

## **Problem A. Triples**

You are given a grid size  $m \times n$ , the horizontal lines of the grid are numbered from 1 to m, from top to bottom, the vertical lines of the grid are numbered from 1 to n, from left to right. The point is located on the intersection of line i and column j of grid called point (i, j). Each point can be colored blue, red or not colored. We call triple sets  $(C_1, C_2, C_3)$  a nice set if three point  $C_1, C_2, C_3$  satisfy the following conditions:

- 1) C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub> in the same row, and C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub> in the same column;
- 2) C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>3</sub> the same color and different color with C<sub>2</sub>.
- 3) C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub> should be colored.

**Request:** Your task is to count the number of triple sets.

## Input

The first line contains the integer  $T \le 10$  that is the number of data sets. The following T lines, each of the following forms:

- The first line contains two integers  $m, n \le 1000$ ;
- Each of next m lines contains a string of length n. The character j on line i is 0, 1 or 2, respectively, is not colored, colored in blue or colored in red.

## **Output**

There are T lines, each line is an integer which is the number of nice sets that correspond to the input set.

## **Examples**

Standard Input	Standard Output
1	1
3 3	
000	
201	
002	