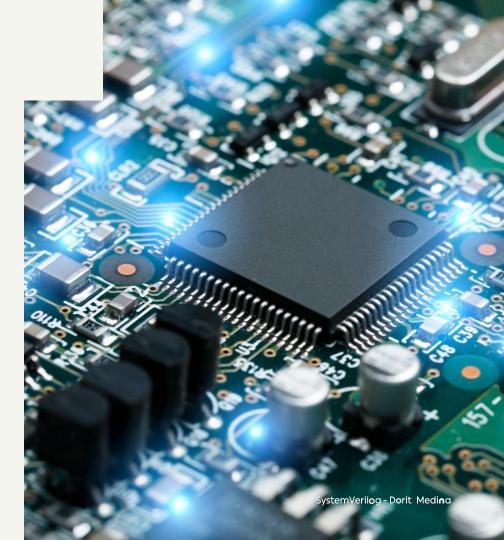


Frame aligner Waveform 2





Frame Aligner Verification

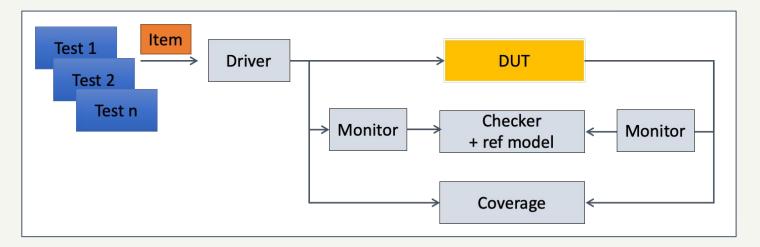




Verification Environment Requirements



 Your task is to generate a SV block level environment for the frame aligner



Submission

- Submit your final project with the following
 - A PDF document containing your specification, functional verification plan, coverage plan, and test plan
 - A zipped folder containing your SystemVerilog source files for the verification environment, including all necessary components such as the frame item, driver, and testbench

Good luck with your project!



Nice to have

- In the following are suggestions that can help you
- They are just suggestions, you can implement in any other way



The Data Item



- frame_item is a class that holds the frame content and constraint needed to control it
- Definitions
 - typedef enum bit [1:0] {HEAD_1 , HEAD_2 , ILLEGAL} header_type_t;
- Main Members
 - Payload[] dynamic array
 - header the user can constraint header_type = {HEAD_1 / HEAD_2 / ILLEGAL}
 - According to this value header value will be set
- Constraints
 - Header type distribution for HEAD_1 / HEAD_2 / ILLEGAL

Data item – Cont

- Add post_randomize() function to
 - Initialize random values to the payload after the length was determined
 - Set the correct value to the header after the header type was determined



The Driver

- When frame_item is randomized, the driver role is to drive it to the DUT
- Contains send_to_dut(frame_item frame_data) task to implement the protocol RX frame_aligner



Test Suggestion

- The test should have the following sequence
 - Send 5 packets with HEAD_1
 - Send 4 illegal packets
 - Send 5 packets with HEAD_2

