

Strategic Japanese: Natural Speaking 5



1 Model

- Casual:

A: Nē, mou tabeta? (Have you already eaten?)

B: Un, tabeta. (Yes, I have) / Uun, mada. (No, I haven't yet)

A: Nee, mou itta? (Have you already been there?)

B: Un, itta. (Yes, I have) / Uun, mada. (No, I haven't)

- Formal:

A: Suzuki san, mō tabemashita?

B: Ee, tabemashita. / Iie, mada.

A: Nee, mou ikimashita?

B: Ee, ikimashita. / Iie, mada.

2 Task

Convert the following verbs into past tense and formal style.

0. taberu (eat) → tabeta → tabemasu → tabemashita

1. miru (see) → _____

2. yomu (read) → _____

3. kaku (write) → _____

4. tsukuru (make) → _____

5. iku (go) → _____

6. suru (do) → _____

7. kuru (come) → _____

3 Activity

Ask your classmates in both casual and formal style.

A: a. Suzuki san, mou tabeta?

B: b. Un, tabeta. / Uun, mada.

0. a. Suzuki _____ b. tabeta _____ c. mada or mou _____

1. a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

2. a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

3. a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

4. a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

5. a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

4 Discussion

- How do you feel that you speak a way as short as possible?
- What is the point of how to speak naturally?
- What kind of techniques or words do you want to add to improve your speaking style?

Strategic Japanese: Giving responses—Aizuchi words

1 Responses A: Aizuchi words

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. hai, ee : yes/formal[f] | 12. tashikani : certainly [b] |
| 2. un, aa : yup,yah/casual[c] | 13. zettai? : absolutely [c] |
| 3. sō, sōdesuka : yeah,is that so? [c,f] | 14. sono tōri : exactly [c] |
| 4. yosasō : sounds good/both[b] | 15. honto ni?, maji de?, hē? : really? [b,c,c] |
| 5. sō omou : I think so [b] | 16. sō nano? : is that so? [c] |
| 6. desunē : it is! [b] | 17. osoraku, tabun : probably [b,b] |
| 7. ee mattaku : totally [b] | 18. kamo : can be, could be [c] |
| 8. ii, iidesune : ok [b] | 19. kamoshirenai : can be, could be [b] |
| 9. iiyō : ok, you can/I will [c] | 20. sore wa yokatta : that's good, cool [b] |
| 10. naruhodo : I see [b] | 21. darō? : see? it's right! [c] |
| 11. sokka : I see [c] | 22. desho? : see? I knew it! [c] |

2 Responses B: Techniques

1. Repeating what your partner says
2. Use sympathy words
3. Watch your partner's eyes and talk
4. Don't talk about yourself.

3 Activity

Chat with your partners with aizuchi words and techniques.

A: Suzuki san, choko aru? (Mr. Suzuki, do you have a chocolate?)

B: choko? uun nai.

A: so, nai no.

B: so, un, nai yo. choko oishii! choko aru no?

A: un, aru yo. oishii ne! iru?

B: un, choko iru! arigato!

- | | |
|---|----------|
| 0. <u>Suzuki san had a chocolate and gave me.</u> | 3. _____ |
| 1. _____ | 4. _____ |
| 2. _____ | 5. _____ |

4 Discussion

1. What kind of objects did you asked your classmates?
2. What kind of functions do you think 'aru' and 'shitteiru' have respectively?
3. How are you going to use the two expressions today?