HPY 413 Assignment: 4

Network traffic monitoring using the Packet Capture library

Submission deadline: 03/12/2023

In this assignment, you will create a networking monitoring tool based on the C programming language. You are required to utilize the packet capture library (libpcap), where this library allows you to to capture the packets from the network interface of the executed device. More specifically:

- 1. You required to process traffic in two modes
 - a. Online: monitor the traffic live from a network interface (pcap open live)
 - b. Offline: read a pcap file (pcap open offline).
- 2. For this assignment, you will capture network traffic and you will process the incoming TCP and UDP packets. Do not use pcap_compile or pcap_setfilter.
- 3. You can find more information about the libpcap: https://linux.die.net/man/3/pcap and https://www.tcpdump.org

Implementation

During this assignment you are required to implement the following:

- 1. Select one interface that you wish to monitor or select the pcap file name.
- 2. Start capturing/reading packets.
- 3. Apply any provided filter.
- 4. Decode each received packet (i.e., is it a TCP or UDP packet?)¹
- 5. Skip any packet that is not TCP or UDP.
- 6. Print the packet's source and destination
 - a. IP addresses.
 - b. port numbers.
- 7. Print the packet's protocol.
- 8. Print the packet's TCP/UDP header length and TCP/UDP payload length in bytes.
- 9. Find where the payload is in memory.
- 10. Can you tell if an incoming TCP packet is a retransmission? If yes, how? If not, why?
- 11. Can you tell if an incoming UDP packet is a retransmission? If yes, how? If not, why?
- 12. In your program (when possible), mark each retransmitted packet as "Retransmitted".
- 13. On exit, your program must print the following statistics:
 - a. Total number of network flows captured.2
 - b. Number of TCP network flows captured.
 - c. Number of UDP network flows captured.

¹ Support both IPv4 and IPv6 packets.

² A network flow is defined by the 5-tuple {source IP address, source port, destination IP address, destination port, protocol}.

- d. Total number of packets received (include the packets you skipped, that weren't TCP or UDP packets.).
- e. Total number of TCP packets received.
- f. Total number of UDP packets received.
- g. Total bytes of TCP packets received.
- h. Total bytes of UDP packets received.

Command Line Parameters

The developed tool should also support command line arguments and switch the execution functionality based on the parsed arguments. The options that should be supported are:

-i	Select the network interface name (e.g., eth0)
-r	Packet capture file name (e.g., test.pcap)
-f	Filter expression in string format (e.g., port 8080)
-h	Help message, which show the usage of each parameter

Examples of the execution:

- ./pcap_ex -i eth0 (save the packets in log.txt)
- ./pcap_ex -r test_pcap_5mins.pcap (print the outputs in terminal)
- ./pcap ex -i eth0 -f "port 8080"

Additional information

- 1. The options defined in the "Tool specification" section must remain as-is.
- 2. If no appropriate option was given, your program has to print the appropriate error message.
- 3. You need to create a Makefile to compile your library and programs (you must submit it with your source code).
- 4. You are provided with a sample packet capture to test your program. Its duration is 5 minutes.
- 5. You need to create a README with your name, your AM and a short description of your implementation.
- 6. You must submit the following files: README, Makefile, pcap_ex.c.
- 7. You should write the outputs of the execution (with -i) in a log.txt file and the outputs of the execution (with -r) appear in the terminal.
- 8. You should place all these files in a folder named <AM>_assign5 and then compress it as a .zip file. For example, if your login is 2020123456 the folder should be named 2020123456 assign5 you should submit 2020123456 assign5.zip.
- 9. GPT generated code is banned, and submission with GPT created code would be rejected.