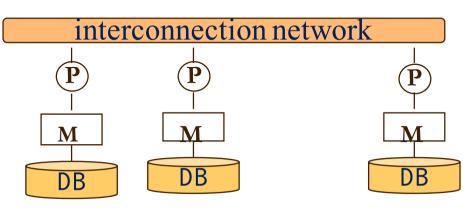


## **Common Wisdom**

# Parallel query processing





#### Assuming linear scalability, using 50,000 processors 2.020 mins is reduced to 2.4s

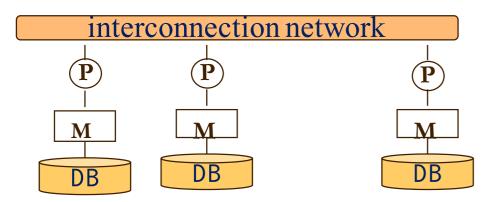


- 1. typically using key-value systems instead of DBMS for horizontal scalability • efficiency of SQL@KV is far from good (much slower than DBMS) 2. not every computation is parallel scalable • up to a point, adding more processors doesn't help
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  3. a privilege of big companies (costly)

### **Common Wisdom**

Parallel query processing

the best we can hope for



Assuming linear scalability, using 50,000 processors

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- 1. typically using key-value systems instead of DBMS for horizontal scalability
  - efficiency of SQL@KV is far from good (much slower than DBMS)
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- Indexing

# **Bounded Query Processing**



$$Q(D_Q)$$

- $ightharpoonup D_Q$  is **bounded** (independent of D)
- the bound is known before execution
- ▶ Q(D) can be **restored** by computing  $Q(D_Q)$