

Problem 3. Service times of a queuing system follow Exponential Distribution with an unknown parameter θ . A sample of service times X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n is observed.

(a). Show that the $\text{Gamma}(d, \lambda)$ family of prior distributions is conjugate.

Let $\theta \sim \text{Gamma}(d, \lambda)$ so that we can define our prior as follows:

$$f_{\theta}(\theta) = \frac{\lambda^d \theta^{d-1} e^{-\lambda\theta}}{\Gamma(d)}$$

The data given the parameter θ have an exponential distribution, so $X_i | \theta \sim \exp(\theta)$

$$f_{X_i | \theta}(x_i | \theta) = \theta e^{-\theta x_i}$$

We write the joint distribution for n independent, identically distributed samples by:

$$f(X | \theta) = \theta^n e^{-\theta \sum x_i}$$

The posterior is proportional to the product of the likelihood and the prior:

So

$$f_{\theta|X}(\theta|x) \propto f_{x|\theta}(x|\theta) * f_{\theta}(\theta) \\ \propto \theta^n e^{-\theta \sum x_i} * \frac{\lambda^d \theta^{d-1} e^{-\lambda \theta}}{\Gamma(d)}$$

$$\propto \theta^{n+d-1} e^{-\theta(\sum x_i + \lambda)} \left(\frac{\lambda^d}{\Gamma(d)} \right) \leftarrow \text{omit}$$

$$\propto \theta^{n+d-1} e^{-\theta(\sum x_i + \lambda)}$$

The pdf of a Gamma Distribution is:

$$f(x; d; \lambda) = \frac{x^{d-1} e^{-\lambda x} \lambda^d}{\Gamma(d)} \quad \text{for } x > 0, d, \lambda > 0.$$

$$f(\theta; d; \lambda) = \frac{\theta^{d-1} e^{-\lambda \theta} \lambda^d}{\Gamma(d)} \approx \theta^{d-1} e^{-\theta(\lambda)}$$

So the λ parameter is $\sum x_i + \lambda$
and d parameter is $n+d$.

Thus,

$$\theta|X \sim \text{Gamma}(n+d, \sum x_i + \lambda)$$

Since the product of our prior and likelihood adhered to a Gamma distribution, we conclude that the Gamma family of priors is conjugate.

(b). Find the posterior parameters, posterior mean and variance
(As functions of θ, α, λ , and X_i 's)

From part (a), we have that

$$\theta | X \sim \text{Gamma}(n + \lambda, \sum x_i + \lambda)$$

$$\mu = E[\theta | X] = (n + \lambda) / (\sum x_i + \lambda)$$

$$\sigma^2 = V[\theta | X] = (n + \lambda) / (\sum x_i + \lambda)^2$$

(c). Suppose that we can allow $\lambda = 0$ and consider a prior density $\pi(\theta) = \frac{1}{\theta}$ for $\theta > 0$. Find the posterior distribution, its mean, and its variance.

Posterior \propto Likelihood \times Prior

$$\propto \theta^n e^{-\theta \sum x_i} * \frac{1}{\theta}$$

$$\propto \theta^{n-1} e^{-\theta \sum x_i}$$

Now $\theta | X \sim \text{Gamma}(n, \sum x_i)$

$$\mu = E[\theta | X] = n / \sum x_i$$

$$\sigma^2 = V[\theta | X] = n / (\sum x_i)^2$$