

File Includes Within This Project:

Main.java Record.java SeqReader.java StringTable.java
autofrader-results.txt JRE System Library Readme File.pdf

Algorithm Description & Project Issues:

Using Open Dressing Hash to store, search and remove records.

The record(input) in this project is k -mres of a DNA sequence. Every record has three variables:

key – substrings of length k .

position – a list of sequence positions at which that string occurs.

hashValue – integer result of applying the toHashValue procedure to the key.

Implement the doubling procedure

Create Record-type array named table and initialize it with size 2.

When implementing insert method, if load factor > 0.25 , do the following steps:

- Call *doubleTable* method to double size of old table.
- Call *rehash* method to rehash each of the records in the old table.

In order to compute load factor, set a public variable *counter* and initialized it to 0 to count the number of inputs in the table. After inserting a new input, *counter* increases by 1.

Challenging part

When I doubled the old table to get a new one, all records in the old table were cleaned up. Thus, I failed *rehash* implementation. It took me a great amount of time to debug. After figuring out the problem, I create a new table name *oldTable* to represent the original one. Then, rehash all records in *the oldTable* into the new table with diploid size.

Check the Results

In order to find out bugs in my program, I printed out the results.

```
System.out.println("α:" + Math.round((double)counter/table.length*100)/100.0 +  
    " # of slots: " + table.length + "    "+ " # of records: " + counter  
    + "    Position in tale: "+slot+ "    Key: " + table[slot].key);
```

The result of case 1 match the expected one.

```

M = 4
CORPUS: 31 bases
PATTERN: 31 bases
MASK: 29 bases
α:0.5 # of slots: 2 # of records: 1 Position in tale: 1 Key: agca
α:0.5 # of slots: 4 # of records: 2 Position in tale: 1 Key: gcat
α:0.38 # of slots: 8 # of records: 3 Position in tale: 1 Key: cata
α:0.25 # of slots: 16 # of records: 4 Position in tale: 10 Key: atac

...
α:0.17 # of slots: 128 # of records: 22 Position in tale: 90 Key: gccc
α:0.18 # of slots: 128 # of records: 23 Position in tale: 54 Key: cccc
0 0 agca
9 4 tacc
9 18 tacc
10 5 accc
11 6 ccca
14 11 atag
15 12 tagg
21 21 catt
22 22 atta
23 23 ttag
27 5 accc

```

However, although the case2 to case4 printed common *k-mer* separately, the number of records didn't start from 1. Later on, I reset the preferences of Console, and got the expected results.