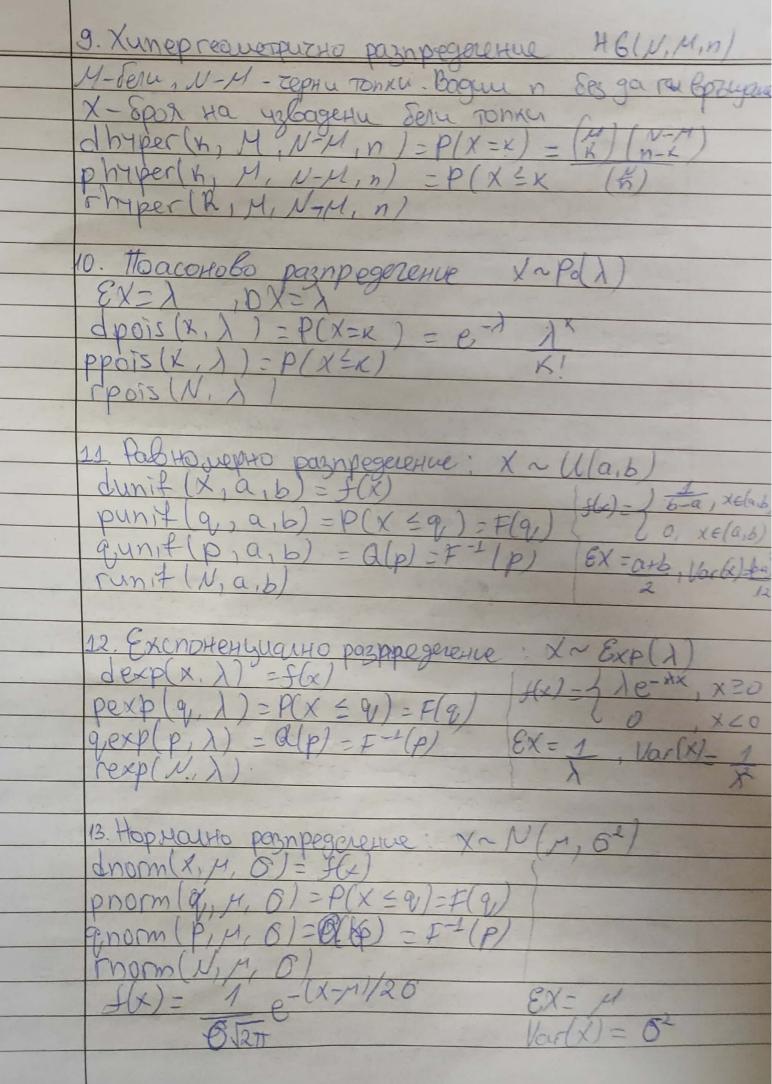
R-cheat sheet 1 Тенеризане на регизи гер(5, Limes > 8) , гер (С(1,2), Limes - 5) 1/12,12... rep(c(1,2), length-out=7); x15:12); y=c(10:1) Seq, (from=1, 70=10, by=2), seq (from=10, to=1, by=-2) 2. Harpuyer M= rbind(c(5,3,5,6), c(8,3,7,4)) ; M[2,3] 1/7 M[,3] M= cbind(c(5,3,5,6), ((8,3,7,4)); M= matrix(c(1:12), nrow=3,red= M= madrix(cls:12), nrow=3, ncd=4, byrow= TRUE) 3 Date frame df= data. frame (x,y); df \$x ; df \$9 df 25,3 df \$x [df \$y 2=5] (df [df \$2 2-5, c("x","?")] 4 Moregan fyrkyny replace (x, Pist, values); Helse (test, Yes, no); any (...); all ...) unique !. duplicated (...); is element (xiy) 1 x //10/09 tabulate (-) i substr (x, start, stop) sample (c(1:10), 5, peplace -T) sample (cl) 2, replace - any (diff ==0); any Duplicated (x) >0; all(c(23)) // inx X=C(1,223); unique (x) 1/3,23; duplicated (x) 1/ F F T F is-element (x,2) 1/ T T F; any Duplicated (x) 1/3 5. Устовна вероятност prob. low = function (Nrep) { res = replicate (Nrep, sim bu()) sum [rs[2,]=="wn"]/sum[rs[1,]=="w"] sim bw= function() { e (up, (ard) }

6. BUHOUHO pasapegerene: XNBi(n.p); g=1-p $\pm X = n \cdot p$; $Var(x) = n \cdot p \cdot q$ dbinom(x, n, p) = p(x = x) = $pbinom(k,n,p)=p(x \leq K)$ EDINOM (N, n, p) reнepupa N слугайну сисла от биномного разпределение с параметри п, р 7. Teomospuzho paznpegerenne: p; g=1-p; x-spox EX= = DX = PR dgeom(K-1, p) = $P(X=K) = g^{K-1}p$ pgeom(K-1, p) = $P(X \leq K)$ Tgeom (N,p)+1 - Texepupa Neryzatiny zuera of God JE EPOT HEYCHEXY npegu napbur yonex; X=Y+1 dgeom (K,p)=P(J=K)=9x.p pgeom (Kip)=P(YSK) rgeom (Nip) в. Отричателно биномно разпределение х-ВМГР EX = p Var(x) = For (C) dnbinom (xx-r, r, p) = P(X=K) = (x-1)pr qx ph binom (K-r, r,p) = P(X Ex) rnbinom (N, r,p)+r y = 6pour Heyene xu npeg r - nul yenex ; x = y + r $Ey = \frac{rq}{p}$ $Var(y) = \frac{rq}{p^2}$ (r+x+1) $pr = q^x$ dnbinom(K, r, p) = P(y=x) = (r+x+1) $pr = q^x$ pholnom (Kirip) = P(Y = K) mbinom (N, r,p)



_ 2 -

14. Sanny. Tashyu barplot (sort lable (rows) / length (rows)), decreasing=T); pie (table (rows)); wait-grp= cut (widit, breaks = seq, (0, 12,2)); table (wait-grp); hist(wait , breaks = seq, (0, 12,3)) 15. Cucroba Xapaktepicniku Ha gallture X = mean(x)-cpeya crowthoco; Me = median(x)- regrana P-Kbattan = quantile(x,p); I aR - I ap(x) - wireg Kbapis S = Sol(x) - CTAHOUPTHO OTENDHAME; [X-35, X +35] - HORBOXIED boxplot (x, horizontal =T) 16. Иногорерни данни prop-table (Jable (Smoxe, W. Hand)); prop table (table Smixe, WHOM)))
boxplot (Pielse ~ Smoxe) i (or(x, y)use="complet-abs") 17. Do Bepureinu unterbain + to test (X, cont. level=0.93) & contint [1:23 -95- npoyention y prop. test (x=2700, n=25000, conf. level=0.95, correct=F)gobepurpuel untropbors za mponopyux Bepositiar za gover 18. Tipobepxa Ha xunotezu npu egna uzbagxa 2t. test (x, mu=5.2) - t-rect za cpegno (me sample AKO p. value 30.05, Hanque joctato achobarne ga orxbarna Ho * prop-2657 (x=2700, n=25000, p=0.1, correct=F)-2-ra-3a nponopyua (1-sample proportions test without ... 19 Trobepha Ha xunotesu npu 2 yzbagky * 7-lest za paznuka Ha cpeghu: Hezabutunu uz t-test (x, y, alternative="less") "Welch Two Somple man +t-test now salucinu ysbagxy. t-test sa pisnica ta t-test (x, y, alternative="greater", paired=7) // Paired Tost

prop-test (c(71,58), c(220,210), correct=+)
1/2-sample lest for equality of proportions. prop1 prop2 20. Xu-Kbagpat tecrobe 3a cornacybarroct chisq. test(c(10,20,5), p=c(0.3,0.6,0.1)) 1/ Chi-squared test for given probabilities 21 Nu-KBagpat Tect za Hezabucuroct Chisq. Lest (table) 11 Pearson's Chi-squared lest 21. NUHETIHU MOGERN

J=BO+BIX+E 1BO UBI CA KOHCHAHTU; Pomly 3) X-npugukotop, J- OHKNUK (response) Trpobepka Ha xunotega 3a Bi-Ho: Bi=0, Hi: Bi +0 22. MUHERH MOGER C HERMINO MPRGUKATOPA У= Bo + B1 У2 + ... + fn Xn +8; Вг, ... , Вп са КОНСТАНТИ Em/ y - X2 + X2,