

**Technical Description** 

DT-019-971204 E

# Remote-Control Commands for the Infrared Interface FH 40 G

# Version check

Rev.	Rev. version	Responsible Dept.	Name	Rev. Page	Cat.	Explanation
A	31.01.98	SM-GE	Schl	3-2, 3-3, 3-7, 3-9	S	Firmware 2.42 Commands New: Rx Change: c, cycl. sending Cancel: Q0, Q1
В	03.08.98	SM-GE	Schl	3-2, 3-8, 4-1, 4-3	S	Commands were added Firmware V 2.44
С	13.01.99	SM-GE	Schl	3-9, 4-4	S	Several states and xE number were changed
D	25.06.01	SM-GE	Tr	3-9	S	Version identification H*(10), V 2.67
Е	07.07.03	SM-GE	Schl	2-1	V	RTS, DTR line, Time intervals
F	02.05.04	SM-GE	Tr	3-1 3-3 3-8 3-12	S	Set of external alarm thresholds extended V2.72 Neutron dose, total dose Dose value, autosend Reading of calibration "KP"
G	12.02.07	RM&P-ES	Schl	3-8 3-10 3-12	S	from V 3.00 Automatic sending Test operation HV commands
Н	13.09.07	RM&P-E	Tr	2-1, 3-8	S	from V 3.21: Preamble for polling and autosend changed

\*) Category K: editorial correction

V: explanatory improvement S: substantial change

An explanation is required at least for category S.

# **Contents:**

1.	CONNECTION TO A PC 1-1
2.	DATA TRANSMISSION METHOD2-1
3.	REMOTE-CONTROL COMMANDS
3.1	Limit values3-1
3.2	Measured values
3.3	Counter mode
3.4	Mesured values storage
3.5	Date and Time
3.6	Device description
3.7	Unit
3.8	Standby3-6
3.9	Additional functions
3.10	Expert mode
3.11	Automatic sending3-8
3.12	Battery voltage3-9
3.13	Version number
3.14	Various states3-9
3.15	Test operation
3.16	Error status
3.17	Device serial number
3.18	Calibration parameters
3.19	Nominal value of high voltage

# 1. Connection to a PC

The FH 40 G features an infrared interface allowing for direct connection to a PC with V24/RS232 interface when a special adapter cable (42540/30) is used.

In this manner, transfer of stored measured values and the configuration of the unit are possible.

For these tasks special Windows PC programs are available.

# 2. Data transmission method

Data transmission is performed in ASCII code using the following parameters:

- 9600 Baud
- Start bit
- 7 data bits
- Parity bit: even
- 2 stop bits

To allow for remote control of the FH 40 G unit via the PC, the following data transmission procedure has to be observed:

- PC sends any character to the FH 40 G
- FH 40 G replies with the character ,,>,,.
- PC sends a remote-control command within 25 ms (> V 3.20: 40 ms), but not prior than 200  $\mu$ s, where the last character must be a line feed character <LF> (0A). Before the line feed character, there may be a carriage return character <CR> (0D).
- FH 40 G replies with "#" as positive acknowledgement signal, or with "?" in case of an error. Starting from version V 3.21 the FH 40 G answers with @ @ #. This is sufficient for activating sleeping Zig Bee modems.
- If an output was prompted, the output data will follow now.
   Versions < V 3.21 may have an interval up to 180 ms between # and output data.</li>
   Versions V 3.21 and greater send Preamble @ @ # and output data continuously.
- The FH 40 G terminates each transmission with <CR> <LF>.

Following control lines are needed for the power supply of the interface adapter cable and must be set by the PC:

- RTS (Ready To Send) must always have at positive voltage level! No Hand shake!
- DTR (Data Terminal Ready) must always have a negative voltage level!

# 3. Remote-control commands

For remote control, the following commands may be sent to the FH 40 G.

#### 3.1 Limit values

jR Reading the threshold for dose rate alarm.

Response: number in the smallest possible unit.

e.g. 0.1234E+4 in the device unit  $\mu Sv/h$  or  $\mu R/h$  respectively

jW Number Setting the threshold for dose rate alarm.

Number = 0.nnnnEnn (E-format) in the smallest possible unit

e. g.  $\mu Sv/h$ .

A0 Resetting the alarm auto reset

A1 Setting the alarm auto reset

AR Reading the threshold for the dose alarm

Response e. g. 0.1005E+4 in the device unit  $\mu$ Sv or  $\mu$ R respectively

AW Number Setting the threshold for the dose alarm

Number = 0.nnnnEnn, e.g. in appliance unit  $\mu$ Sv/h or  $\mu$ R/h respectively

Version **2.71** and smaller:

mR Reading the threshold for the rate alarm with an uncalibrated external probe being

connected.

Unit: cps, s<sup>-1</sup> or cpm. Please refer to unit / command eR.

Response e. g. 0.1005E+4

mW Setting the threshold for the rate alarm with an uncalibrated external probe being

connected.

Version 2.72 and up:

mR Reading the thresholds of external uncalibrated probes [cps, s-1, cpm]

Gamma, Alpha, Beta/Gamma, Neutron

Response e. g. 0.1000E+5 0.2500E+4 0.1000E+5 0.5000E+4

xR Reading the thresholds of external calibrated probes

Gamma, Alpha, Beta/Gamma, Neutronen

Response e. g. 0.2500E+5 0.3700E+5 0.3700E+6 0.2000E+4

mW, xW Setting the thresholds of external probes, (mR und xR)

#### 3.2 Measured values

R Reading the display value

Response: display value / unit / status

Whereat

$$\begin{aligned} Unit = & 0: \mu Sv/h \\ & 1: \mu Gy/h \end{aligned}$$

 $2: \mu R/h$ 

when connecting an external uncalibrated probe:

3 : cpm 4 : 1/s 5 : cps

6: calibrated probe for contamination, unit e.g. BQ/CM2

The status is put out hexadecimally

Status = 00 - Internal probe

01 - External probe

02 - Display range exceeded

 $04-Dose\ rate\ alarm\ /\ internal\ probe$ 

08 – Dose rate alarm / external probe

10 – Artificial radiation (external probe FHT 672)

By adding the above numbers correspondingly, status combinations can be indicated (e. g. 18 = artificial radiation and alarm external probe).

Rx

Reading the measured value of internal and external probe

Response: Value(I) Unit(I) Value(E) Unit(E) Status

(I) = Internal probe (E) = External probe  
e. g.: 
$$0.1234E+0 0 0.6009E-1 4 00$$

Whereat

$$Unit = 0: \mu Sv/h$$

1 : μGy/h 2 : μR/h

when connecting an external alpha/beta detector:

3 : cpm 4 : 1/s 5 : cps

6: calibrated probe for contamination, unit e.g. BQ/CM2

Status = 01 - undefined

02 – Display range exceeded

04 – Dose rate alarm

 $08 - Dose \ rate \ alarm \ / \ external \ probe$ 

10 – Artificial radiation (external probe FHT 672)

By adding the above numbers status combinations can be indicated.

r Reading the maximum displayed value in the device unit  $\mu$ Sv/h or  $\mu$ R/h respec-

tively

Response: number e.g.: 0.1352E+0

m Reading the mean value of the display values

Response: number and averaging time in seconds

e.g.: 0.6670E-1 565

u Resetting the mean value

D Reading the dose of internal detector

Response: Number in  $\mu$ Sv ( $\mu$ R,  $\mu$ Gy)

e.g.: 0.122E+1

Dn Reading the dose of external neutron detector

Dt Reading of total dose, sum of internal and neutron dose

clr Resetting the dose of internal detector

clrn Resetting the dose of external neutron detector and total dose

#### 3.3 Counter mode

G Starting the counter measurement

? Inquiry, if measurement runs

Response: 0, if measurement is terminated

1, if measurement runs

c Reading measured values, units (see command ,R") and measurement time for

internal and external probes in seconds

Response: Measured value(I) Unit(I) Measured value(E) Unit(E) Measurement

time

(I) = internal probe (E) = external probe e.g.: 0.1234E+0 0 0.1234E+0 0 20

F1 Automatic storage of the measured value once the counter measurement has been

terminated (via Start), not via the interface

FO No automatic storage

S Stopping the counter measurement, the measured value is not calculated

TR Reading the measurement time in seconds.

e.g.: 120

TW Number Entering the measurement time in seconds

e.g.: TW120 setting the measurement time to 120 seconds

PR Reading the number of pulses preset

e.g.: 8000

PW Number Entering the number of preset pulses, number > 4.0E2

e.g.: PW 8.0E3

## 3.4 Mesured values storage

H Reading the contents of the measured values storage

As response, the complete contents of the storage is transmitted, each data record ending with <CR> <LF>. The character "E" indicates the end of the transfer.

The data record transmitted first contains the most recent, the data record transmitted last contains the oldest measured value.

A line is structured as follows:

Year

Month

Day

Hour

Minute

Second

Internal unit

FH 40 G-internal value

External probe type

External probe unit

Status

External probe measured value

Measurement time

Identification (0 - 65535, e.g. selection of measuring point)

#### Please note:

The value for the identification is only unlike 0, if a number has bee read in via the optical interface, e.g. by a barcode reader, before storage of the measured value. This identification may be used to mark a measurement position.

q Deleting the measured values storage

nnnn Entering the measured values identification

nnnn: number 0 - 65535

Leading zeroes or spaces are permitted.

Once the number was read in successfully, the unit gives out a short acoustic sig-

nal.

When storing the measured values in the measured values storage, the number

read in will be stored as identification.

It remains valid until a new value has been read in.

Once the unit has been switched on, the identification will have the value 0.

When entering numbers having more than 5 digits, only the first 5 digits are

evaluated.

#### 3.5 Date and Time

ZR Reading date and time

Response in the format: year, month, day, hour, minute, second

(JJMMTTHHMMSS). e.g.: 940927172845

ZW Date Time Setting date and time

Format: as described above

## 3.6 Device description

YWText Writing the device description

The text may contain up to 6 characters (upper case characters only) or digits. This description is displayed in the bottom display line when the unit is switched

on.

YR Reading the device description

Response: Text

#### **3.7** Unit

DR Reading the display unit of the FH 40 G

Response:  $0 - \mu Sv/h$ 

 $\begin{array}{l} 1 - \mu Gy/h \\ 2 - \mu R/h \end{array}$ 

eWn Setting the display unit for the alpha/beta-detector (external).

n = 3 : cpm

4:1/s 5:cps

eR Reading the display unit for the alpha/beta-probe (external)

Response: 3 - cpm

4 - 1/s 5 - cps

QR Reading the unit of a calibrated contamination probe

e.g.: BQ/CM2

QW Writing the unit of a calibrated contamination probe

Save with command EW to EEPROM.

## 3.8 Standby

B1 When switching off, the measuring device will change to standby mode. Date,

time and the measured values storage are maintained.

B0 When switching off, the unit is switched off completely. Date, time and measured

values storage will be lost.

#### 3.9 Additional functions

SWCharacter string

Selecting the additional functions that can be invoked.

e.g.: In user mode, the functions 5, 17, 4, 10 shall be callable in this sequence.

The command then is SW0511040A.

Please note that the function numbers have to be entered in hexadecimal format.

Table A-1: Function numbers

Table 71-1.1 u	
Nr. (hex)	Designation
1 (01)	ALARM
2 (02)	MAX
3 (03)	DOSE I
4 (04)	MEAN
5 (05)	Time (clock symbol)
6 (06)	Date (calendar symbol)
7 (07)	MEM
8 (08)	SET AL
9 (09)	SET DO
12 (0C)	MAXCLR
13 (0D)	DOSCLR
14 (0E)	MEANCLR
15 (0F)	MEMCLR
16 (10)	TIMSET
17 (11)	PRCNT
18 (12)	INTERN
19 (13)	SEND
20 (14)	START
21 (15)	STORE
22	SET AB
23	CAL672
24	-
25	-
26	-
27	(display function)
28	AL DOS
29	DOSE (1D total dose)
30	DOSE (1E Neutron dose)
31	- (IF)
32	- (Set functions)
33	-

sR

Reading the numbers of the active additional functions.

E.g. for a response: 0511040A

## 3.10 Expert mode

L0 The expert mode may be invoked by pressing the function key during switch-on.

L1 The expert mode is locked.

#### 3.11 Automatic sending

X0 Deactivating cyclic sending of the dose rate measurement value.

X1 Activate cyclic sending of the dose rate measurement value. The dose rate meas-

urement value is sent every second.

#### Warning:

Cyclic sending is performed with a transmission rate of **2400** Baud for FH40G **versions** < **3.0**.

This way, also a simple sender/transmitter may be triggered. Reception continues to be performed at 9600 Baud, where, however, data can be received only during breaks in sending (half-duplex).

Starting from **version 3.0**, cyclic sending is performed with a transmission rate of **9600** Baud.

Space STX value(I) Dim(I) value(E) Dim(E) Status Instrument designation value(D) BCC ETX Example:

\_ <STX> 0.7451E-1 0 0.1234E+2 4 00 FH40G 0.0425E+2<BCC><ETX><CR><LF>

Space: char 0AH, pause of ca. 60 ms

starting from V 3.21. Preamble @ @ @ @ is sent without pause

Value(I) = Measured value of dose rate, internal probe, Dim(I) = Unit of internal probe / value (see 3.7)

Value(E) = Measured value external probe

Dim(E) = External probe unit (3.7)

Status = 8 bits as hexadecimal char value

01 – undefined

02 – Display range exceeded

04 – Dose rate alarm

08 – Dose rate alarm / external probe

10 – Artificial radiation (external probe FHT 672)

20 – Battery low

Instrument designation: Text in alphanumerical 6 character display during power on

Value(D) = Measured value of dose, internal probe,

same unit as Value(I) (Sv, R, Gy), Version 2.51 and up

Formation of a BCC (block check character):

Modulo 256 sum of <STX> up to the last character before the BCC (including), coded as hexadecimal ASCII-number (e.g. 1F).

#### 3.12 Battery voltage

UW Number Setting the ADC correcting value for the battery voltage:

E.g.:

UW30 sets the correcting value such a way that the voltage just measured is dis-

played as 3.0 V.

UR Reading the battery voltage; output in the unit "tenth of a volt",

e.g.: 27 means 2.7 V

#### 3.13 Version number

V Reading the version number

e.g.: V 2.65L

In the version number the unit versions PTB/export, full-/light version and Hx-/H\*(10) version are marked.

PTB-/export V 2.65L / E 2.65L : cannot be calibrated /can be cali-

brated without release

full/light version: V 2.65L / V 2.65 measurement range 100mSv/h,

1Sv/h

From V 2.67:

<code>Hx-/H\*(10)</code> version: <code>Vx2.67L</code> / <code>V\*2.67L</code>: only <code>H\*(10)</code> - and measuring devices designed for export display dose rate of PTB approved external probes in Sv/h .

#### 3.14 Various states

K? Response: number1 number2 number3 number5 number6 number7 number8

number9 number10; e.g.: 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0

number 1 = 1, when high-dose counter tube is available (always 0)

number 2 = 1, when calibration is locked

number3 = 1, when automatic storage is activated; Set/Reset: F1/F0

number 4 = 1, when standby is activated

number 5 = 1, when automatic sending is activated

number6 = 1, when expert mode is locked

number7 = 1, when alarm acknowledgement is activated; Set/Reset: A1/A0

number8 = 1, when acknowledgment is activated with removal of external probe

Set/Reset: Z1/Z0

number9 = 1, when beeper is activated with recognized artificial radiation by ex-

ternal probe FHT 672 Set/Reset: b1/b0

number 10 = 1, when chirper offset is activated Set/Reset:  $\boxed{f1}$ 

When the corresponding status is not activated, the corresponding number n = 0.

#### 3.15 Test operation

Not linearized pulse/s (dead-time corrected) are put out, no advanced digital filter:

Mod0 Switching off the test mode, switching to normal measuring mode.

Mod1 Test mode 1:

Channel 1 = Internal LD counter tube, channel 2 = external probe

Mod2 Test mode 2:

Channel 1 = Internal HD detector, channel 2 = external probe

Mod3 Test mode 3:

Channel 1 = Internal LD counter tube, channel 2 = reference channel

Mod4 Test mode 4:

Channel 1 = Internal LD counter tube, channel 2 = current measurement

Mod5

Mod6 Amplifier is checked every second via test pulses

(otherwise every 32 seconds).

c Counter mode: Reading measured values, units (see command ,,R") and meas-

urement time referring test mode settings Mod0... Mod6

Response: Measured value(1) Unit(1) Measured value(2) Unit(2) Measurement

time

(1) = Channel 1 (2) = Channel 2 e.g.: 0.1234E+0 0 0.1234E+0 0 20

% Output of the number of pulses measured during one second, by channels 1 and 2

Response:

Channel 1 Channel 2 (depending on test mode Mod 1...Mod6)

For versions < V 3.00:

If the unit is measuring mode (Mod0), no response is received.

For versions from V 3.0:

If the unit is measuring mode (Mod0), the following response is received.

Response:

Internal detector External probe current measurement reference channel HV-

Offset

#### 3.16 Error status

e Reading the error status

Response:

The errors are coded bit-by-bit and are put out hexadecimally as a byte.

E.g.: 84 means:

Hexadezimally 8 4

Binary: 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 Bit number 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

The single bits are set when the error occurs.

j Bit 0: free

Bit 1: free

Bit 2: Error, while reading the EEPROM

Bit 3: Pre-amplifier test is negative

Bit 4: Detector is not in the working position (plateau)

Bit 5: 32kHz-oscillator does not oscillate correctly

Bit 6: Error while reading the calibration data of a FH 40 G-e external

probe

Bit 7: Calibration error or unit is not calibrated.

t Reading and resetting transfer error counter.

Response:

0 – no error

 $n-error\ number$ 

#### 3.17 Device serial number

#R Reading the device serial number

e.g.: 12879 0

When an external probe FH 40 G is connected, the probe's device number is given instead of the 0.

## 3.18 Calibration parameters

KP Calibration parameters of FH 40 G or a connected external probe

- Calibration factor in  $\mu Sv/h$ ) / cps or in display unit / cps with contamination probes.
- Dead time
- Dead time coefficient
- Background (subtract value in cps)
- Date of calibration (JJMMDD)
- Type of detector: 03: probe with high/low switchover,
  - 04: Standard dose rate probe
  - 05: Contamination, 06: Neutron, 10: NBR
  - 09: no access to external EEPROM or checksum error

## Example no external probe e.g.:

0.4220E+0	0.2000E-5	0.0000E+0	0.0000E+0	040422	00		
Example with external probe (FHZ 732GM) e.g.:							
0.2100E+0	0.6000E-4	0.0000E+0	0.0000E+0	031017	05		

# 3.19 Nominal value of high voltage

vR Reading nominal value for high voltage in volt vW Setting nominal value for high voltage in volt