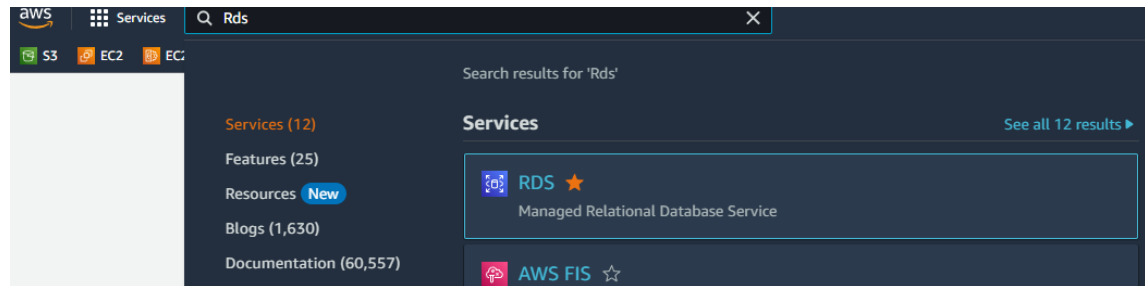


Setup/Installation Instructions

Note: These instructions assume that the reader has implemented the steps from HW2, found here: <https://github.com/yang9501/SWE645HW2>

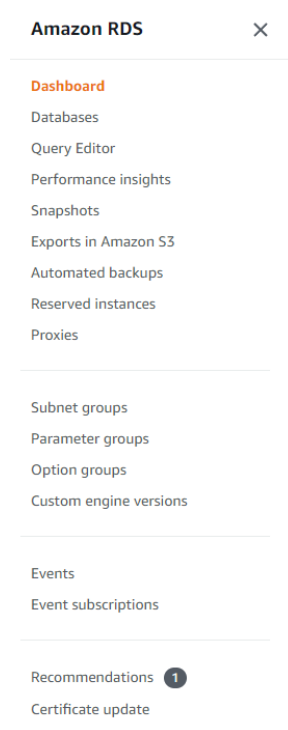
I. RDS Setup

A. Enter the AWS Management Console and enter the RDS Services page



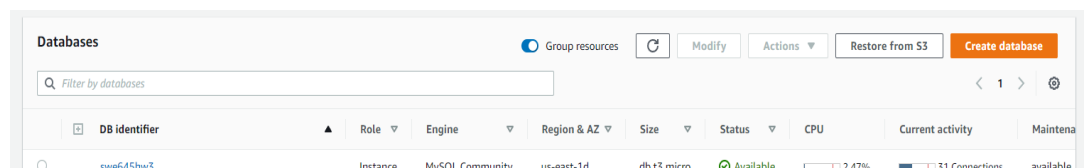
1.

B. In the Left side menu, click the Databases menu item



1.

C. Click the Create Database button



1.

D. Within the Create Database page, select the following options

1. Keep the Standard Create option

Create database

Choose a database creation method [Info](#)

☒ **Standard create**
You set all of the configuration options, including ones for availability, security, backups, and maintenance.

☐ **Easy create**
Use recommended best-practice configurations. Some configuration options can be changed after the database is created.

a)

2. Select the version of your MySQL Community implementation

Engine Version

MySQL 8.0.28 ▼

a)

3. Select Free Tier

Templates
Choose a sample template to meet your use case.

☐ **Production**
Use defaults for high availability and fast, consistent performance.

☐ **Dev/Test**
This instance is intended for development use outside of a production environment.

☒ **Free tier**
Use RDS Free Tier to develop new applications, test existing applications, or gain hands-on experience with Amazon RDS. [Info](#)

a)

4. Name your Database and create an admin user and password

Settings

DB instance identifier [Info](#)
Type a name for your DB instance. The name must be unique across all DB instances owned by your AWS account in the current AWS Region.

database-1

The DB instance identifier is case-insensitive, but is stored as all lowercase (as in "mydbinstance"). Constraints: 1 to 60 alphanumeric characters or hyphens. First character must be a letter. Can't contain two consecutive hyphens. Can't end with a hyphen.

▼ **Credentials Settings**

Master username [Info](#)
Type a login ID for the master user of your DB instance.

admin

1 to 16 alphanumeric characters. First character must be a letter.

☐ **Auto generate a password**
Amazon RDS can generate a password for you, or you can specify your own password.

Master password [Info](#)

Constraints: At least 8 printable ASCII characters. Can't contain any of the following: / (slash), ' (single quote), " (double quote) and @ (at sign).

Confirm master password [Info](#)

a)

5. Use the t3.micro instance

Instance configuration
The DB instance configuration options below are limited to those supported by the engine that you selected above.

DB instance class [Info](#)

☐ Standard classes (includes m classes)
☐ Memory optimized classes (includes r and x classes)
☒ Burstable classes (includes t classes)

db.t3.micro
2 vCPUs 1 GiB RAM Network: 2,085 Mbps

☐ Include previous generation classes

a)

6. Turn on Public Access

Public access [Info](#)

☒ **Yes**
RDS assigns a public IP address to the database. Amazon EC2 instances and other resources outside of the VPC can connect to your database. Resources inside the VPC can also connect to the database. Choose one or more VPC security groups that specify which resources can connect to the database.

☐ **No**
RDS doesn't assign a public IP address to the database. Only Amazon EC2 instances and other resources inside the VPC can connect to your database. Choose one or more VPC security groups that specify which resources can connect to the database.

a)

7. Ensure that the Database Port is 3306

information, see [Amazon RDS Proxy pricing](#).

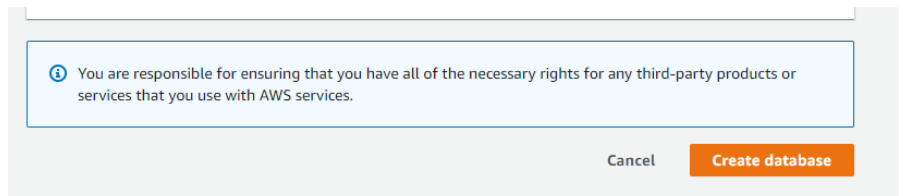
▼ **Additional configuration**

Database port [Info](#)
TCP/IP port that the database will use for application connections.

3306

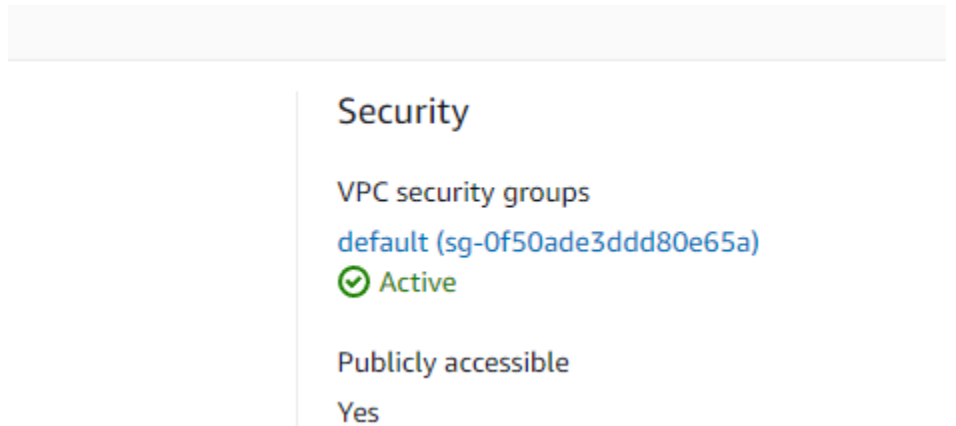
a)

8. Click Create Database



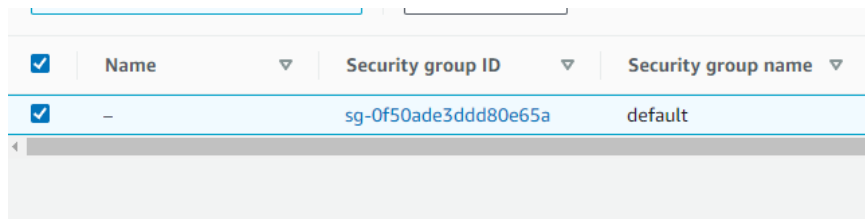
a)

9. After your new database has finished creating, enter the Security Groups page to modify inbound rules



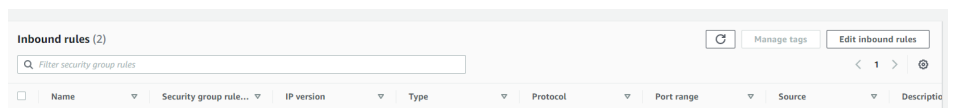
a)

10. Click the default security group name to edit it



a)

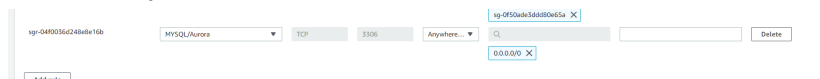
11. Click the Edit inbound rules button



a)

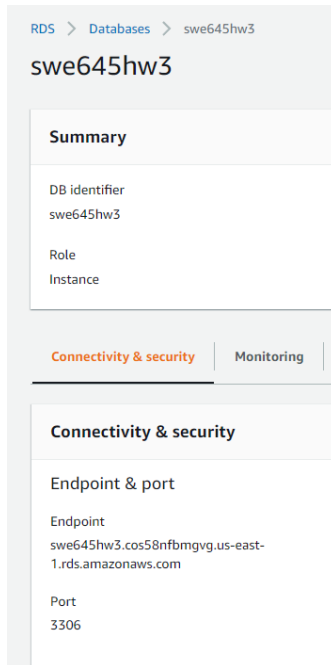
12. Ensure that there is a rule with the following attributes

- a) Type: MySQL/Aurora
- b) Protocol: TCP
- c) Port Range: 3306
- d) Source: Anywhere IPv4



e)

13. Navigate back to your RDS instance and make note of your endpoint



a)

14. Open MySQL Workbench and create a new connection with the following information:

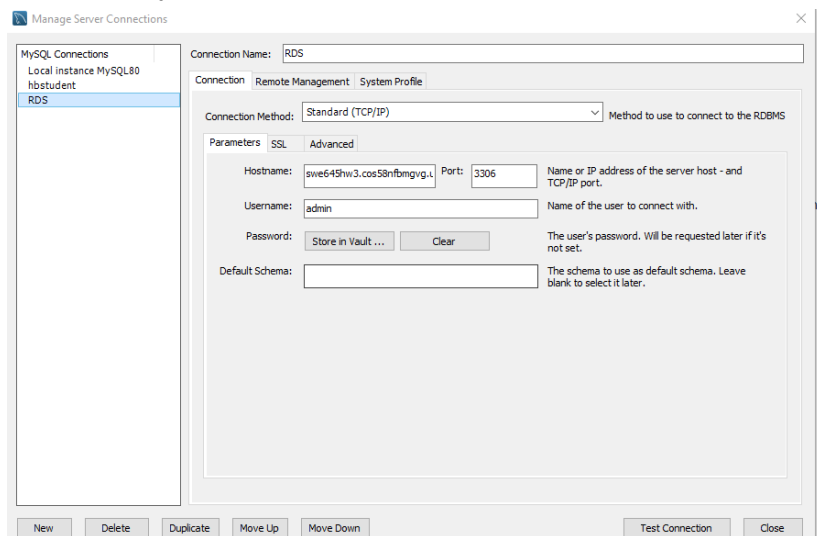
a) Hostname:

swe645hw3.xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com (your RDS endpoint)

b) Port: 3306

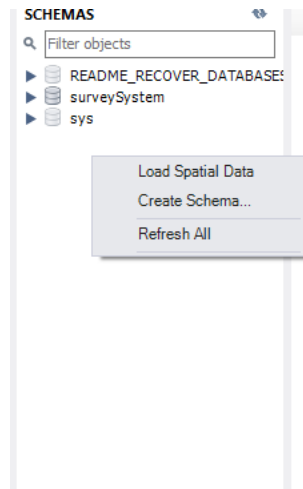
c) Username: (your admin RDS user name)

d) Password: (your admin RDS password)



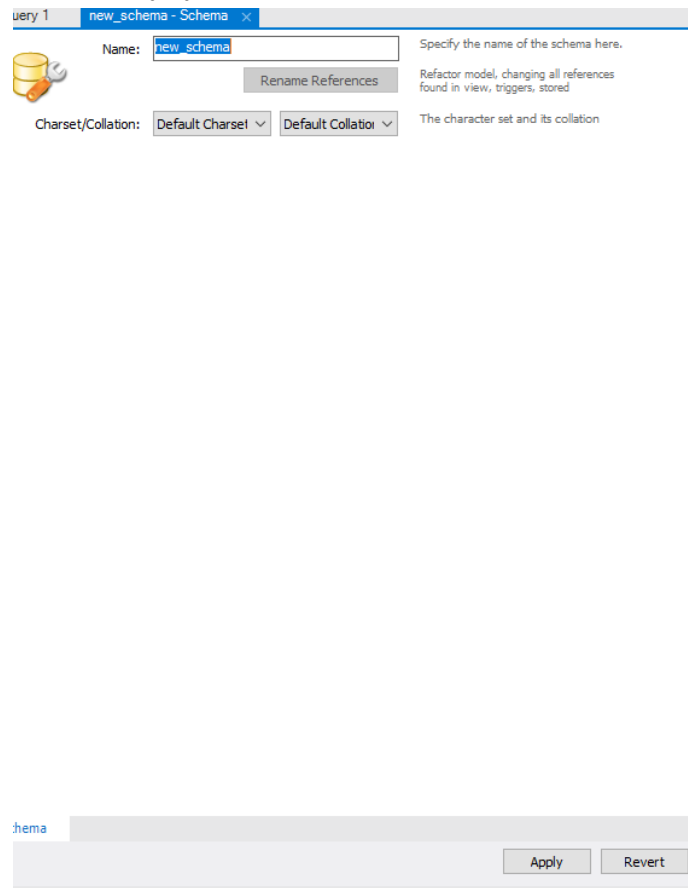
e)

15. Once connected, right click anywhere in the whitespace of the left sidebar and select "Create Schema"



a)

16. Name it whatever you want for use with your backend and save it. In my case I used 'surveySystem'



a)

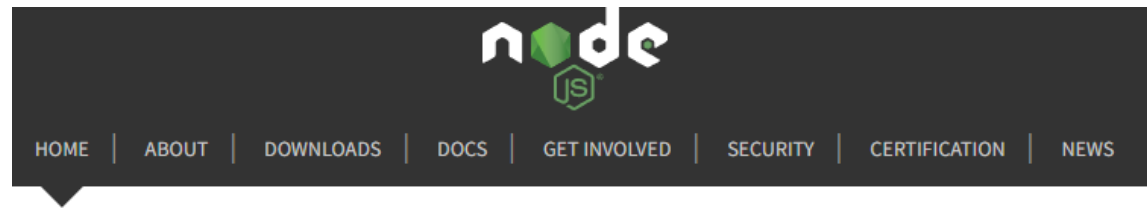
17. Modify your Spring Boot 'application.properties' file to point to your RDS instance

a)

```
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://swe645hw3.cos58nfbmgvg.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com:3306/surveySystem
spring.datasource.username=admin
spring.datasource.password=password
spring.datasource.driver-class-name=com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver
```

II. Frontend

- A. Navigate to nodejs.org in your web browser and download the latest version of node and install it



Node.js® is an open-source, cross-platform JavaScript runtime environment.

Download for Windows (x64)

18.12.1 LTS

Recommended For Most Users

19.1.0 Current

Latest Features

[Other Downloads](#) | [Changelog](#) | [API Docs](#)

[Other Downloads](#) | [Changelog](#) | [API Docs](#)

For information about supported releases, see the [release schedule](#).

1.
 - B. Open the command prompt and enter the command: "npm install -g @angular/cli"
 - C. Verify that angular is installed by using the command: "ng -version"
 - D. Create a new angular project with the command : "ng new 'projectname'"
 - E. You can run the project using "ng serve" and view it on <http://localhost:4200>
 - F. Implement your angular frontend service
 - G. Create a docker file in the root directory of your front end directory

```
#stage 1
FROM node:latest as node
WORKDIR /app
COPY . .
RUN npm install
RUN npm run build --prod
#stage 2
FROM nginx:alpine
COPY --from=node /app/dist/front-end /usr/share/nginx/html
COPY ./nginx-custom.conf /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
```

1.

III. Backend

A. In your web browser, navigate to <https://start.spring.io/> and fill out the fields to start your Spring Boot project

1. Project: Maven
2. Language: Java
3. Spring Boot: 3.0.0
4. Packaging: Jar
5. Java: 11
6. Dependencies:
 - a) Spring Web
 - b) Spring Data JPA



Project

☐ Gradle - Groovy
 ☒ Gradle - Kotlin
 ☒ Maven

Language

☒ Java
 ☐ Kotlin
 ☐ Groovy

Spring Boot

☐ 3.0.1 (SNAPSHOT)
 ☒ 3.0.0
 ☐ 2.7.7 (SNAPSHOT)
 ☐ 2.7.6

Project Metadata

Group

com.example

Artifact

demo

Name

demo

Description

Demo project for Spring Boot

Package name

com.example.demo

Packaging

☒ Jar
 ☐ War

Java

☐ 19
 ☐ 17
 ☐ 11
 ☒ 8

Dependencies

ADD DEPENDENCIES... CTRL + B

Spring Web

WEB

Build web, including RESTful, applications using Spring MVC. Uses Apache Tomcat as the default embedded container.

Spring Data JPA

JPA

Persist data in SQL stores with Java Persistence API using Spring Data and Hibernate.

7.

B. Implement your Spring Boot backend service

- C. Create and configure a Dockerfile in the root directory of the project

```
FROM tomcat:9.0-jdk11
COPY target/surveySystem-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar /usr/local/tomcat/webapps/
EXPOSE 8080
CMD ["java", "-jar", "/usr/local/tomcat/webapps/surveySystem-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar"]
```

1.

IV. Jenkinsfile

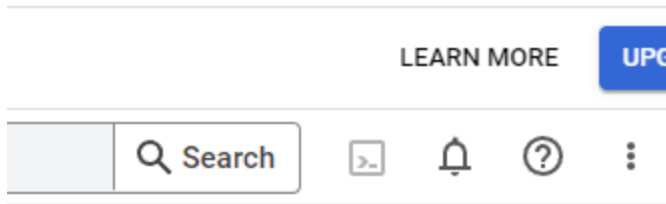
- A. Modify Jenkins to use the build number as the docker image tag
B. Create the Jenkinsfile

```
pipeline {
  agent any
  tools {
    maven 'maven-3.8.6'
  }
  stages {
    stage("Building the back end Image"){
      steps{
        script {
          git 'https://github.com/yang9501/SME645HW3.git'
          sh 'pwd'
          // 'mvn clean package' deposits the war file into the surveySystem/target folder as 'surveySystem-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.war'
          dir('surveySystem') {
            sh 'mvn clean package'
          }
          sh 'ls'
          sh 'echo ${BUILD_TIMESTAMP}'
          sh 'docker login -u yang9501 -p ${DOCKERHUB_PASS}'
          sh 'docker build -t yang9501/surveysystem:${BUILD_NUMBER} ./surveySystem'
        }
      }
    }
    stage("Pushing back end Image to Dockerhub"){
      steps{
        script {
          sh 'docker push yang9501/surveysystem:${BUILD_NUMBER}'
        }
      }
    }
    stage("Building the front end Image"){
      steps{
        script {
          git 'https://github.com/yang9501/SME645HW3.git'
          sh 'pwd'
          sh 'ls'
          sh 'echo ${BUILD_TIMESTAMP}'
          sh 'docker login -u yang9501 -p ${DOCKERHUB_PASS}'
          sh 'docker build -t yang9501/frontend:${BUILD_NUMBER} ./frontEnd'
        }
      }
    }
    stage("Pushing front end Image to Dockerhub"){
      steps{
        script {
          sh 'docker push yang9501/frontend:${BUILD_NUMBER}'
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

C.

V. EXTRA CREDIT: ArgoCD

- A. Install ArgoCD on the cluster host
1. Enter the cloud shell terminal



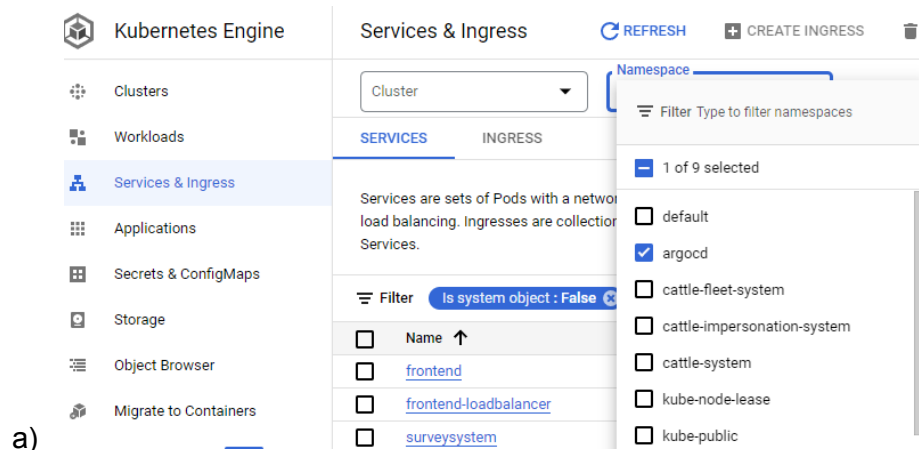
- a)
2. Enter the following command:
 - a) `kubectl create namespace argocd`

```

Welcome to Cloud Shell! Type "help" to get started.
Your Cloud Platform project in this session is set to caramel-caster-364123.
Use "gcloud config set project [PROJECT ID]" to change to a different project.
yang9501@cloudshell:~ (caramel-caster-364123)$ kubectl create namespace argocd

```

- b)
3. Enter the following command:
 - a) `kubectl apply -n argocd -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/argoproj/argocd/stable/manifests/install.yaml`
4. Create a loadbalancer so that the ArgoCD UI is accessible
 - a) `kubectl patch svc argocd-server -n argocd -p '{"spec": {"type": "LoadBalancer"}}'`
5. View the initial password by entering the command
 - a) `kubectl -n argocd get secret argocd-initial-admin-secret -o jsonpath="{.data.password}" | base64 -d; echo`
6. Locate the ArgoCD UI by entering your cluster management console and selecting the Services and Ingress menu option and selecting the 'argocd' namespace checkbox:



7. View the 'argocd-server' service and click the associated Endpoint link

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↑	Status	Type	Endpoints	Port
<input type="checkbox"/>	argocd-applicationset-controller	✔ OK	Cluster IP	10.64.0.106	1/1
<input type="checkbox"/>	argocd-dex-server	✔ OK	Cluster IP	10.64.4.14	1/1
<input type="checkbox"/>	argocd-metrics	✔ OK	Cluster IP	10.64.7.136	1/1
<input type="checkbox"/>	argocd-notifications-controller-metrics	✔ OK	Cluster IP	10.64.13.89	1/1
<input type="checkbox"/>	argocd-redis	✔ OK	Cluster IP	10.64.13.19	1/1
<input type="checkbox"/>	argocd-repo-server	✔ OK	Cluster IP	10.64.11.16	1/1
<input type="checkbox"/>	argocd-server	✔ OK	External load balancer	34.139.66.103:80	1/1
<input type="checkbox"/>	argocd-server-metrics	✔ OK	Cluster IP	10.64.8.249	1/1

a)

8. You'll be taken to the ArgoCD UI login page

a) Enter the following credentials:

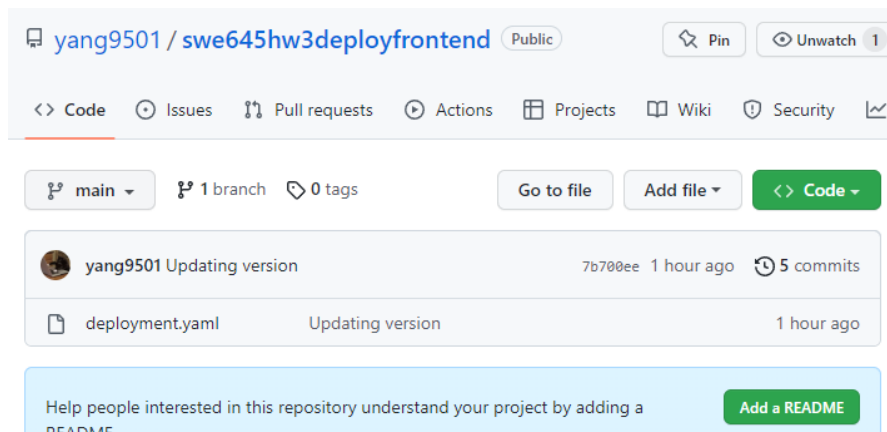
b) User: admin

c) Password: The string from step 5a.

B. Create deployment repos and deployment.ymls for each of the services

1. Front end (<https://github.com/yang9501/swe645hw3deployfrontend>)

a) No other files are necessary besides the deployment.yml file



```

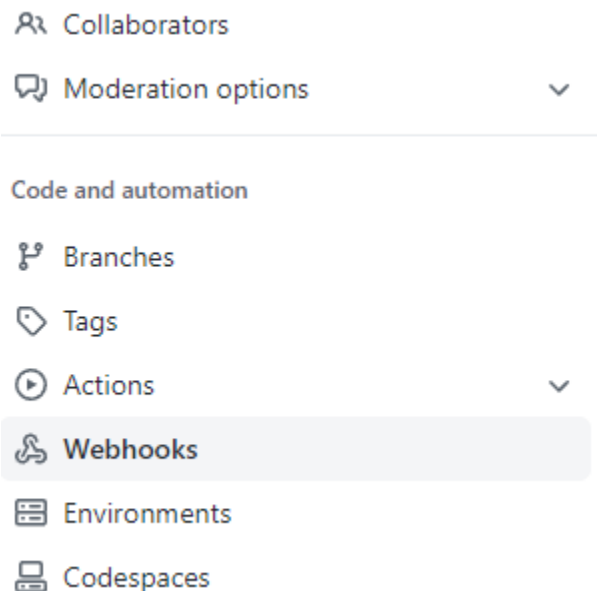
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: frontend
  namespace: default
spec:
  replicas: 3
  revisionHistoryLimit: 10
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      workload.user.cattle.io/workloadselector: apps.deployment-default-frontend
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: frontend-ui
    spec:
      containers:
        - image: yang9501/frontend:61
          imagePullPolicy: Always
          name: container-0
          ports:
            - containerPort: 80
              name: loadbalancer
              protocol: TCP

```

b)

c) Create a Github webhook to let ArgoCD know when the deployment file is updated

(1) Within the Settings tab of your repository, select the Webhooks menu option



(2)

(3) Click the Add webhook button

(4) Use the loadbalancer IP address as the url + "/api/webhook/". Ensure the content type is json and SSL verification is disabled

We'll send a POST request to the URL below with details of any subscribed events. You can also specify which data format you'd like to receive (JSON, x-www-form-urlencoded, etc). More information can be found in [our developer documentation](#).

Payload URL *


`https://34.139.66.103/api/webhook`

Content type

`application/json`

Secret

SSL verification

 By default, we verify SSL certificates when delivering payloads.

☐ Enable SSL verification ☒ Disable (not recommended)

Which events would you like to trigger this webhook?

- ☒ Just the push event.
- ☐ Send me **everything**.
- ☐ Let me select individual events.

☒ **Active**

We will deliver event details when this hook is triggered.

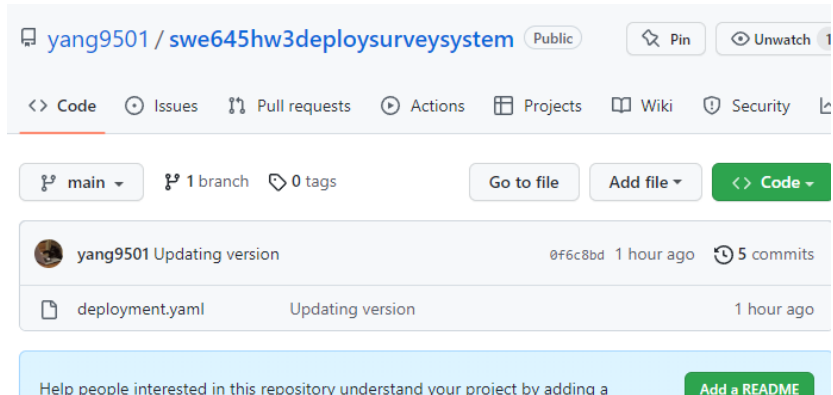
Update webhook

Delete webhook

(5)

2. Backend (<https://github.com/yang9501/swe645hw3deploysurveysystem>)

a) No other files are necessary besides the deployment.yaml file



The screenshot shows the GitHub interface for the repository 'yang9501 / swe645hw3deploysurveysystem'. The repository is public and has 1 branch and 0 tags. The main branch is selected. The file 'deployment.yaml' is highlighted in the file list, showing it was updated 1 hour ago. The commit message is 'Updating version'. The commit hash is '0f6c8bd'. The commit was made 1 hour ago and has 5 commits in the history. A button 'Add a README' is visible at the bottom.

```

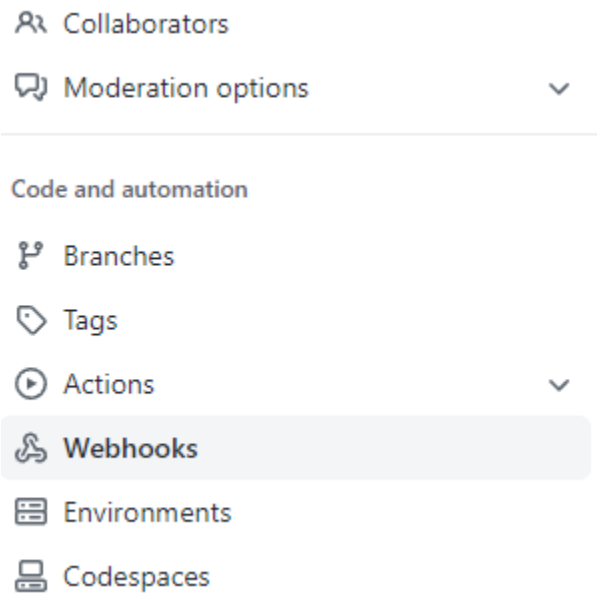
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: surveysystem
  namespace: default
spec:
  replicas: 3
  revisionHistoryLimit: 10
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      workload.user.cattle.io/workloadselector: apps.deployment-default-surveysystem
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: surveysystem-backend
    spec:
      containers:
      - image: yang9501/surveysystem:61
        imagePullPolicy: Always
        name: container-0
        ports:
        - containerPort: 8080
          name: loadbalancer
          protocol: TCP

```

b)

c) Create a Github webhook to let ArgoCD know when the deployment file is updated

(1) Within the Settings tab of your repository, select the Webhooks menu option



(2)

(3) Click the Add webhook button

(4) Use the loadbalancer IP address as the url + "/api/webhook/". Ensure the content type is json and SSL verification is disabled

We'll send a POST request to the URL below with details of any subscribed events. You can also specify which data format you'd like to receive (JSON, x-www-form-urlencoded, etc). More information can be found in [our developer documentation](#).

Payload URL *


https://34.139.66.103/api/webhook

Content type

application/json

Secret

SSL verification

 By default, we verify SSL certificates when delivering payloads.

☐ Enable SSL verification ☒ Disable (not recommended)

Which events would you like to trigger this webhook?

- ☒ Just the push event.
- ☐ Send me everything.
- ☐ Let me select individual events.

☒ **Active**

We will deliver event details when this hook is triggered.

Update webhook

Delete webhook

(5)

C. Configure deployments in ArgoCD

1. Create a new front end deployment

- Set up the deployment as follows:
- Ensure that the Sync policy is automatic, and Prune Resources and Self Heal are checked

GENERAL

EDIT AS YAML

Application Name
frontend

Project Name
default

SYNC POLICY
Automatic

☒ PRUNE RESOURCES

☒ SELF HEAL

☐ SET DELETION FINALIZER

SYNC OPTIONS

☐ SKIP SCHEMA VALIDATION

☐ PRUNE LAST

☐ RESPECT IGNORE DIFFERENCES

☐ AUTO-CREATE NAMESPACE

☐ APPLY OUT OF SYNC ONLY

☐ SERVER-SIDE APPLY

PRUNE PROPAGATION POLICY: foreground

☐ REPLACE

☐ RETRY

c)

SOURCE

Repository URL
 https://github.com/yang9501/swe645hw3deployfrontend.git GIT ✓

Revision
 HEAD Branches ▼ ●

Path

d)

DESTINATION

Cluster URL
 https://kubernetes.default.svc URL ▼

Namespace
 default

e)

2. Create the backend deployment

a) Set up the deployment as follows

GENERAL EDIT AS YAML

Application Name
 backend

Project Name
 default

SYNC POLICY
 Automatic ▼

☒ PRUNE RESOURCES ●

☒ SELF HEAL ●

☐ SET DELETION FINALIZER ●

SYNC OPTIONS

☐ SKIP SCHEMA VALIDATION ☐ AUTO-CREATE NAMESPACE

☐ PRUNE LAST ☐ APPLY OUT OF SYNC ONLY

☐ RESPECT IGNORE DIFFERENCES ☐ SERVER-SIDE APPLY

PRUNE PROPAGATION POLICY: foreground ▼

☐ REPLACE ⚠

☐ RETRY

b)

SOURCE

Repository URL

https://github.com/yang9501/swe645hw3deploysurveysystem.git

GIT ✓

Revision

HEAD

Branches ▼

Path

c)

DESTINATION

Cluster URL

https://kubernetes.default.svc

URL ▼

Namespace

default

d)