A matryoshka doll is a set of wooden figurines of increasing sizes that can be nested one inside the other. They are nested by placing a figurine inside a larger figurine which is, in turn, placed inside a yet larger figurine, etc. We may never place more than one figurine directly inside another figurine, no matter the sizes of the figurines involved.

We are currently playing with a set of n figurines denoted by integers 1 through n in the order of increasing size. If a figurine a is placed directly inside a figurine b we say that b is a parent of a, and if a figurine has no parent we call it free. A configuration of the whole set can be described by specifying the current parent of each figurine.

We are allowed to perform the following steps while playing:

- Place a free figurine inside a larger free figurine that is currently empty.
- Open a non-empty free figurine and take out the figurine placed directly inside.

Find the minimal number of steps to obtain the given target configuration from the given initial configuration.

## Input

The input file contains several test cases, each of them as described below.

The first line contains an integer n  $(1 \le n \le 100000)$  — the number of figurines.

The following line contains a sequence of n integers  $p_1, p_2, \ldots, p_n$   $(0 \le p_k \le n)$  describing the initial configuration. The k-th integer  $p_k$  is '0' if the figurine k is free, or the parent of figurine k otherwise.

The following line contains a sequence of n integers  $q_1, q_2, \ldots, q_n$   $(0 \le q_k \le n)$  describing the target configuration in the same format.

You may assume that both configurations are valid: a figurine is always smaller than its parent and no two figurines have the same parent.

## **Output**

For each test case, output a single integer on a line by itself — the minimal number of steps.

## Sample Input

```
7 3 5 4 0 7 0 0 3 5 0 6 7 0 0 0 2 6 4 5 0 0
```

## Sample Output