datatypes

A value in JavaScript is always of a certain type. For example, a string or a number.There are eight basic data types in JavaScript.

String= represents sequence of characters e.g. "hello"

Number= represents numeric values e.g. 100

Boolean= represents boolean value either false or true

Undefined:=represents undefined value

Null= represents null i.e. no value at all

JavaScript non-primitive data types

Object=represents instance through which we can access members

Array= represents group of similar values

example:

var a=40;//holding number

var b="Rahul";//holding string