物聯網作業 HW5

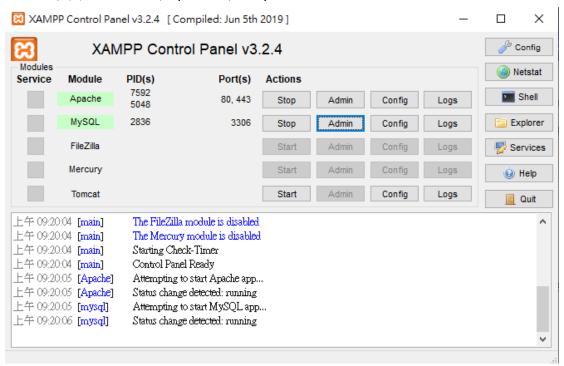
資工碩一 403401263 蘇亭云

(20%) Part 1: localhost 呈現 highchart 圖形

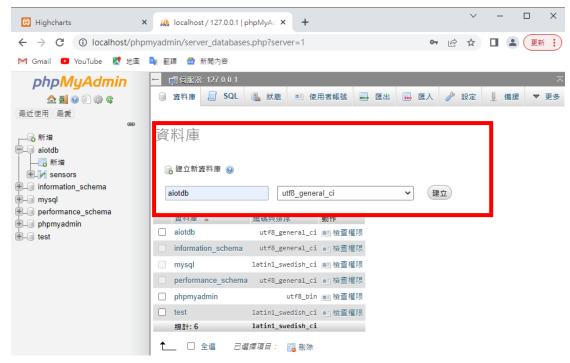
Sensor data from MySQL to Highcharts



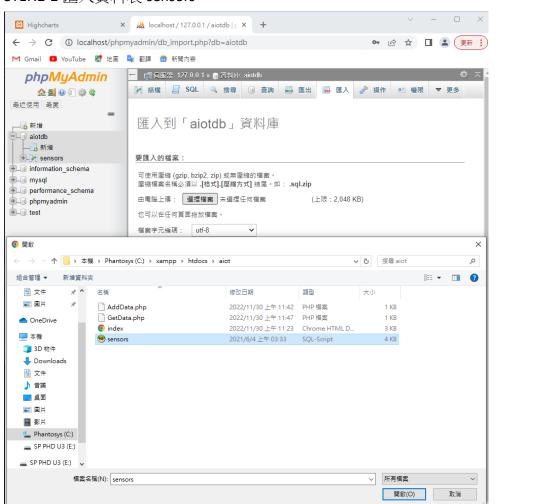
STEP1. 開啟 XAMPP 的 Apache 和 MySQL

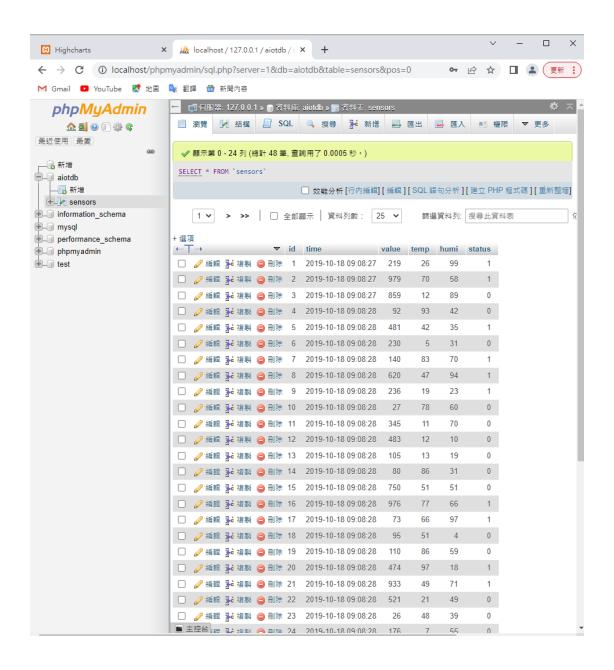


STEP2.按 MySQL Admin 開啟 phpmyadmin localhost/phpMyAdmin STEP.2-1 創 aiotdb 資料庫

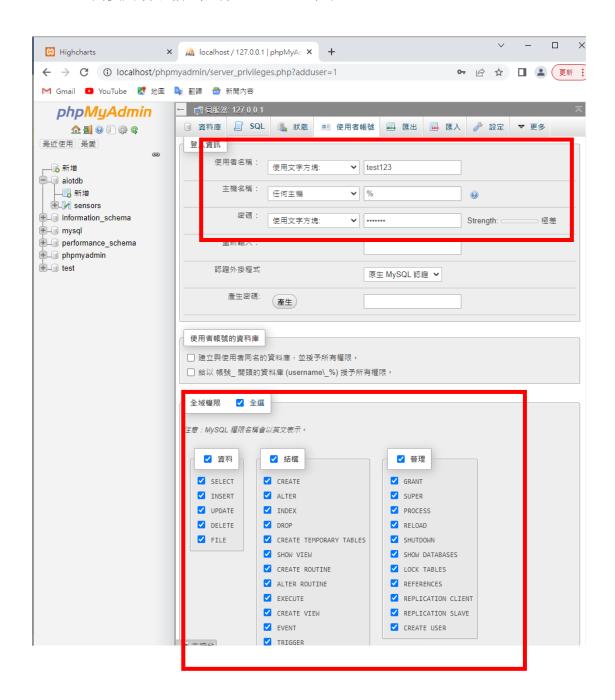


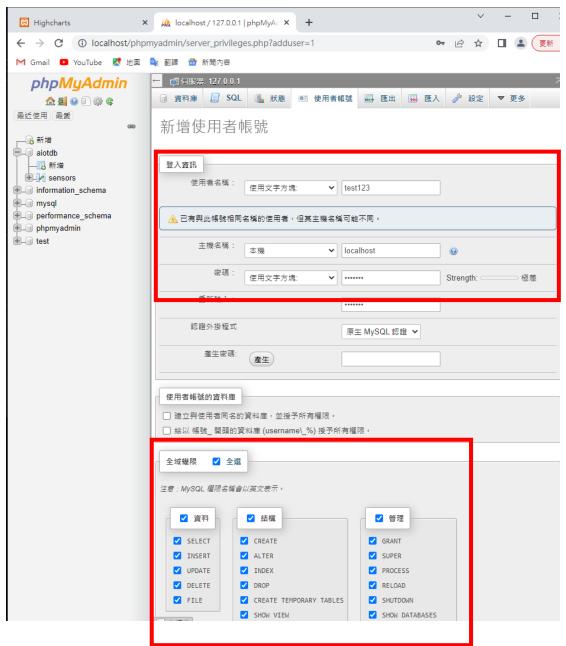
STEP.2-2 匯入資料表 sensors





STEP.2-3 創使用者名稱: 帳號:test123 密碼:test123

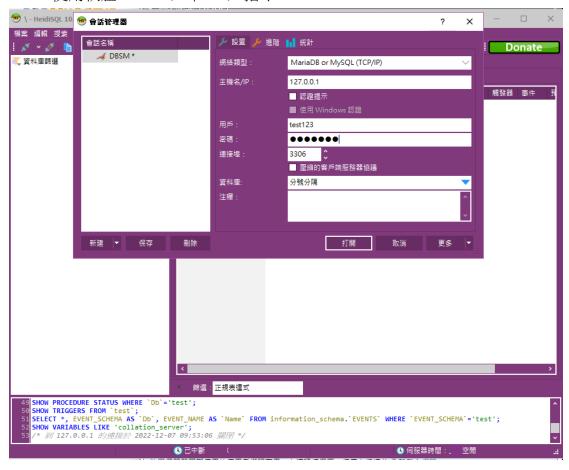




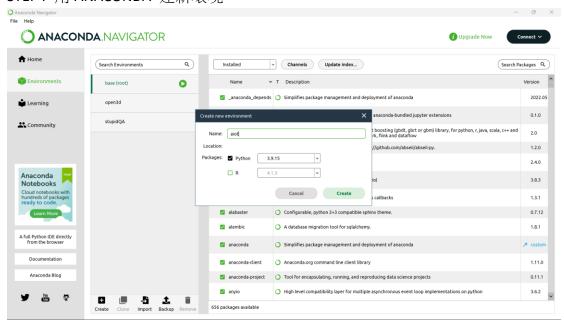
使用者帳號一覽

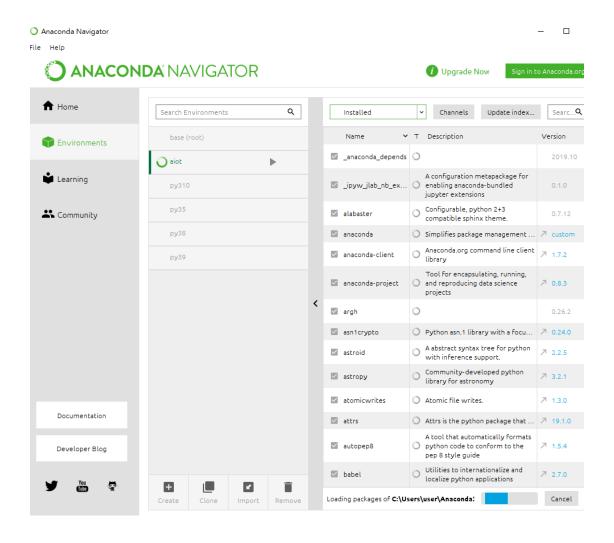
使用者名稱	主機名稱	密碼	全域權限 🕑	使用者群組	允許授權(Grant)	動作
任何	%	否②	USAGE		否	🐉 編輯權限 🚍 匯出
pma	localhost	否	USAGE		否	🐉 編輯權限 🔜 匯出
root	127.0.0.1	否	ALL PRIVILEGES		是	🐉 編輯權限 萬 匯出
root	::1	否	ALL PRIVILEGES		是	🐉 編輯權限 萬 匯出
root	ec2amaz-1qpqh3j	否	ALL PRIVILEGES		是	🐉 編輯權限 萬 匯出
root	localhost	否	ALL PRIVILEGES		是	🔊 編輯權限 萬 匯出
test123	%	是	ALL PRIVILEGES		是	🐉 編輯權限 🕮 匯出
test123	localhost	是	ALL PRIVILEGES		是	🐉 編輯權限 📺 匯出

STEP3 使用軟體 HeidiSQL 下 SQL 指令

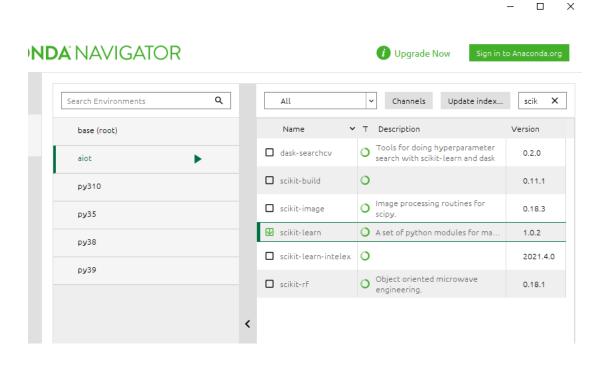


STEP4 用 ANACONDA 建新環境



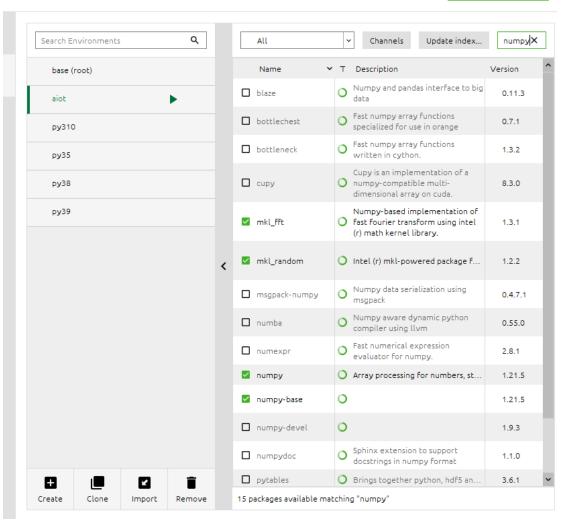


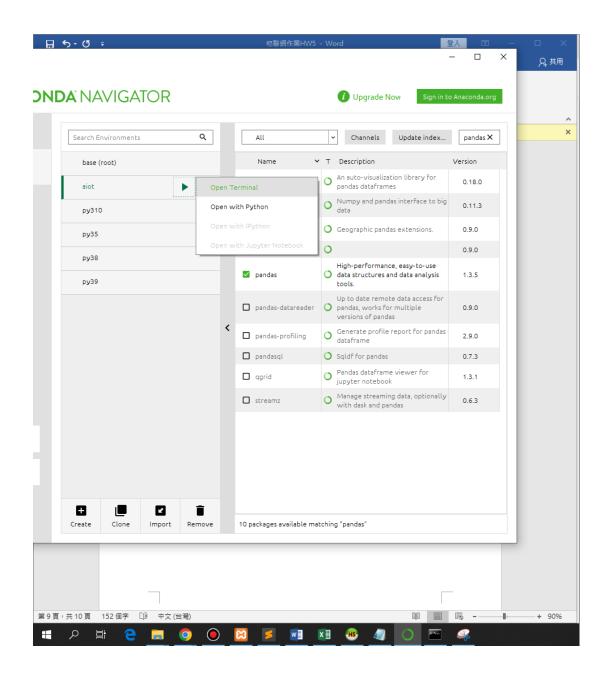
下載套件 1.Scikit-learn 2.pandas 3.numpy



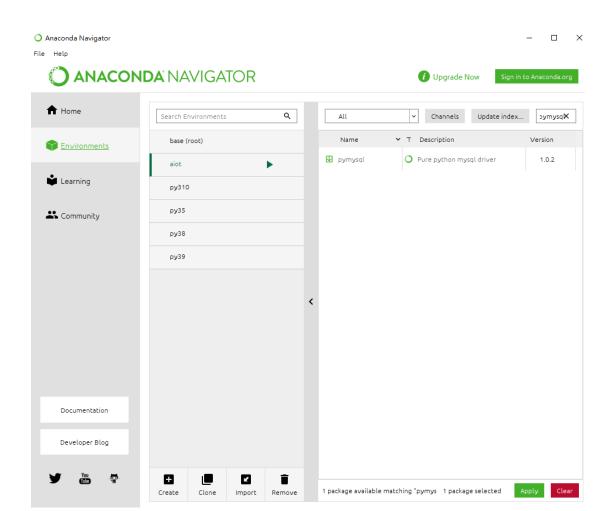
NDA NAVIGATOR

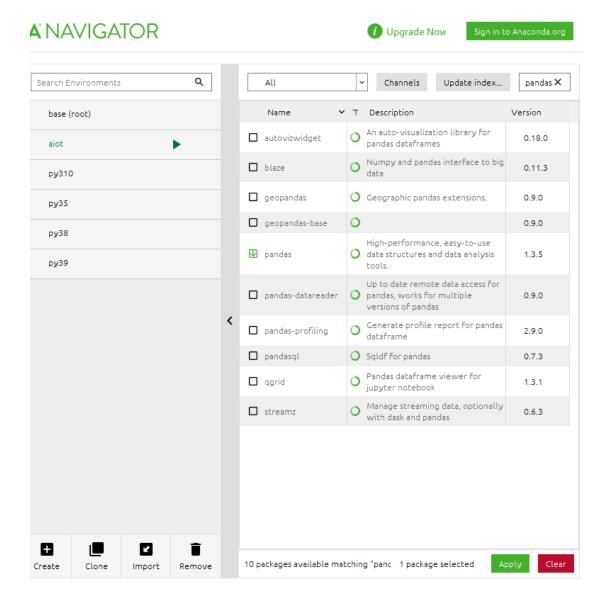




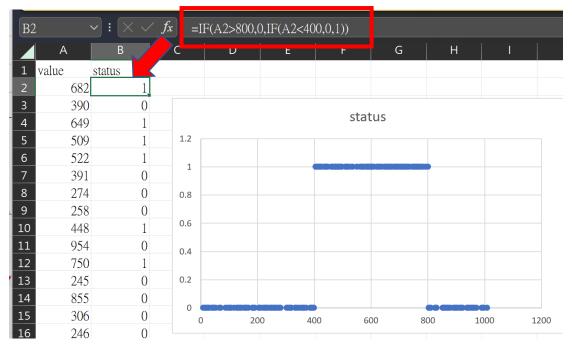


```
■ 選取 C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
                                                                                                                                  ×
 (aiot) C:\Users\user>pip list
Package Version
certifi 2022.9.24
pip 22.2.2
setuptools 65.5.0
wheel 0.37.1
wincertstore 0.2
 (aiot) C:\Users\user>pip list
 .
Package
                             Version
Bottleneck 1.3.5
certifi 2022.9.24
joblib 1.1.1
mkl-fft 1.3.1
mkl-random 1.2.2
mkl-service 2.4.0
numexpr 2.8.4
numpy 1.21.5
packaging 21.3
pandas 1.3.5
pip 22.2.2
pyparsing 3.0.9
python-dateutil 2.8.2
pytz 2022.1
scikit-learn 1.0.2
scipy 1.7.3
setuptools 65.5.0
six 1.16.0
                             1.16.0
2.2.0
0.37.1
0.2
 six
 threadpoolctl
 wheel
 wincertstore
 (aiot) C:\Users\user>pip install pymysql
 Installing collected packages: pymysql
Successfully installed pymysql–1.0.2
  (aiot) C:\Users\user>
```





(20%) Part 2: Al Module 與 web 互動 (要實現 Al 複雜一點的判斷 非線性 using trainN.csv)



Light value 400~800 >> status=1

Light value < 400 or > 800 >> status=0

Sensor data from MySQL to Highcharts



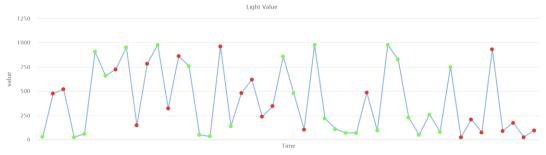
```
// show last 50 筆 data 小於50筆:0 大於50筆-50 for (var i = ((data.length<50)? 0:data.length-50); i < data.length; i++)
```

SCHSOL MATCHER MANAGE TO LIBRICHARDS



按 Random button 可以將 status 狀態用亂 >> 紅綠點隨機





再執行 EA.py 可恢復

(20%) Part 3: Al module myAl.pkz 訓練出來放到 web, (也就是不再需要 training.csv)

● 使用 pickle 儲存模型並利用 gzip 壓縮

```
#==== gzip and pickle
import pickle
import gzip
with gzip.GzipFile('mySVCModel.pgz', 'w') as f:
    pickle.dump(model, f)
```

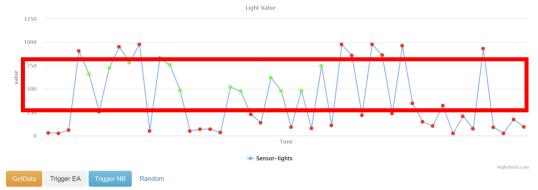


存訓練好的 SVC model

用存好的 SVC model 做訓練

```
#====== load model ========
import pickle
import gzip
#讀取Model
with gzip.open('mySVCModel.pgz', 'r') as f:
model = pickle.load(f)
```

Sensor data from MySQL to Highcharts

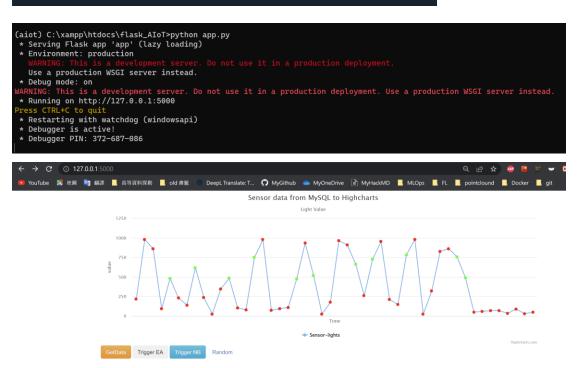


(20%) Part 4: 改用 flask 框架

Demo 影片: https://youtu.be/esFO0mnexmM

python app.py

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True, use_reloader=True, port=5000)
```

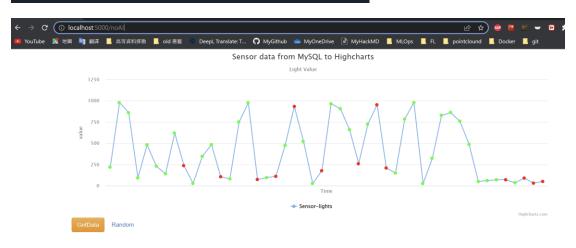


```
getData.php 改成 getData
$(function () {
     $.ajax({
          url: '/getData',//連接的URL
           uala: { } ,// 火市的麥數
           dataType: 'json', //資料格式
           success: function(data) //傳送成功的function
                      lights = [];
                     humis=[];
                     temps = [];
time = [];
                      // show last 50 筆 data 小於50筆:0 大於50筆-50
                      for (var i = ((data.length<50)? 0:data.length-50); i < data.length; i++)</pre>
                           if(parseInt(data[i][5])==0){
                                lights.push({y:parseInt(data[i][2]), color: '#FF0000' });
humis.push({y:parseInt(data[i][3]), color: '#FF0000' });
temps.push({y:parseInt(data[i][4]), color: '#FF0000' });
                           }else{
                                lights.push({y:parseInt(data[i][2]), color: '#00FF00' });
humis.push({y:parseInt(data[i][3]), color: '#00FF00' });
temps.push({y:parseInt(data[i][4]), color: '#00FF00' });
                           time.push(data[i][1]);
                      highcharsinit();
                      } //success end
          }); //ajax end
     }); //function end
    cript>
```

```
@app.route("/getData")
deт geтµaтa():
myserver ="localhost"
   myuser="test123"
   mypassword="test123"
   mydb="aiotdb"
   debug =0
   from pandas import DataFrame as df
   import pandas as pd
                                            # 引用套件並縮寫為 pd
   import numpy as np
   import pymysql.cursors
   conn = pymysql.connect(host=myserver,user=myuser, passwd=mypassword, db=mydb)
   c = conn.cursor()
   if debug:
       input("pause.. conn.cursor() ok.....")
   #===== 執行 MySQL 查詢指令 =====#
   c.execute("SELECT * FROM sensors")
```

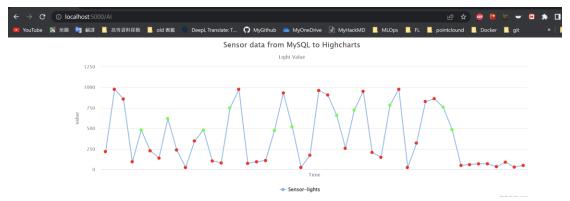
一開始下 SQL 弄亂 各點 status

```
#===== 執行 MySQL 更新指令 =====#
c.execute("UPDATE sensors SET STATUS=RAND()")
conn.commit()
```



用預訓練模型 train

```
@app.route("/getPredict")
def getPredict():
    myserver ="localhost"
    myuser="test123"
    mypassword="test123"
mydb="aiotdb"
    debug =0
    from pandas import DataFrame as df
    import pymysql.cursors
    conn = pymysql.connect(host=myserver,user=myuser, passwd=mypassword, db=mydb)
    c = conn.cursor()
    if debug:
        input("pause.. conn.cursor() ok.....")
    #step 2: load model #讀取Model###
    import pickle
    import gzip
    with gzip.open('model/mySVCModel.pgz', 'r') as f:
        model = pickle.load(f)
```



(20%) Part 5:改成 ngrok 讓他有一個 domain name

