Bayesian Network Project Guidelines

Objective

Develop a Bayesian network model using Netica for an application of your choice. This project demonstrates your understanding of Bayesian networks, from structure design to probabilistic inference.

Submission Requirements

Groups must submit:

- Video Presentation (max 6 minutes):
 - Explain the network's construction (variables, states, edges, probabilities).
 - Demonstrate at least two probabilistic inference scenarios.
 - The video must not be AI-generated, and at least one group member must provide a human narration.
- Netica File: Submit the constructed Bayesian network file.

Note: On Blackboard, you will find a folder with academic articles showcasing Bayesian networks in various scenarios to inspire your project.

Tasks

1. Identify an Application of Interest

Choose a domain where Bayesian networks are applicable, such as:

- Healthcare: Diagnosing diseases.
- Environmental Science: Predicting weather conditions.
- Sports Analytics: Predicting match outcomes.
- Business Decision-Making: Customer behavior analysis.

2. Design the Bayesian Network

- a. Identify relevant variables and their states.
 - Example: For diagnosing diseases, variables might include symptoms (e.g., fever, cough) and diseases (e.g., flu, cold).
- b. Define the relationships (edges) between variables.
 - Example: Fever might influence the likelihood of Flu.
- c. Specify conditional probability tables (CPTs).
 - Base probabilities on logical assumptions or existing literature.

3. Demonstrate the Network

- Use Netica to:
 - Define nodes, states, and probabilities.
 - Establish directed edges to represent relationships.
- Show how the network performs probabilistic inference:
 - Example: Input evidence (e.g., Cough = Yes) and explain updated probabilities for outcomes.

Example Scenario: Healthcare Diagnosis

Application Description

Develop a Bayesian network to assist in diagnosing diseases based on symptoms and test results.

Steps to Create the Network

a. Identify Variables:

- Disease Status (Yes/No)
- Symptoms (e.g., Fever, Cough)
- Test Results (Positive/Negative)
- Risk Factors (e.g., Age, Smoking)

b. Define Relationships:

- Risk Factors influence Disease Status.
- Disease Status influences Symptoms and Test Results.

c. Assign Probabilities:

• Example: Probability of *Positive Test Result* given *Disease Status = Yes*.

Inference Demonstration

- **Scenario 1:** Given a *Positive Test Result* and *Fever*, determine the probability of *Disease Status* = Yes.
- Scenario 2: Analyze how changing *Risk Factors* affects the probability of *Disease Status*.