Problem set 1

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1 Question 2 (a)

Explaination: I first download the file with wget and unzip it. From the data I know that all the countries do not have the symbol "+", and regions have it. So I use grep to seperate the data. Furthermore, I use awk to get all the 2005 in the forth column and grep the Area Harvested and get the top five. For the last part of the question, I perform a for loop, and within each loop, I perform the same thing described above, but change the year. The result shows that the ranking for the top 5 countries keeps changing, but most of them stay in the top five position constantly.

```
wget -0 p2.csv "http://data.un.org/Handlers/
   DownloadHandler.ashx?DataFilter=itemCode:526&
   DataMartId=FAO&Format=csv&c=2,3,4,5,6,7&s=countryName:
   asc, elementCode:asc, year:desc"
unzip -p p2.csv > q2a.csv
#change the comma in the first column to underscore
sed -e 's/, /_/g' q2a.csv > q1.csv
#create one file for countries, and the other for regions
grep + q1.csv > region.csv
grep -v + q1.csv > country.csv
#get the top 5 countries in year 2005
top5=$(awk -F',' '$4 ~ "2005"' country.csv | grep 'Area
   Harvested' | sed 's/\"//g' | sort -rn -t',' -k 6 | cut
    -d','-f1 \mid sed -n '1,5p' \mid sed -e 's/_/, /g')
echo $top5
#perform a for loop for each year
for i in $(seq 1965 10 2005)
do
```

```
echo "\{i\}: \{(awk -F', '' + 4 ^ ' + i) '' country.
           csv | grep 'Area Harvested' | sed 's/\"//g' |
           sort -rn -t',' -k 6 | cut -d',' -f1 | sed -n
           '1,5p' \mid sed -e 's/_/, /g')" >> output.txt
done
cat output.txt
## --2017-09-07 19:03:33-- http://data.un.org/Handlers/
   DownloadHandler.ashx?DataFilter=itemCode:526&
   DataMartId=FAO&Format=csv&c=2,3,4,5,6,7&s=countryName:
   asc, elementCode:asc, year:desc
## Resolving data.un.org... 85.159.207.229
## Connecting to data.un.org | 85.159.207.229 | :80...
   connected.
## HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
## Length: 68264 (67K) [application/zip]
## Saving to: p2.csv
##
##
       0K .....
   ..... 75% 2.36M 0s
     50K ..... ....
                                      100% 93.7K=0.2s
##
## 2017-09-07 19:03:35 (336 KB/s) - p2.csv
                                              saved
   [68264/68264]
##
## Turkey Iran, Islamic Republic of Pakistan Uzbekistan
  Algeria
## 1965: USSR
## Turkey
## United States of America
## Spain
## Tunisia
## 1975: USSR
## Turkey
## Spain
## Tunisia
## Italy
## 1985: Turkey
## USSR
## Spain
## Iran, Islamic Republic of
## Tunisia
## 1995: Turkey
```

```
## Iran, Islamic Republic of
## Spain
## Ukraine
## Tunisia
## 2005: Turkey
## Iran, Islamic Republic of
## Pakistan
## Uzbekistan
## Algeria
```

The result shows that the top 5 countries keeps changing, but most of them are relatively stable to be in top 5 for these years

2 Question 2 (b)

Explaination: If the number of argument is not one, then return invalid number of arguments; if the argument is "-h", return the usage; else, download the file and unzip it; if there is no data except title, then return the code is wrong; otherwise read the data.

```
{ function showCSV () { if [ $# != "1" ] ; then echo "
   invalid number of arguments"; elif [ $1 = "-h" ] ;
   then echo "usage: myfun [num]" ; else wget -0 showCSV.
   csv 'http://data.un.org/Handlers/DownloadHandler.ashx?
   DataFilter=itemCode:'$1'&DataMartId=FAO&Format=csv&c
   =2,3,4,5,6,7&s=countryName:asc,elementCode:asc,year:
   desc'; unzip -p showCSV.csv > temp.csv; tail -n +2
   temp.csv > content.csv; check=$(cut -d',' -f1 content.
   csv | wc -l); if [ $check -eq "1" ] ; then echo "there
   is no csv file under the item code"; else less temp.
   csv; fi; fi; };
```

3 Question 3

Explaination: I first get all the txt file name in the URL, and adding the file name after the URL to get the URL for the txt file. I perform a for loop, and in each loop, I download a file and echo that I have downloaded the file.

```
havetxt=$(curl -s https://www1.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/
  ghcn/daily/ | grep -o '\[.*.txt' | cut -c 26- | grep -
  o '.*"' | sed 's/"//g')
```

4 Question 4 code

The code for section 4 is here:

```
#\let\oldsection\section
#\renewcommand\section{\clearpage\oldsection}

#\section{Question 4}

#The height of the water level in Lake Huron fluctuates
    over time. Here I analyze #the variation using R
    . I show a histogram of the lake levels

#for the period \Sexpr{start(LakeHuron)[1]} to \Sexpr{end
    (LakeHuron)[1]}.

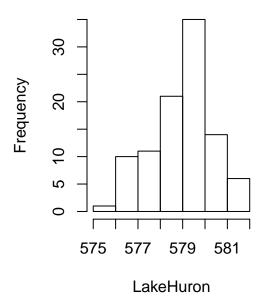
#<<r-plot, fig.height = 3>>=
#hist(LakeHuron)
#lowHi <- c(which.min(LakeHuron), which.max(LakeHuron))
#earExtrema <- attributes(LakeHuron)$tsp[1]-1 + lowHi
#@</pre>
```

5 Question 4

The height of the water level in Lake Huron fluctuates over time. Here I analyze the variation using R. I show a histogram of the lake levels for the period 1875 to 1972.

hist(LakeHuron)

Histogram of LakeHuron



```
lowHi <- c(which.min(LakeHuron), which.max(LakeHuron))
yearExtrema <- attributes(LakeHuron)$tsp[1]-1 + lowHi</pre>
```