Guiding the Developing Dentition in Pediatric Dentistry



Associate Professor

Pediatric Dentist

College of Dental Medicine

University of Sharjah







M

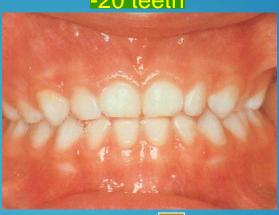
Developmental periods

Predentate period



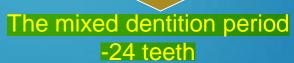


The deciduous dentition period -20 teeth



The permanent dentition period -32 teeth









Need to know....?

- Normal process of development of dentition and occlusion
- Transient malocclusion and self correcting anomalies
- Guiding and correction developing malocclusion in mixed dentition
- Preventive and interceptive orthodontic procedures



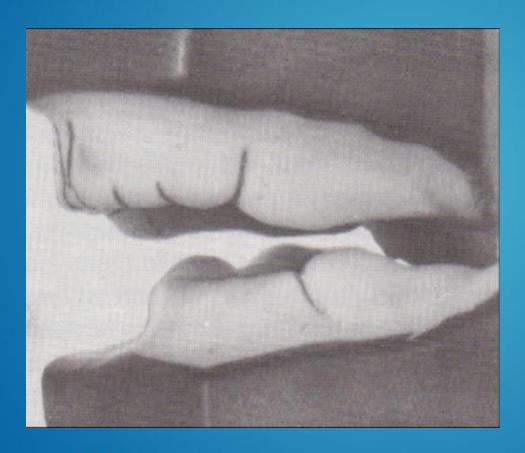






M

The gum pads(birth to six months)





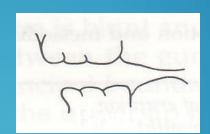


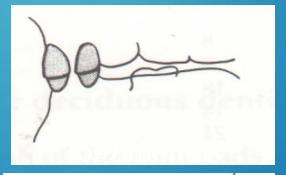


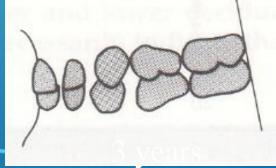


Eruption of primary teeth: 6 months to 36 months

- Anterior teeth erupt in vertical upright position – less overjet
- Deep bite (Increased overbite)









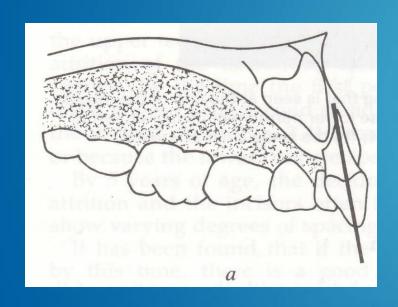


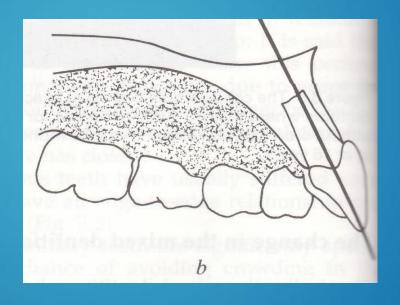






Vertical position of the primary teeth.











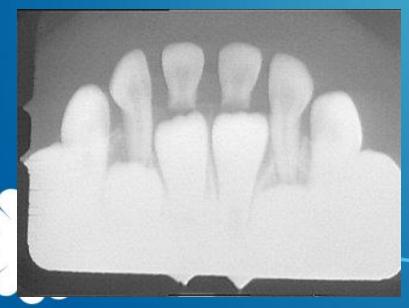




The primary dentition

- Spaced dentitionphysiological / developmental spaces
- Closed dentition



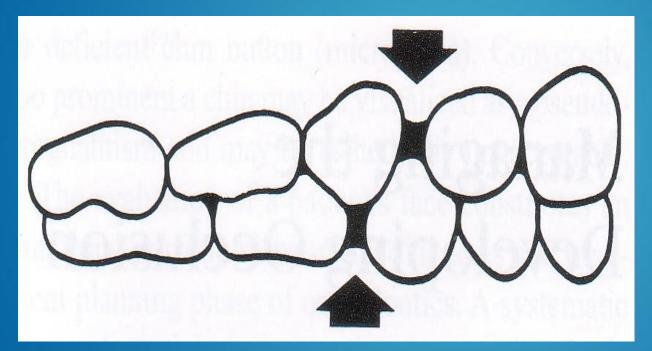






Primate spaces

Mesial to upper canine distal to lower canine







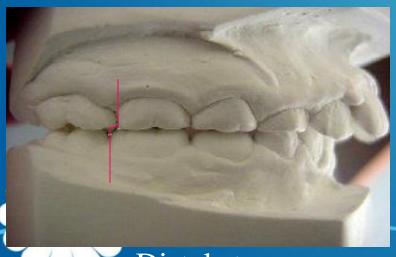


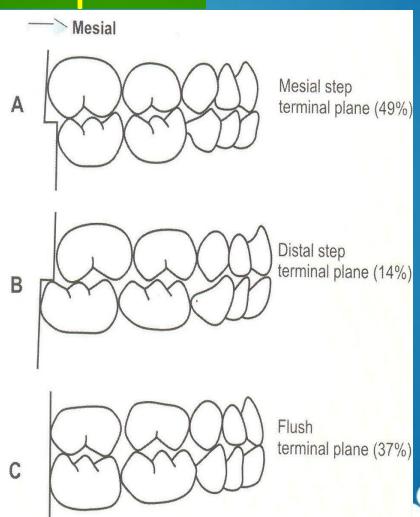




The terminal plane

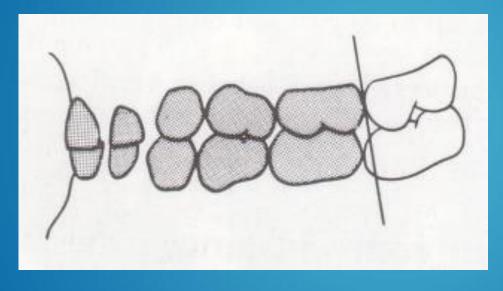
- Flush terminal plane
- Mesial step
- Distal step







Early mixed dentition: 6 to 9 years



5-6 years



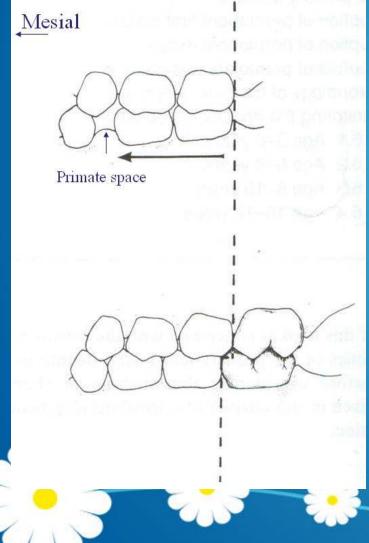




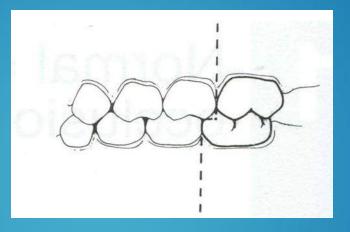


Early mesial shift

Spaced dentition



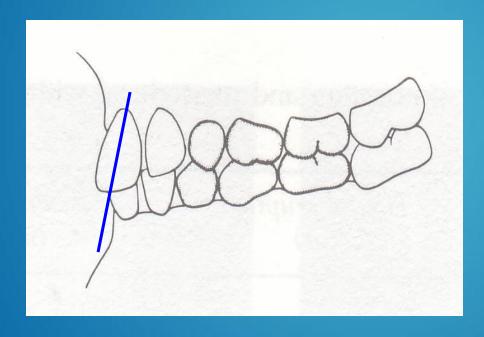
Closed dentition



No mesial shift



Early mixed dentition: 6 to 9 years



8-9years









M

Incisal liability

- Sum of MD width of BA | AB = X
- Sum of MD width of
- 21 | 12 = Y
- Y>X
- Tooth size difference is about 6-7 mm.













Incisor liability adjusment:

- Interdental spacing: 2-3 mm
- Intercanine arch growth: 3-4 mm
- Incisor labiality:1-2 mm



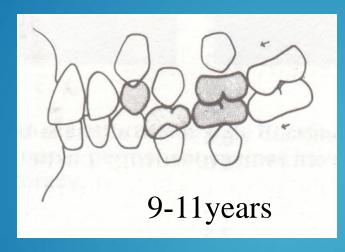


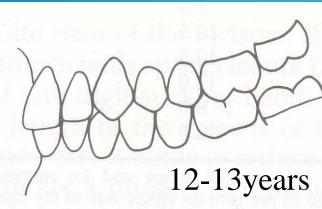






Late mixed dentition: 9-12 years







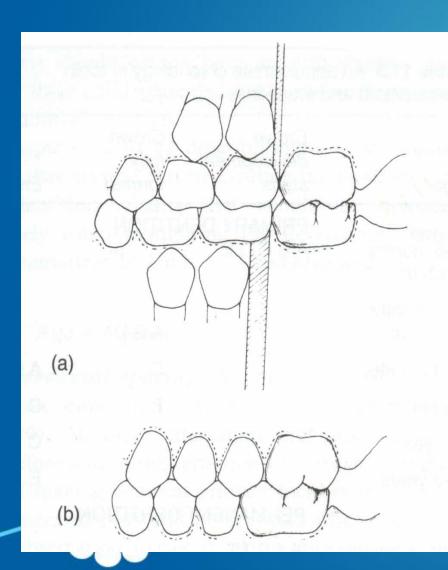






M

Leeway space of nance



Sum of MD width of EDC is greater EDC than sum of MD width of 543
543

Maxilla =0.9mm/1.8mm Mandible=1.7mm/3.4mm

Late mesial shift



Leeway space of Nance







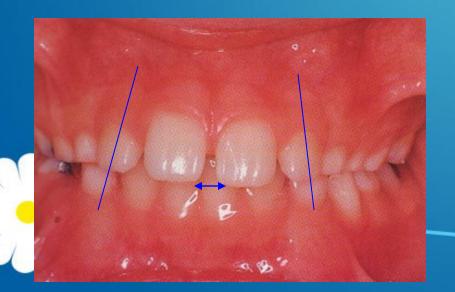


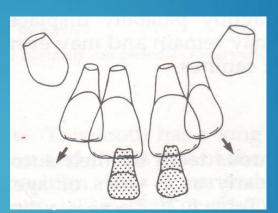


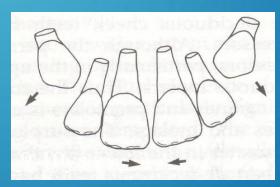


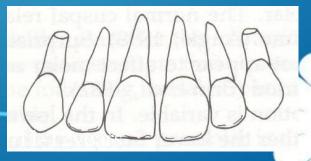
Ugly duckling stage (Broadbent phenomenon): 9-11years

 Flaring of the upper central and lateral incisors



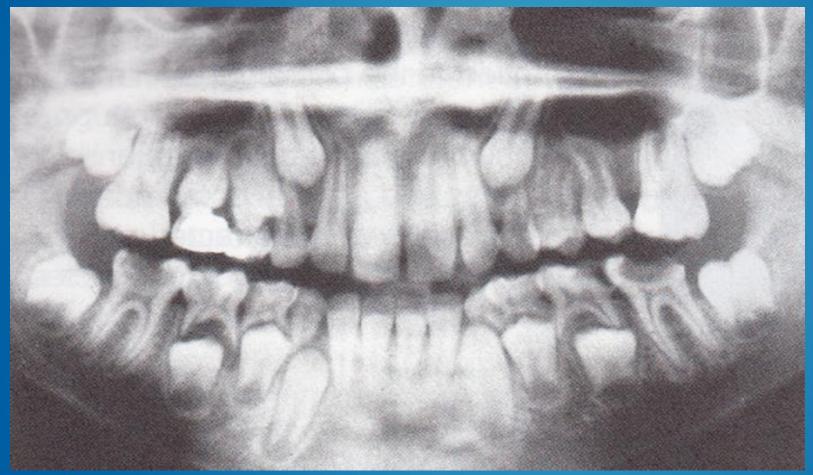






M

Ugly duckling stage





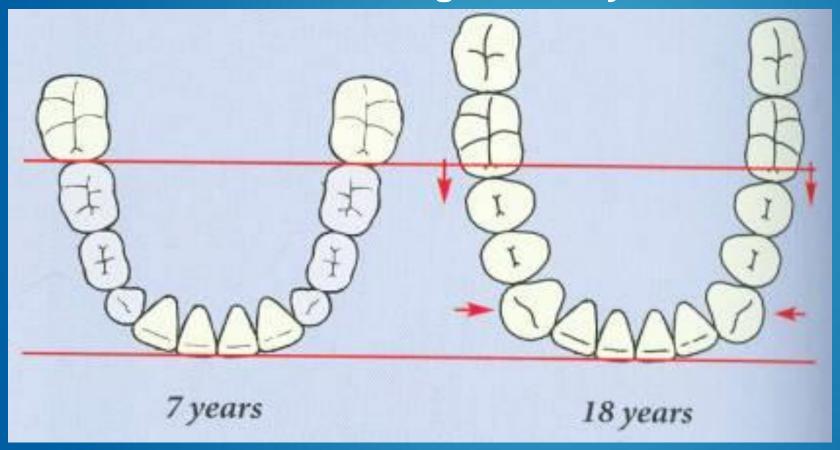








Dimensional changes: 6-18 years

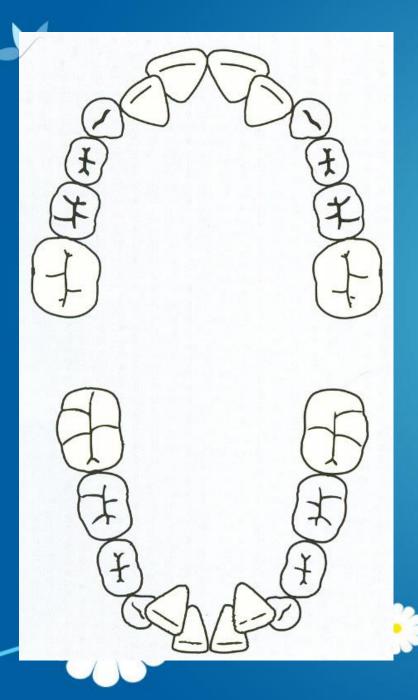




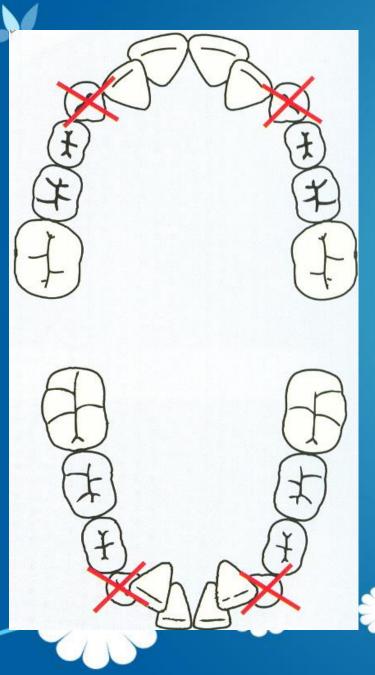








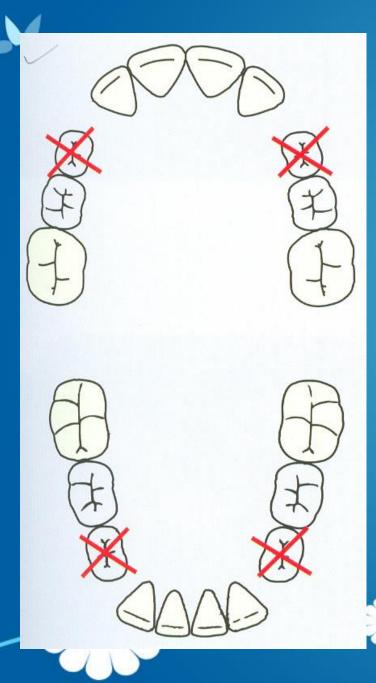
Serial extraction



Rationale:

•Allow eruption and optimal alignment of the lateral incisors



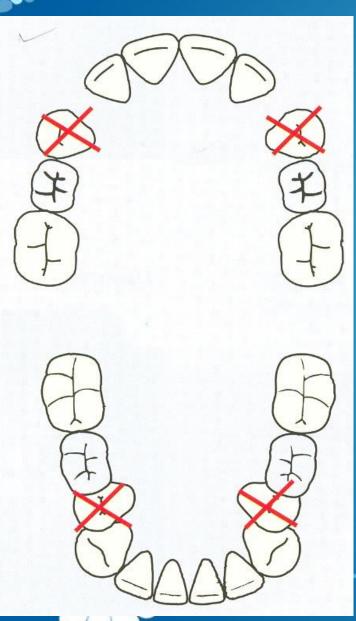


Rationale:

•To accelerate the eruption of 1st premolar, ahead of the permanent canines if possible





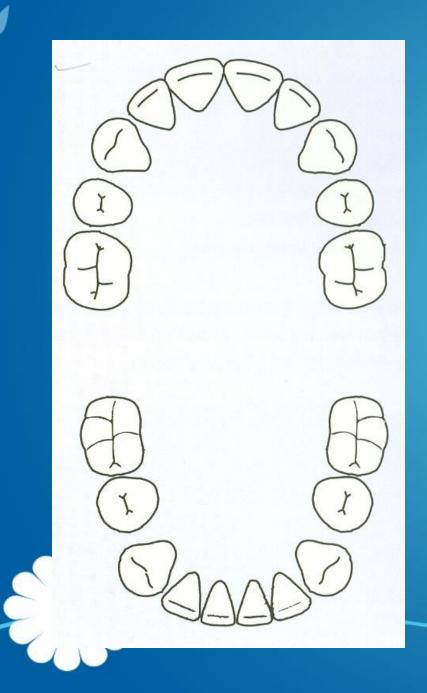


Rationale:

•To allow the erupting canine to drift distally into the premolar space.







Final outcome

- 1. Aligned incisors
- 2. Missing first premolar
- 3. Spacing in the posterior segment
- 4. Canine occupying space of 1st premolar



Other interceptive procedures





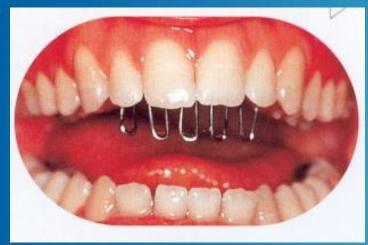






Habit breaking appliance

TONGUE THRUSTING











Fixed intra oral appliance













Blue grass appliance







Digit sucking



Mouth breathing

Etiology

- 1. Deviated nasal septum
- 2. Allergic rhinitis, nasal polyps
- 3. Enlarged adenoids or tonsils
- 4. Short upper lip preventing lip seal
- 5. Obstruction in the bronchial

tree







Lip bumper

Before















Anterior crossbite

- Tongue blade therapy
- Lower inclined plane(catalan's appliance)
- Removable Hawley's appliance
- Fixed appliances











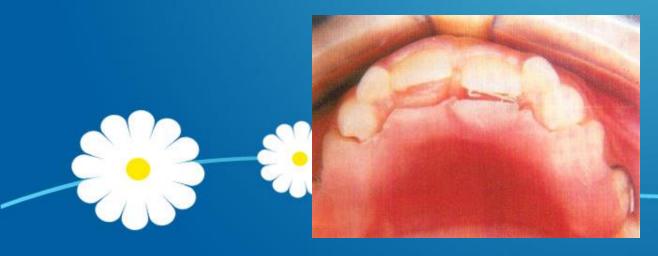
Anterior crossbite

Before After





Appliance used







Lower inclined plane (catalan's)















Pre treatment









Post treatment



Developing anterior crossbite



Tongue blade therapy











Posterior Cross bite













Management of premature loss of primary teeth in mixed dentition

- Space supervision
- Space maintainer
- Space regainer









Space maintainers for unilateral single tooth loss in the posterior region















Distal Shoe Space Maintainer













Lower Lingual Holding Arch Bilateral loss in lower arch







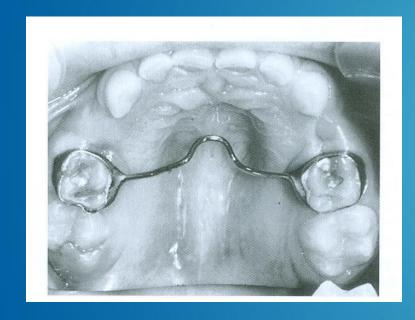








Bilateral loss in the upper arch



Transpalatal Arch (Bar)



Nance Appliance











Fixed Space Maintaining for Anterior teeth













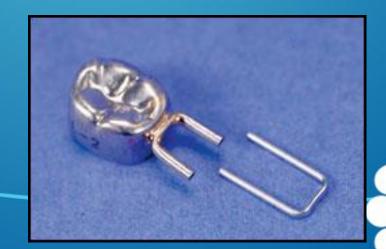
Bonded Space Maintainer

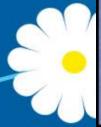




Preformed space maintainer







M

Fixed space regainers





Lip bumper





conclusions

Guiding developing dentition from primary to permanent teeth enables clinicians to achieve proper occlusion and minimizing the need for major orthodontic intervention whenever required.



