

wamth_competence

Load the data

```
## Load the data
library(readxl)

file_path <- "/Users/daryani/Desktop/data.xlsx"
data <- read_excel(file_path)

Sys.setenv(RGL_USE_NULL = "TRUE")
options(rgl.useNULL = TRUE)

# Packages
library(dplyr)
```

Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

filter, lag

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

```
library(car)
```

Loading required package: carData

```
Attaching package: 'car'
```

```
The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
```

```
recode
```

```
library(heplots)
```

```
Loading required package: broom
```

```
library(MVN)
library(emmeans)
```

```
Welcome to emmeans.
```

```
Caution: You lose important information if you filter this package's results.
See '? untidy'
```

```
library(effectsize)
```

Ensure factors are factors

```
data <- data %>%
  mutate(
    group_clean = case_when(
      group %in% c(1, "1", "Prolife", "prolife") ~ "Prolife",
      group %in% c(2, "2", "Prochoice", "prochoice") ~ "Prochoice",
      TRUE ~ NA_character_
    ),
    condition_clean = case_when(
      condition %in% c(1, "1", "Outgroup", "outgroup", "Actual", "Actual Perception") ~ "Outgroup",
      condition %in% c(2, "2", "Metaperception", "metaperception", "Meta") ~ "Metaperception",
      condition %in% c(3, "3", "Ingroup", "ingroup") ~ "Ingroup",
      TRUE ~ NA_character_
    ),
    group      = factor(group_clean, levels = c("Prolife", "Prochoice")),
    condition = factor(condition_clean, levels = c("Outgroup", "Metaperception", "Ingroup"))
  ) %>%
```

```

  select(-group_clean, -condition_clean)

  print(with(data, table(group, condition, useNA = "ifany")))

```

		condition		
group		Outgroup	Metaperception	Ingroup
Prolife		89	85	89
Prochoice		96	97	96

Create Composite Scores for Warmth & Competence

```

data <- data %>%
  mutate(
    warmth_avg      = rowMeans(pick(warmth_1:warmth_4), na.rm = TRUE),
    competence_avg = rowMeans(pick(competence_5:competence_8), na.rm = TRUE)
  )

```

Simple Descriptives

```

desc <- data %>%
  group_by(group, condition) %>%
  summarise(
    n          = dplyr::n(),
    mean_warmth = mean(warmth_avg, na.rm = TRUE),
    sd_warmth  = sd(warmth_avg, na.rm = TRUE),
    mean_comp   = mean(competence_avg, na.rm = TRUE),
    sd_comp     = sd(competence_avg, na.rm = TRUE),
    .groups     = "drop"
  )

  print(as.data.frame(desc), row.names = FALSE)

```

group	condition	n	mean_warmth	sd_warmth	mean_comp	sd_comp
Prolife	Outgroup	89	3.971910	1.782346	4.171348	1.687014
Prolife	Metaperception	85	3.088235	1.576287	3.005882	1.693816
Prolife	Ingroup	89	5.867978	1.330952	5.750000	1.341005
Prochoice	Outgroup	96	3.643229	1.351775	3.390625	1.440857

```

Prochoice Metaperception 97      2.832474  1.851140  2.917526 1.857460
Prochoice          Ingroup 96      5.622396  1.250786  5.494792 1.411876

warmth_wide <- tidyr::pivot_wider(desc |> select(group, condition, mean_warmth),
                                     names_from = condition, values_from = mean_warmth)
comp_wide <- tidyr::pivot_wider(desc |> select(group, condition, mean_comp),
                                 names_from = condition, values_from = mean_comp)

cat("\nWarmth (means):\n");     print(as.data.frame(warmth_wide), row.names = FALSE)

```

Warmth (means):

	group	Outgroup	Metaperception	Ingroup
Prolife	3.971910	3.088235	5.867978	
Prochoice	3.643229	2.832474	5.622396	

```
cat("\nCompetence (means):\n"); print(as.data.frame(comp_wide), row.names = FALSE)
```

Competence (means):

	group	Outgroup	Metaperception	Ingroup
Prolife	4.171348	3.005882	5.750000	
Prochoice	3.390625	2.917526	5.494792	

Fit MANCOVA

```

mancova_model <- manova(cbind(warmth_avg, competence_avg) ~ group * condition + ideology,
                         data = data)

summary(mancova_model, test = "Pillai")

```

	Df	Pillai	approx F	num Df	den Df	Pr(>F)
group	1	0.01636	4.524	2	544	0.011257 *
condition	2	0.37127	62.116	4	1090	< 2.2e-16 ***
ideology	1	0.00632	1.730	2	544	0.178331
group:condition	2	0.02813	3.887	4	1090	0.003847 **

```

Residuals      545
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

summary(mancova_model, test = "Wilks")

          Df    Wilks approx F num Df den Df    Pr(>F)
group        1  0.98364     4.524      2    544  0.011257 *
condition    2  0.62873    71.032      4   1088 < 2.2e-16 ***
ideology     1  0.99368     1.730      2    544  0.178331
group:condition  2  0.97187     3.908      4   1088  0.003709 **
Residuals    545
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

Univariate ANCOVAs + Effect Sizes

```

fit_warmth <- lm(warmth_avg ~ group * condition + ideology, data = data)
fit_comp   <- lm(competence_avg ~ group * condition + ideology, data = data)

Anova(fit_warmth, type = 3)

```

Anova Table (Type III tests)

```

Response: warmth_avg
            Sum Sq Df  F value Pr(>F)
(Intercept) 322.30  1 136.1905 <2e-16 ***
group        0.56  1   0.2369 0.6267
condition   349.70  2  73.8837 <2e-16 ***
ideology     5.55  1   2.3471 0.1261
group:condition  0.26  2   0.0543 0.9472
Residuals    1289.78 545
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```
Anova(fit_comp, type = 3)
```

Anova Table (Type III tests)

```

Response: competence_avg
            Sum Sq Df F value Pr(>F)
(Intercept) 337.99  1 135.6123 < 2e-16 ***
group        9.41   1  3.7759 0.05251 .
condition    327.30  2  65.6609 < 2e-16 ***
ideology     9.18   1  3.6837 0.05547 .
group:condition 12.60  2  2.5275 0.08079 .
Residuals   1358.33 545
---
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```
eta_squared(Anova(fit_warmth, type = 3), partial = TRUE, ci = 0.95)
```

Type 3 ANOVAs only give sensible and informative results when covariates are mean-centered and factors are coded with orthogonal contrasts (such as those produced by `contr.sum`, `contr.poly`, or `contr.helmert`, but **not** by the default `contr.treatment`).

```
# Effect Size for ANOVA (Type III)
```

Parameter	Eta2 (partial)	95% CI
<hr/>		
group	4.34e-04	[0.00, 1.00]
condition	0.21	[0.16, 1.00]
ideology	4.29e-03	[0.00, 1.00]
group:condition	1.99e-04	[0.00, 1.00]

- One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at [1.00].

```
eta_squared(Anova(fit_comp, type = 3), partial = TRUE, ci = 0.95)
```

Type 3 ANOVAs only give sensible and informative results when covariates are mean-centered and factors are coded with orthogonal contrasts (such as those produced by `contr.sum`, `contr.poly`, or `contr.helmert`, but **not** by the default `contr.treatment`).

```
# Effect Size for ANOVA (Type III)
```

Parameter	Eta2 (partial)	95% CI
<hr/>		

```

-----
group | 6.88e-03 | [0.00, 1.00]
condition | 0.19 | [0.15, 1.00]
ideology | 6.71e-03 | [0.00, 1.00]
group:condition | 9.19e-03 | [0.00, 1.00]

```

- One-sided CIs: upper bound fixed at [1.00].

Planned Contrasts – RQ1: Ingroup vs Outgroup

```

# Warmth
emm_warmth <- emmeans(fit_warmth, ~ group * condition)
labs <- with(as.data.frame(emm_warmth), paste(group, condition, sep = "."))
make_w <- function(pos_names, neg_names, labels = labs) {
  w <- setNames(rep(0, length(labels)), labels)
  w[pos_names] <- w[pos_names] + 1
  w[neg_names] <- w[neg_names] - 1
  w
}
h1_warmth <- contrast(
  emm_warmth,
  method = list(
    "Prolife Ingroup vs Prochoice Outgroup" = make_w("Prolife.Ingroup", "Prochoice.Outgroup"),
    "Prochoice Ingroup vs Prolife Outgroup" = make_w("Prochoice.Ingroup", "Prolife.Outgroup")
  ),
  adjust = "none"
)
summary(h1_warmth, infer = c(TRUE, TRUE))

```

contrast	estimate	SE	df	lower.CL	upper.CL
Prolife Ingroup vs Prochoice Outgroup	2.01	0.267	545	1.48	2.53
Prochoice Ingroup vs Prolife Outgroup	1.85	0.261	545	1.34	2.36
t.ratio					
p.value					
7.509	<.0001				
7.090	<.0001				

Confidence level used: 0.95

```
eff_size(h1_warmth, sigma = sigma(fit_warmth), edf = df.residual(fit_warmth))
```

```

contrast
Prolife Ingroup vs Prochoice Outgroup - Prochoice Ingroup vs Prolife Outgroup
effect.size    SE   df lower.CL upper.CL
      0.103  0.273 545    -0.433    0.639

sigma used for effect sizes: 1.538
Confidence level used: 0.95

```

```

# Competence
emm_comp <- emmeans(fit_comp, ~ group * condition)
labs_c <- with(as.data.frame(emm_comp), paste(group, condition, sep = "."))
make_c <- function(pos_names, neg_names, labels = labs_c) {
  w <- setNames(rep(0, length(labels)), labels)
  w[pos_names] <- w[pos_names] + 1
  w[neg_names] <- w[neg_names] - 1
  w
}
h1_comp <- contrast(
  emm_comp,
  method = list(
    "Prolife Ingroup vs Prochoice Outgroup" = make_c("Prolife.Ingroup", "Prochoice.Outgroup"),
    "Prochoice Ingroup vs Prolife Outgroup" = make_c("Prochoice.Ingroup", "Prolife.Outgroup")
  ),
  adjust = "none"
)
summary(h1_comp, infer = c(TRUE, TRUE))

```

contrast	estimate	SE	df	lower.CL	upper.CL
Prolife Ingroup vs Prochoice Outgroup	2.08	0.274	545	1.54	2.62
Prochoice Ingroup vs Prolife Outgroup	1.58	0.268	545	1.05	2.10
t.ratio p.value					
7.581 <.0001					
5.898 <.0001					

Confidence level used: 0.95

```
eff_size(h1_comp, sigma = sigma(fit_comp), edf = df.residual(fit_comp))
```

```

contrast
Prolife Ingroup vs Prochoice Outgroup - Prochoice Ingroup vs Prolife Outgroup
effect.size    SE   df lower.CL upper.CL

```

```
0.317 0.273 545 -0.219 0.854
```

```
sigma used for effect sizes: 1.579  
Confidence level used: 0.95
```

Planned Contrasts – RQ2: Outgroup vs Metaperception

```
# Warmth  
h2_warmth <- contrast(  
  emm_warmth,  
  method = list(  
    "Prolife Outgroup vs Prochoice Meta" = make_w("Prolife.Outgroup", "Prochoice.Metapercept"),  
    "Prochoice Outgroup vs Prolife Meta" = make_w("Prochoice.Outgroup", "Prolife.Metapercept"),  
  ),  
  adjust = "none"  
)  
summary(h2_warmth, infer = c(TRUE, TRUE))
```

contrast	estimate	SE	df	lower.CL	upper.CL
Prolife Outgroup vs Prochoice Meta	0.933	0.263	545	0.417	1.45
Prochoice Outgroup vs Prolife Meta	0.764	0.267	545	0.240	1.29

t.ratio p.value
3.549 0.0004
2.865 0.0043

```
Confidence level used: 0.95
```

```
eff_size(h2_warmth, sigma = sigma(fit_warmth), edf = df.residual(fit_warmth))
```

```
contrast  
Prolife Outgroup vs Prochoice Meta - Prochoice Outgroup vs Prolife Meta  
effect.size SE df lower.CL upper.CL  
0.11 0.273 545 -0.427 0.647
```

```
sigma used for effect sizes: 1.538  
Confidence level used: 0.95
```

```

# Competence
h2_comp <- contrast(
  emm_comp,
  method = list(
    "Prolife Outgroup vs Prochoice Meta" = make_c("Prolife.Outgroup", "Prochoice.Metapercept"),
    "Prochoice Outgroup vs Prolife Meta" = make_c("Prochoice.Outgroup", "Prolife.Metapercept"),
  ),
  adjust = "none"
)
summary(h2_comp, infer = c(TRUE, TRUE))

```

contrast	estimate	SE	df	lower.CL	upper.CL
Prolife Outgroup vs Prochoice Meta	0.989	0.270	545	0.459	1.52
Prochoice Outgroup vs Prolife Meta	0.653	0.274	545	0.116	1.19
t.ratio p.value					
3.664 0.0003					
2.388 0.0173					

Confidence level used: 0.95

```
eff_size(h2_comp, sigma = sigma(fit_comp), edf = df.residual(fit_comp))
```

contrast	effect.size	SE	df	lower.CL	upper.CL
Prolife Outgroup vs Prochoice Meta - Prochoice Outgroup vs Prolife Meta	0.212	0.273	545	-0.325	0.75

sigma used for effect sizes: 1.579

Confidence level used: 0.95

Graph

```

# =====
# Ideology-adjusted scores + violin plots for Warmth & Competence
# =====
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(forcats)
```

```

# 0) Ensure ideology is numeric
if (!is.numeric(data$ideology)) {
  data <- data %>% mutate(ideology = suppressWarnings(as.numeric(ideology)))
}

# 1) Fit ANCOVA-style models (no interactions)
fit_warmth <- lm(warmth_avg ~ ideology + group * condition, data = data)
fit_comp   <- lm(competence_avg ~ ideology + group * condition, data = data)

b_warmth <- coef(fit_warmth)[["ideology"]]
b_comp    <- coef(fit_comp)[["ideology"]]
xbar      <- mean(data$ideology, na.rm = TRUE)

# 2) Compute ideology-adjusted scores
data <- data %>%
  mutate(
    warmth_adj      = warmth_avg - b_warmth * (ideology - xbar),
    competence_adj = competence_avg - b_comp * (ideology - xbar)
  )

# 3) Tidy for plotting
plot_df_adj <- data %>%
  filter(!is.na(group), !is.na(condition)) %>%
  mutate(
    group_label = fct_recode(group, "Pro-life" = "Prolife", "Pro-choice" = "Prochoice"),
    condition_label = fct_recode(
      condition,
      "Outgroup Perception" = "Outgroup",
      "Metaperception"       = "Metaperception",
      "Ingroup Perception"  = "Ingroup"
    ),
    condition_label = factor(condition_label,
                              levels = c("Ingroup Perception", "Outgroup Perception", "Metaperce"))
  ) %>%
  select(group_label, condition_label, warmth_adj, competence_adj) %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = c(warmth_adj, competence_adj),
    names_to = "dimension",
    values_to = "value_adj"
  ) %>%
  mutate(
    dimension_label = if_else(

```

```

        dimension == "warmth_adj", "Warmth", "Competence"
    )
)

# 4) Summary stats (means and SEs)
sum_df_adj <- plot_df_adj %>%
  group_by(group_label, condition_label, dimension_label) %>%
  summarise(
    mean = mean(value_adj, na.rm = TRUE),
    sd = sd(value_adj, na.rm = TRUE),
    n = sum(!is.na(value_adj)),
    se = sd / sqrt(n),
    .groups = "drop"
  )

# Optional: inspect means
print(sum_df_adj %>% arrange(dimension_label, group_label, condition_label))

```

	group_label	condition_label	dimension_label	mean	sd	n	se
	<fct>	<fct>	<chr>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<int>	<dbl>
1	Pro-life	Ingroup Perception	Competence	5.60	1.32	89	0.139
2	Pro-life	Outgroup Perception	Competence	4.04	1.73	89	0.183
3	Pro-life	Metaperception	Competence	2.87	1.70	85	0.184
4	Pro-choice	Ingroup Perception	Competence	5.62	1.43	96	0.146
5	Pro-choice	Outgroup Perception	Competence	3.52	1.41	96	0.144
6	Pro-choice	Metaperception	Competence	3.05	1.82	97	0.185
7	Pro-life	Ingroup Perception	Warmth	5.75	1.31	89	0.138
8	Pro-life	Outgroup Perception	Warmth	3.87	1.82	89	0.193
9	Pro-life	Metaperception	Warmth	2.98	1.58	85	0.171
10	Pro-choice	Ingroup Perception	Warmth	5.72	1.26	96	0.129
11	Pro-choice	Outgroup Perception	Warmth	3.74	1.34	96	0.136
12	Pro-choice	Metaperception	Warmth	2.94	1.82	97	0.185

```

# 5) Plot: violins
ggplot(plot_df_adj, aes(x = group_label, y = value_adj, fill = condition_label)) +
  geom_violin(position = position_dodge(width = 0.8), alpha = 0.7, width = 0.7, trim = TRUE)

# mean points
geom_point(
  data = sum_df_adj,

```

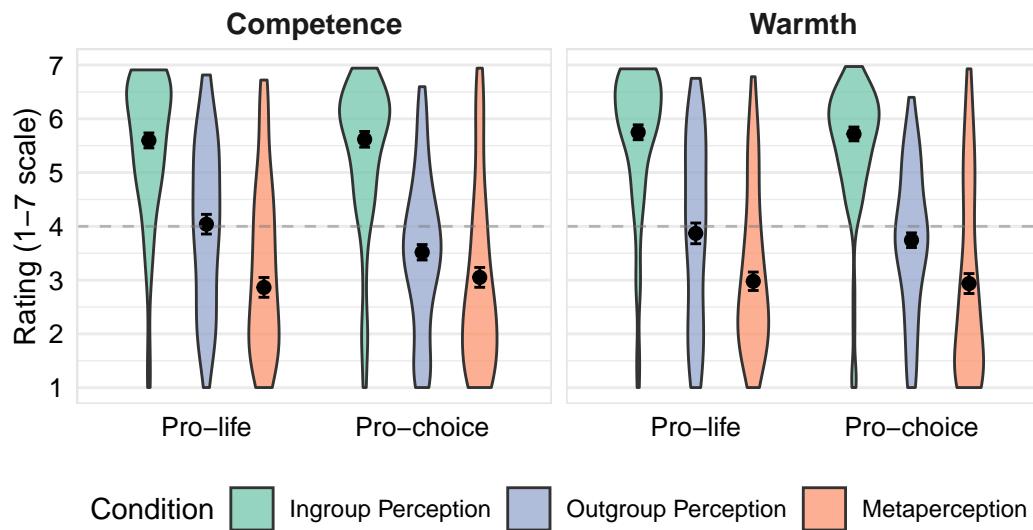
```

aes(x = group_label, y = mean, group = condition_label),
position = position_dodge(width = 0.8),
size = 2, color = "black", inherit.aes = FALSE
) +
# error bars
geom_errorbar(
  data = sum_df_adj,
  aes(x = group_label, ymin = mean - se, ymax = mean + se, group = condition_label),
  width = 0.15,
  position = position_dodge(width = 0.8),
  inherit.aes = FALSE
) +
facet_wrap(~ dimension_label, ncol = 2) +
scale_fill_manual(
  values = c(
    "Ingroup Perception" = "#66c2a5",
    "Outgroup Perception" = "#8da0cb",
    "Metaperception" = "#fc8d62"
  ),
  name = "Condition"
) +
labs(
  title = "Warmth and Competence Across Pro-life and Pro-choice Groups",
  subtitle = "Morality ratings with means and SE bars",
  x = NULL, y = "Rating (1-7 scale)"
) +
theme_minimal() +
theme(
  legend.position = "bottom",
  plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, face = "bold", size = 14),
  plot.subtitle = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = 12),
  strip.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = 11),
  panel.grid.major.x = element_blank(),
  panel.border = element_rect(fill = NA, color = "gray90"),
  axis.text = element_text(color = "black", size = 10)
) +
geom_hline(yintercept = 4, linetype = "dashed", color = "gray50", alpha = 0.5) +
scale_y_continuous(limits = c(1, 7), breaks = 1:7)

```

Warmth and Competence Across Pro-life and Pro-choice Groups

Morality ratings with means and SE bars



```
# 6) Save plot
ggsave(
  filename = "/Users/daryani/Desktop/warmth_competence_plot_adjusted.jpg",
  width = 8, height = 6, dpi = 300
)
```