Import Libraries

In [2]: ▶ from ydata_profiling import ProfileReport

Read Data

```
In [4]:  M movie = pd.read_csv("movie_metadata.csv")
```

In [4]: ▶ movie.head()

Out[4]:

	color	director_name	num_critic_for_reviews	duration	director_facebook_likes	actor_3_facebook_likes	actor_2_name
0	Color	James Cameron	723.0	178.0	0.0	855.0	Joel David Moore
1	Color	Gore Verbinski	302.0	169.0	563.0	1000.0	Orlando Bloom
2	Color	Sam Mendes	602.0	148.0	0.0	161.0	Rory Kinnear
3	Color	Christopher Nolan	813.0	164.0	22000.0	23000.0	Christian Bale
4	NaN	Doug Walker	NaN	NaN	131.0	NaN	Rob Walker

5 rows × 28 columns

4

In [5]: ▶ movie.dtypes Out[5]: color object director_name object num_critic_for_reviews float64 duration float64 director_facebook_likes float64 actor_3_facebook_likes float64 actor_2_name object actor_1_facebook_likes float64 gross float64 genres object actor_1_name object movie_title object num_voted_users int64 cast_total_facebook_likes int64 actor_3_name object facenumber_in_poster float64 plot_keywords object movie_imdb_link object num_user_for_reviews float64 language object country object content_rating object float64 budget title year float64 actor_2_facebook_likes float64 imdb score float64 aspect ratio float64 movie_facebook_likes int64

Exploratory Data Analysis

dtype: object

A Jupyter widget could not be displayed because the widget state could not be found. This could happen if the kernel storing the widget is no longer available, or if the widget state was not saved in the notebook. You may be able to create the widget by running the appropriate cells.

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Overview

Number of variables	28
Number of observations	5043
Missing cells	2698
Missing cells (%)	1.9%
Duplicate rows	45
Duplicate rows (%)	0.9%
Total size in memory	1.1 MiB
Average record size in memory	224.0 B
Average record size in memory /ariable types	224.0 B
/ariable types	224.0 B
·	
/ariable types	3
/ariable types Categorical Text	3 9

Out[8]:

Examine and Remove Observations with missing values

```
In [5]: ► # Report missing values
            print(movie.isnull().sum())
            color
                                         19
            director_name
                                        104
            num_critic_for_reviews
                                        50
                                        15
            duration
            director facebook likes
            actor_3_facebook_likes
                                        23
            actor_2_name
                                         13
            actor_1_facebook_likes
                                         7
                                        884
            gross
            genres
            actor_1_name
                                          7
            movie_title
            num voted users
            cast_total_facebook_likes
            actor 3 name
                                        23
            facenumber_in_poster
                                        13
            plot keywords
                                        153
            movie imdb link
                                         0
            num_user_for_reviews
                                       21
            language
                                        12
            country
                                         5
            content_rating
                                        303
                                        492
            budget
            title_year
                                       108
                                       13
            actor_2_facebook_likes
            imdb_score
                                         0
            aspect_ratio
                                        329
            movie_facebook_likes
            dtype: int64
In [10]: ▶ # Drop columns with missing values
            movie = movie.dropna()
        Check and Drop Duplicates
```

```
In [11]: 

# Check for duplicates
            print(movie.duplicated().sum())
            33
In [12]: ► # Remove duplicates
            movie = movie.drop_duplicates()
```

Examine Categorical Variables

```
In [13]: ▶ # Check for categorical columns
             for col in movie.columns:
                 if movie[col].dtype == "object":
                     print(col)
             color
             director name
             actor_2_name
             genres
             actor 1 name
             movie_title
             actor_3_name
             plot_keywords
             movie_imdb_link
             language
             country
             content_rating
```

Identify and Exclude Highly Correlated Features

```
In [15]: 

# Check correlation between variables
             correlation_matrix = X.corr()
             # Create a mask for highly correlated features
             threshold = 0.8 # Set your correlation threshold here
             correlation_mask = abs(correlation_matrix) > threshold
             # Identify highly correlated pairs
             correlation_pairs = []
             for i in range(len(correlation_matrix.columns)):
                 for j in range(i + 1, len(correlation_matrix.columns)):
                     if correlation_mask.iloc[i, j]:
                         correlation_pairs.append((correlation_matrix.columns[i], correlation_matrix.columns[j]
             print("Highly correlated feature pairs:")
             for feature1, feature2 in correlation pairs:
                 print(f"{feature1} - {feature2}")
             Highly correlated feature pairs:
             actor_1_facebook_likes - cast_total_facebook_likes
In [16]: 

# Remove one of each correlated pair
             filtered_features = set()
             for feature1, feature2 in correlation_pairs:
                 if feature1 in filtered_features or feature2 in filtered_features:
                     continue
                 filtered_features.add(feature2)
             # Drop highly correlated features from X
             X_filtered = X.drop(columns=filtered_features)
```

Define Features and Targets and Training Test Split

```
In [14]:  # Extract features and target variable
X = movie.drop("imdb_score", axis=1)
y = movie["imdb_score"]
```

Create Transformers for Numerical and Categorical Features

```
In [18]: ▶ # Define numerical and categorical features
             numerical_features = X_filtered.select_dtypes(include=[np.number]).columns.tolist()
             categorical_features = X_filtered.select_dtypes(include=[object]).columns.tolist()
In [19]: ▶ numerical_features
   Out[19]: ['num_critic_for_reviews',
              'duration',
              'director_facebook_likes',
              'actor_3_facebook_likes',
              'actor_1_facebook_likes',
              'gross',
              'num_voted_users',
              'facenumber_in_poster',
              'num_user_for_reviews',
              'budget',
              'title_year',
              'actor_2_facebook_likes',
              'aspect_ratio',
              'movie_facebook_likes']
In [20]: ▶ categorical features
   Out[20]: ['color',
              'director_name',
              'actor_2_name',
              'genres',
              'actor_1_name',
              'movie_title',
              'actor_3_name',
              'plot_keywords'
              'movie_imdb_link',
              'language',
              'country',
              'content_rating']
In [21]: 🔰 # Preprocessing: Create transformers for numerical and categorical features
             numeric_transformer = Pipeline(steps=[('scaler', StandardScaler())])
             categorical_transformer = Pipeline(steps=[('onehot', OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore'))])
             preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(
                 transformers=[
                     ('num', numeric_transformer, numerical_features),
                     ('cat', categorical_transformer, categorical_features)
                 ])
```

Define Regressor Models

Define Hyperparameters

```
In [23]:  param_grids = {
                 "KNN": {
                     "model__n_neighbors": [3, 5, 7],
                     "model__weights": ['uniform', 'distance'],
                     "model__p": [1, 2] # Manhattan or Euclidean distance
                 },
                 "Random Forest": {
                     "model__n_estimators": [50, 100],
                     "model__max_depth": [None, 10, 20],
                     "model__min_samples_split": [2, 5, 10],
                     "model__min_samples_leaf": [1, 2, 4],
                     "model__max_features": ['auto', 'sqrt', 'log2']
                 "Gradient Boosting": {
                     "model n estimators": [50, 100],
                     "model_learning_rate": [0.01, 0.1, 0.2],
                     "model__max_depth": [3, 5, 7],
                     "model_subsample": [0.8, 0.9, 1.0], # Fraction of samples used for fitting trees
                     "model__min_samples_split": [2, 5, 10]
                }
             }
```

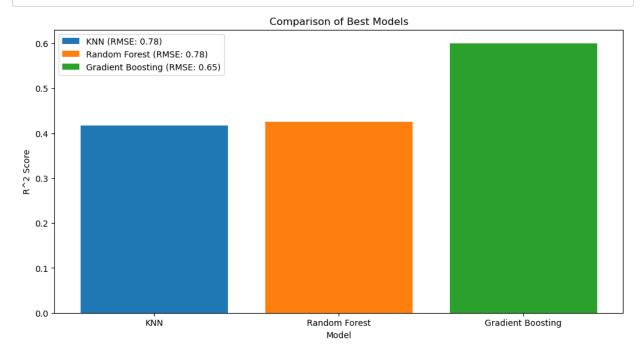
Model Training and Identifying best Hyperparameters

In [27]: ▶ best_models

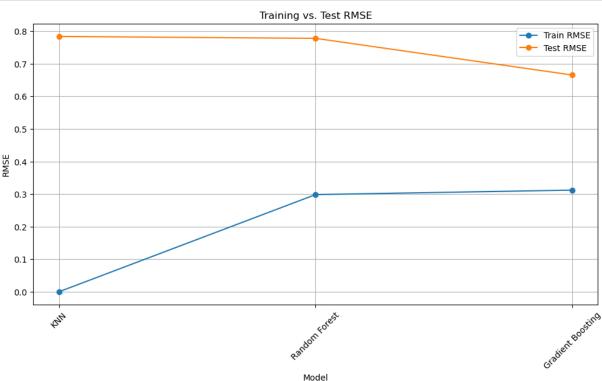
```
Out[27]: {'KNN': Pipeline(steps=[('preprocessor',
                            ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('num',
                                                               Pipeline(steps=[('scaler',
                                                                                StandardScaler())]),
                                                               ['num_critic_for_reviews',
                                                                'duration',
                                                                'director_facebook_likes',
                                                                'actor_3_facebook_likes',
                                                                'actor_1_facebook_likes',
                                                                'gross', 'num_voted_users',
                                                                'facenumber_in_poster',
                                                                'num_user_for_reviews',
                                                                'budget', 'title_year',
                                                                'actor_2_facebook_likes',
                                                                'aspect_ratio',
                                                                'movie_facebook_likes']),
                                                              ('cat',
                                                               Pipeline(steps=[('onehot',
                                                                                OneHotEncoder(handle unknown
          ='ignore'))]),
                                                               ['color', 'director_name',
                                                                'actor_2_name', 'genres',
                                                                'actor_1_name',
                                                                'movie_title',
                                                                'actor_3_name',
                                                                'plot_keywords'
                                                                'movie_imdb_link'
                                                                'language', 'country',
                                                                'content_rating'])])),
                           ('model',
                            KNeighborsRegressor(n neighbors=7, p=1, weights='distance'))]),
           'Random Forest': Pipeline(steps=[('preprocessor',
                            ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('num',
                                                               Pipeline(steps=[('scaler',
                                                                                StandardScaler())]),
                                                               ['num_critic_for_reviews',
                                                                'duration',
                                                                'director_facebook_likes',
                                                                'actor_3_facebook_likes',
                                                                'actor_1_facebook_likes',
                                                                'gross', 'num_voted_users',
                                                                'facenumber_in_poster',
                                                                'num_user_for_reviews'
                                                                'budget', 'title_year',
                                                                'actor_2_facebook_likes',
                                                                'aspect_ratio',
                                                                'movie_facebook_likes']),
                                                              ('cat',
                                                               Pipeline(steps=[('onehot',
                                                                                OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown
          ='ignore'))]),
                                                               ['color', 'director_name',
                                                                'actor_2_name', 'genres',
                                                                'actor_1_name',
                                                                'movie_title',
                                                                'actor_3_name'
                                                                'plot_keywords'
                                                                'movie_imdb_link',
                                                                'language', 'country',
                                                                'content_rating'])])),
                           ('model', RandomForestRegressor(max features='sqrt'))]),
           'Gradient Boosting': Pipeline(steps=[('preprocessor',
                            ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('num',
                                                               Pipeline(steps=[('scaler',
                                                                                StandardScaler())]),
                                                               ['num_critic_for_reviews',
                                                                'duration',
                                                                'director facebook likes',
                                                                'actor 3 facebook likes',
```

```
'actor 1 facebook likes',
                                                      'gross', 'num_voted_users',
                                                      'facenumber_in_poster',
                                                      'num_user_for_reviews',
                                                      'budget', 'title_year',
                                                      'actor 2 facebook likes',
                                                      'aspect ratio',
                                                      'movie facebook likes']),
                                                    ('cat',
                                                     Pipeline(steps=[('onehot',
                                                                       OneHotEncoder(handle unknown
='ignore'))]),
                                                     ['color', 'director_name',
                                                      'actor_2_name', 'genres',
                                                      'actor_1_name',
                                                      'movie_title',
                                                      'actor_3_name',
                                                      'plot_keywords',
                                                      'movie_imdb_link',
                                                      'language', 'country',
                                                      'content_rating'])])),
                 ('model',
                  GradientBoostingRegressor(max_depth=7, subsample=0.8))])}
```

Model Evaluation and Selection



```
eval results = {}
            train_rmse_values = []
            test_rmse_values = []
            for model_name, model in best_models.items():
                model.fit(X_train, y_train) # Fit on the training data
                y_train_pred = model.predict(X_train)
                y_test_pred = model.predict(X_test)
                rmse_train = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_train, y_train_pred))
                rmse_test = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test, y_test_pred))
                eval_results[model_name] = (rmse_train, rmse_test)
                train_rmse_values.append(rmse_train)
                test_rmse_values.append(rmse_test)
            # Plot training vs. test results as a line graph
            plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
            x_labels = list(eval_results.keys())
            plt.plot(x_labels, train_rmse_values, marker='o', label='Train RMSE')
            plt.plot(x_labels, test_rmse_values, marker='o', label='Test RMSE')
            plt.xlabel('Model')
            plt.ylabel('RMSE')
            plt.title('Training vs. Test RMSE')
            plt.legend()
            plt.xticks(rotation=45)
            plt.grid(True)
            plt.show()
```



Selected Model