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Quiz. 1 (Deadline March 07, 2024)

Problem 1

Given the ciphertext:

A 10h puter scient; St U AKENCZGT WASGHZSWZ ECWZ KJZGH

GLNGTSGHAG U JGGBSHM KJ HKZ JUT

TGEKFGD JTKE UBUTE KH UHUBORSHM UHD GLNBKTG

FINLELDE ZPG JBKKD KJ UDFUHAGD YHKIBGDKG HPSAP

> GUAP OGUT XTHSMW ISTP SZ with it

- a) Please write a program to find out the frequencies of letters in the ciphertext.
- b) Use the plaintext frequency count information below as a reference to break this encrypted messages.

Table 1: Ciphertext letter frequency count: (times)

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	Ι	J	K	L	M
6	6	2	6	5	2	19	13	2	7	13	2	3
Ν	О	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
3	2	5	0	1	9	10	12	0	4	1	1	8

Table 2: Common frequency of letters appearance: (%)

E	A	R	I	О	T	N	S	L	C	U	D	P
11.16	8.5	7.58	7.54	7.16	6.95	6.65	5.74	5.49	4.54	3.63	3.38	3.17
M	Н	G	В	F	Y	W	K	V	X	Z	J	Q
3.01	3.0	2.47	2.07	1.81	1.78	1.29	1.10	1.01	0.29	0.27	0.20	0.20

Table 3: Ciphertext to plaintext mapping

Ciphertext	A	В	C	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Plaintext	\overline{C}	L	V	\triangleright	m	V	9	N	W	1	0	X	g
Ciphertext	N	О	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Plaintext	1)	Y	h	q	\supset	Ì	7	A	J	3	B	K	t
	1	1	,										

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J. R. Shieh

Cryptography Engineering

February 29, 2024

c) Assume C is ciphertext, and P is plaintext. Can you find a particular relationship between C and P?

between C and P? $3 \times + 10 \text{ Mps}$ d) Suppose " $f(x) = ax + b \mod 26$ ", where x is plaintext, please solve the value of a and

e) What is the key size of the Mono-Alphabetic Substitution Cipher? Such a size makes exhaustive search becomes difficult?

f) (Bonus) Please try to see if it is possible to decipher this problem with ChatGPT or another tool.

Problem 2

Plaintext is encrypted using an affine cipher. A plaintext symbol, x, is drawn from \mathbb{Z}_{30} and, hence, encryption is defined as " $y = ax + b \mod 30$ ", where y is the resulting ciphertext and the encryption key is given by $k_{\text{enc}} = (a, b)$.

Determine the size of the key space (that is, the total number of keys).

Determine all values in \mathbb{Z}_{30} that have inverses and, by trail-and-error, determine the inverses.

c) An attacker intercepts the following plaintext/ciphertext pairs:

х	v
4	8
10	26
27	7

4 a + b = 8 10 a + b = 26 21a + b 21a + b $30^{\circ} > 9$

Determine the encryption key $k_{\text{enc}} = (a, b)$.

d) Determine the decryption key $k_{\text{dec}} = (c, d)$, where "x = cy

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Problem 1

Given the ciphertext:

COMPATE C UYGHARMZ IUWMPRWIR GAIR YVRMP

MBHMZWMPUM C VMMXWPE YV PYR VCZ

ZMGYQMD VZYG CXCZG YP CPCXKTWPE CPD MBHXYZM

RNM VXYYD YV CDQCPUMD OPYSXMDEM SNWUN MCUN

KMCZ LZWPEI SWRN WR

- a) Please write a program to find out the frequencies of letters in the ciphertext.
- **b)** Use the plaintext frequency count information below as a reference to break this encrypted messages.

Table 1: Ciphertext letter frequency count: (times)

				_				_				`	,
	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Η	Ι	J	K	L	M
ĺ	2	2	12	6	4	5	3	4	2	0	2	1	19
ĺ	N	О	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
Ì	5	1	12	2	9	3	1	6	7	9	6	12	9

4a+6=12

Table 2: Common frequency of letters appearance: (%)

E	A	R	Ι	О	Т	N	S	L	С	U	D	P
11.16	8.5	7.58	7.54	7.16	6.95	6.65	5.74	5.49	4.54	3.63	3.38	3.17
M	Н	G	В	F	Y	W	K	V	X	Z	J	Q
3.01	3.0	2.47	2.07	1.81	1.78	1.29	1.10	1.01	0.29	0.27	0.20	0.20

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Table 3: Ciphertext to plaintext mapping

			pre 9:	Olph	CIUCA	ь со р	lamite2	v ma	pping				
Ciphertext	A	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Н	Ι	J	K	L	M
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Plaintext	U	X	A		G	7.	M	19	5	\bigvee	Y	B	E
	21	23	0	\mathcal{M}	Ь	9	12	15	18	7	14	1	4
Ciphertext	N	О	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Plaintext	H	1	1/	S	1	M	2		1	I	1		R
	1	10	13	16	19	77	25) ~	5	8	11	14	ſη

a) Please write a program to find out the frequencies of letters in the ciphertext.

A : 2

B : 2

C : 12

D: 6

E: 4

F:0

G: 5

H : 3

I:4

J : 0

K : 2

L:1

M : 19

N : 5

0:1

P: 12

Q: 2

R : 9

S : 3

T : 1

U : 6

V : 7

W: 9

X : 6

Y : 12

Z:9

b) Use the plaintext frequency count information below as a reference to break this encrypted messages.

Table 1. Cinhartest latter francisco count. (times)

A COMPUTER SCIENTIST MUST OFTEN EXPERIENCE A FEELING OF NOT FAR REMOVED FROM ALARM ON ANALYZING AND EXPLORE THE FLOOD OF ADVANCED KNOWLEDGE WHICH EACH YEAR BRINGS WITH IT

c) Assume C is ciphertext, and P is plaintext. Can you find a particular relationship between C and P?

		Ta	ble 3:	Ciph	ertext	to p	lainte	xt ma	pping				
Ciphertext	A	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Η	Ι	J	K	L	Μ
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Plaintext	V	X	A	D.	G)5	M.	12	S	V	Y	B	E
	21	23	0	3	Ь	9	12	15	18	71	14	-1	4
Ciphertext	N	О	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Plaintext	H	1	1/	0	T	W	2		F	I	L	5	R
	7	10	13	16	19	77	25) ~	5	8	11	14	ſη

q

d) Suppose " $f(x) = ax + b \mod 26$ ", where x is plaintext, please solve the value of a and b.

e) What is the key size of the Mono-Alphabetic Substitution Cipher? Such a size makes exhaustive search becomes difficult?

f) (Bonus) Please try to see if it is possible to decipher this problem with ChatGPT or another tool.

c) Assume C is ciphertext, and P is plaintext. Can you find a particular relationship between C and P?

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f) (Bonus) Please try to see if it is possible to decipher this problem with ChatGPT or another tool.

Problem 2 $9 \times i \rightarrow 9 \times i \rightarrow 0$

Plaintext is encrypted using an affine cipher. A plaintext symbol, x, is drawn from \mathbb{Z}_{30} and, hence, encryption is defined as " $y = (x) + b \mod 30$ ", where y is the resulting ciphertext and the encryption key is given by $k_{\text{enc}} = (a, b)$.

- a) Determine the size of the key space (that is, the total number of keys).
- b) Determine all values in \mathbb{Z}_{30} that have inverses and, by trail-and-error, determine the inverses.
 - c) An attacker intercepts the following plaintext/ciphertext pairs:

X	у
4	8
10	26
27	7

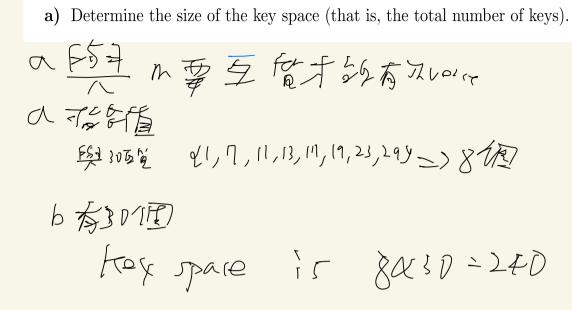
Determine the encryption key $k_{\text{enc}} = (a, b)$.

d) Determine the decryption key $k_{\text{dec}} = (c, d)$, where " $x = cy + d \mod 30$ ".

Table 3: Ciphertext to plaintext mapping

		10	DIC O.	Cipii	CICA	, co p.	lamite2	XU III C	pping				
Ciphertext	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	Ι	J	K	L	M
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Plaintext													
Ciphertext	N	О	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Plaintext													

D- -- 1 /9



b) Determine all values in \mathbb{Z}_{30} that have inverses and, by trail-and-error, determine the inverses.

c) An attacker intercepts the following plaintext/ciphertext pairs:

X	У
4	8
10	26
27	7

Determine the encryption key $k_{\text{enc}} = (a, b)$.

$$4a+b=8 (a.130)$$
 $10a+b=2b$ ----
 $21a+b=7$ ----
 $6a=18$ 636 $83,1$
 $10a=11$ $3a=11$

$$a=13$$
 $b=16$

d) Determine the decryption key $k_{\text{dec}} = (c, d)$, where " $x = cy + d \mod 30$ ".

Table 3: Ciphertext to plaintext mapping													
Ciphertext	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Plaintext													
Ciphertext	N	О	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Plaintext				A									

26 K M 929

$$C = 1$$

$$d = \hat{x}$$