

# CSIT226/826 Human Computer Interaction Week 7 Tutorial - Handout

### **DISCUSSION OF KEY TERMS (WITH UX QUESTIONS)**

As a class you will discuss the key terms from week 6.

- Visual impairments (including: blindness, low vision and color blindness)
  - o How can visual interfaces be transformed into intuitive and efficient nonvisual interfaces?
  - o What are the current models of interaction independent from graphical and spatial presentations available?
- Hearing disabilities
  - o How can computers be used to translate written or spoken English to sign language? (note Sign Languages are different to verbal and written languages and different in different countries ~ even which speak English)
- Speech impairments
  - 6 How can we support conversation in systems? (typically between 110-160 words per minute)
- Mobility impairments
  - How can efficient interaction be supports without the use of a standard keyboard or mouse?
  - O What software tools can be provided to minimize the use of difficult devices such as phones, paper, and environmental controls?
- Cognitive impairments
  - How can interfaces be adapted to suit different cognitive levels? (typically this is considered from a novice and expert user perspective)

Additional key terms and guidelines:

- Assistive Technologies
- WCAG 2.0
- WAI-ARIA 1.1

#### WCAG2.0 - WEB CONTENT ACCESSIBILITY GUIDELINES

In small groups you are to select a popular website (you can choose the site to review) and conduct a review of the site against WCAG 2.0 and present the results to the class.

#### https://www.w3.org/WAI/WCAG20/glance

- Perceivable
  - o Provide text alternatives for non-text content.
  - o Provide captions and other alternatives for multimedia.
  - Create content that can be presented in different ways, including by assistive technologies, without losing meaning.
  - Make it easier for users to see and hear content.
- Operable
  - o Make all functionality available from a keyboard.
  - Give users enough time to read and use content.
  - O Do not use content that causes seizures.
  - o Help users navigate and find content.
- Understandable
  - o Make text readable and understandable.
  - Make content appear and operate in predictable ways.
  - Help users avoid and correct mistakes.
- Robust

## **WEEKLY QUESTIONS - ACCESSIBILITY**

- Review the following two (2) government guidelines on accessibility
  - http://www.australia.gov.au/accessibility
  - https://www.finance.gov.au/publications/wcag-2-implementation/

    - i. Are these guidelines going far enough?ii. What else could be done by the Australian government to improve accessibility?
- 2. The Sydney 2000 Olympics Case: <a href="https://www.w3.org/WAI/bcase/socog-case-study">https://www.w3.org/WAI/bcase/socog-case-study</a>
  - a. Read the case study, what are your thoughts on the case and the result?

#### **GROUP MEETING**

- Is there the potential that you will need to consider accessibility in the design of your groups system?
- How are your initial ideas going to be modified to include the aspect of 'accessible' in your designs?
- Consider (https://www.w3.org/WAI/bcase/Overview.html) Developing a Web Accessibility Business Case for Your Organization: Overview. As a group review your answers above under the factors of: social; technical; financial; and legal and policy.

