
Tutorial - Week 4

Objectives: To practice with

- for, while, do...while repetition statements

1. What is displayed by this program fragment for an input of 8?

```
scanf("%d", &n);  
ev = 0;  
while (ev < n) {  
    printf("%3d", ev);  
    ev = ev + 2;  
}  
printf("\n");
```

Output:

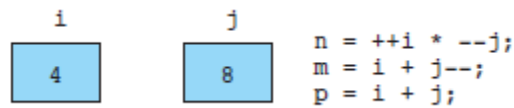
2. Write a program fragment that produces this output:

```
0  1  
1  2  
2  4  
3  8  
4 16  
5 32  
6 64
```

3. Where possible, write equivalents for the following statements using compound assignment operators:

- a. `s = s / 5;`
- b. `q = q * n + 4;`
- c. `z = z - x * y;`
- d. `t = t + (u % v);`

4. What values are assigned to *n*, *m*, and *p*, given these initial values?



5. What errors do you see in the following fragment? Correct the code so it displays all multiples of 4 from 0 through 100.

```
for mult4 = 0;
mult4 < 100;
mult4 += 4;
printf("%d\n", mult4);
```

6. Show the output displayed by these nested loops:

```
for (i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {
    printf("Outer %4d\n", i);
    for (j = 0; j < 2; ++j) {
        printf(" Inner%3d%3d\n", i, j);
    }
    for (k = 2; k > 0; --k) {
        printf(" Inner%3d%3d\n", i, k);
    }
}
```

7. Write nests of loops that cause the following output to be displayed:

```
0
0 1
0 1 2
0 1 2 3
0 1 2 3 4
0 1 2 3 4 5
0 1 2 3 4
0 1 2 3
0 1 2
0 1
0
```

8. Rewrite the following code using a do-while statement with no decisions in the loop body:

```
sum = 0;
for (odd = 1; odd < n; odd = odd + 2)
    sum = sum + odd;
printf("Sum of the positive odd numbers less than %d is
      %d\n", n, sum);
```

In what situations will the rewritten code print an incorrect sum?



9. Design an interactive input loop that scans pairs of integers until it reaches a pair in which the first integer evenly divides the second.



10. What does the following code segment display? Try each of these inputs: 345, 82, 6. Then, describe the action of the code.

```
printf ("\n Enter a positive integer> ");
scanf ("%d", &num);
do {

    printf ("%d ", num % 10);
    num /= 10;
} while (num > 0);
printf ("\n");
```

11. Write a do-while loop that repeatedly prompts for and takes input until a value in the range 0 through 15 inclusive is input. Include code that prevents the loop from executing forever on input of a wrong data type.