一步一步完成GitLab Runner持续化自动部署

本文将以Ubuntu16.04.4+Docker自动化部署Dotnetcore项目

1.安装gitlab

2.Ubuntu安装Docker

• 使用官方脚本安装Docker,安装源为阿里云

```
curl -fsSL https://get.docker.com | bash -s docker --mirror Aliyun
🗗 root@ubuntu16: ∼
                                                                         X
Server:
Engine:
  Version:
               18.05.0-ce
 API version: 1.37 (minimum version 1.12)
 Git commit: f150324
 Built:
               Wed May 9 22:14:32 2018
 OS/Arch:
                linux/amd64
 Experimental: false
If you would like to use Docker as a non-root user, you should now consider
adding your user to the "docker" group with something like:
 sudo usermod -aG docker your-user
Remember that you will have to log out and back in for this to take effect!
WARNING: Adding a user to the "docker" group will grant the ability to run
         containers which can be used to obtain root privileges on the
        docker host.
        Refer to https://docs.docker.com/engine/security/security/#docker-daemo
n-attack-surface
         for more information.
root@ubuntul6:~#
```

3.在Docker安装并配置GitLab Runner

- 参考官网地址Girlab Runner https://docs.gitlab.com/runner/install/
- 在Docker安装GitLab Runner
 - 1.使用命令在Docker中安装Gitlab Runner

```
docker run -d --name gitlab-runner --restart always \
  -v /srv/gitlab-runner/config:/etc/gitlab-runner \
  -v /var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock \
  gitlab/gitlab-runner:latest
```

- o 使用<u>阿里云镜像加速</u>,这样在部署的时候会快一点,按照阿里云官网添加即可,不赘述.
- 2.注册并设置Gitlan Runner
 - 1.访问Gitlab获取 http://你的gitlab地址/admin/runners

Setup a shared Runner manually

- 1. 安装一个与 GitLab CI 兼容的 Runner (如需了解更多的安装信息,请查看 GitLab Runner)
- 2. 在 Runner 设置时指定以下 URL: http://git.xd5u.cn/
- 3. 在安装过程中使用以下注册令牌: eF8w gTHMis
- 4. 启动 Runner!
- 2.运行 Gitlab Runner 注册设置

```
docker exec -it gitlab-runner gitlab-runner register
```

```
🐶 root@ubuntu16: ∼
                                                                         ×
root@ubuntul6:~# docker exec -it gitlab-runner gitlab-runner register
Running in system-mode.
Please enter the gitlab-ci coordinator URL (e.g. https://gitlab.com/):
http://git.xd5u.cn/
Please enter the gitlab-ci token for this runner:
           thgTHMis
eF8wyzi
Please enter the gitlab-ci description for this runner:
[6d1bc89388691:
Please enter the gitlab-ci tags for this runner (comma separated):
demo
Whether to run untagged builds [true/false]:
[false]: true
Whether to lock the Runner to current project [true/false]:
[true]: true
Registering runner... succeeded
                                                    runner=eF8wyziy
Please enter the executor: parallels, shell, ssh, virtualbox, docker+machine, do
cker, docker-ssh, docker-ssh+machine, kubernetes:
docker
Please enter the default Docker image (e.g. ruby:2.1):
microsoft/dotnet:latest
Runner registered successfully. Feel free to start it, but if it's running alrea
dy the config should be automatically reloaded!
root@ubuntu16:~#
```

根据提示输入信息

```
Please enter the gitlab-ci coordinator URL (e.g. https://gitlab.com/):
http://git.xd5u.cn/
Please enter the gitlab-ci token for this runner:
eF8wyzi****2RhgTHMis
Please enter the gitlab-ci description for this runner:
[6d1bc8938869]:
```

Please enter the gitlab-ci tags for this runner (comma separated):

demo

Whether to run untagged builds [true/false]:

[false]: true

Whether to lock the Runner to current project [true/false]:

[true]: true

Registering runner... succeeded runner=eF8wyziy

Please enter the executor: parallels, shell, ssh, virtualbox, docker+machine, docker, docker-ssh, docker-ssh+machine, kubernetes:

docker

Please enter the default Docker image (e.g. ruby:2.1):

microsoft/dotnet:latest

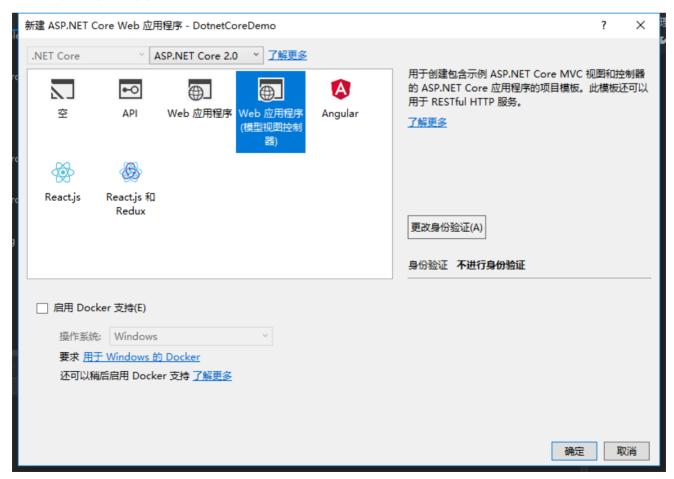
Runner registered successfully. Feel free to start it, but if it's running already the config should be automatically reloaded!

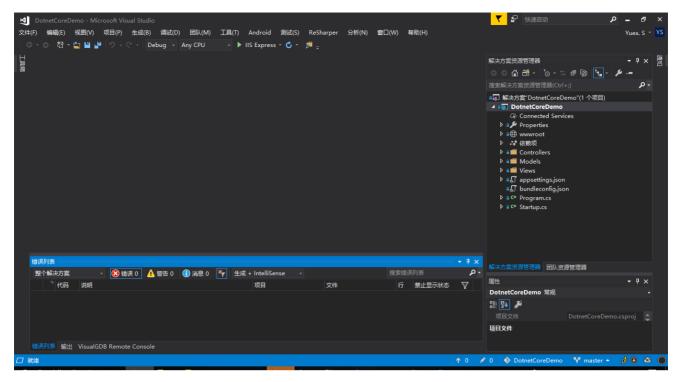
设置了默认源为 microsoft/dotnet:latest ,这里时候Runners里面应该已经添加好了

类型	Runner 令牌	描述	版本	IP 地址	项目	作业	标签
特定的锁定的	10b197f5	6d1bc8938869	10.8.0	127.0.0.1	1	4	demo

4.添加一个dotnetcore测试项目

• 1.创建一个mvc示例





• 2.在gitlab创建一个项目,并且将刚创建项目提交上去

DotnetCoreDemo •



5.自动部署脚本.gitlab-ci.yml添加

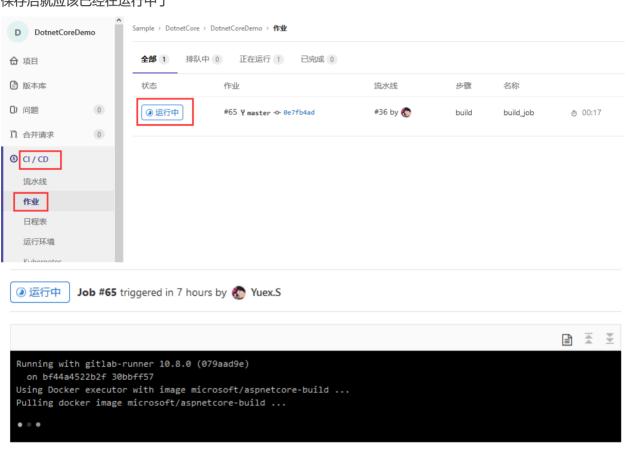
• 1.添加.gitlab-ci.yml文件



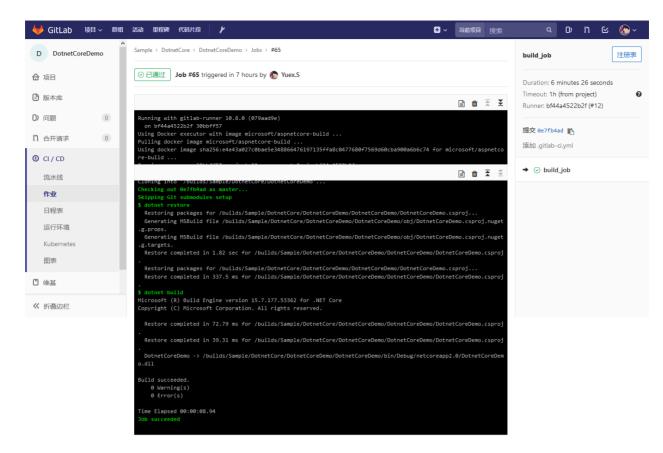


```
# image: microsoft/aspnetcore-build
stages:
  - build
build_job:
  stage: build
  only:
   - master
  script:
  - dotnet restore
  - dotnet build
```

保存后就应该已经在运行中了



第一次部署,正在获取 microsoft/aspnetcore-build 镜像,这里如果很慢的话,可以使用阿里云镜像加速 下面是完成后的截图



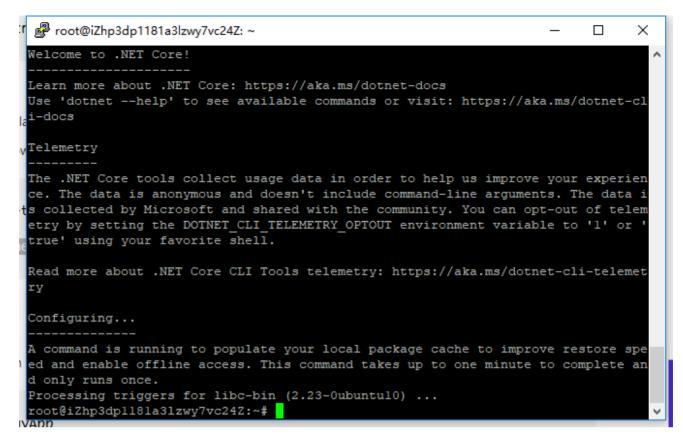
这里测试生成已经正常了,在这步可以还可以做部署测试等等,测试完成了再部署.

6.部署到web服务器

我这里使用阿里云作为部署服务器,再服务器安装好运行环境.我是ASP.NET Core+Nginx,下面开始搭建.

1.安装dotnet-sdk

参考官网,这里不赘述:https://www.microsoft.com/net/learn/get-started/linux/ubuntu16-04



2.安装Nginx并配置

• 安装nginx

sudo apt-get install nginx

• 启动nginx

sudo service nginx start

```
root@iZhp3dp1181a3lzwy7vc24Z: ~
                                                                                X
Selecting previously unselected package nginx.
Preparing to unpack .../nginx_1.10.3-0ubuntu0.16.04.2_all.deb ...
Unpacking nginx (1.10.3-0ubuntu0.16.04.2) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.7.5-1) ...
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.23-Oubuntulo) ...
Processing triggers for ureadahead (0.100.0-19) ...
Processing triggers for ufw (0.35-0ubuntu2) ...
Processing triggers for systemd (229-4ubuntu21.2) ...
Setting up fonts-dejavu-core (2.35-1) ...
Setting up fontconfig-config (2.11.94-Oubuntul.1) ...
Setting up libfontconfigl:amd64 (2.11.94-Oubuntul.1) ...
Setting up libvpx3:amd64 (1.5.0-2ubuntul) ...
Setting up libxpm4:amd64 (1:3.5.11-lubuntu0.16.04.1) ...
Setting up libgd3:amd64 (2.1.1-4ubuntu0.16.04.8) ...
Setting up libxsltl.l:amd64 (1.1.28-2.lubuntu0.1) ...
Setting up nginx-common (1.10.3-0ubuntu0.16.04.2) ...
Setting up nginx-core (1.10.3-0ubuntu0.16.04.2) ...
Setting up nginx (1.10.3-0ubuntu0.16.04.2) ...
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.23-Oubuntulo) ...
Processing triggers for systemd (229-4ubuntu21.2) ...
Processing triggers for ureadahead (0.100.0-19) ...
Processing triggers for ufw (0.35-0ubuntu2) ...
root@iZhp3dp1181a31zwy7vc24Z:~# sudo service nginx start
root@iZhp3dp1181a31zwy7vc24Z:~#
```

• 启动后访问ip测试nginx是否已经正常



Welcome to nginx!

If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to <u>nginx.org</u>. Commercial support is available at <u>nginx.com</u>.

Thank you for using nginx.

- 3.现在环境已经搭建好了,继续配置nginx以及添加一个dotnetcore运行的服务和创建web路径
- 1.修改nginx的默认配置(实际可以添加配置文件,绑定域名,我这里就不分配域名了)

修改保存后重新加载配置文件

```
sudo nginx -t
sudo nginx -s reload
```

现在访问地址应该是502错误,不用管他,因为我们dotnetcore网站还没运行



502 Bad Gateway

nginx/1.10.3 (Ubuntu)

2.创建一个目录用于部署DotnetCoreDemo项目的目录

```
mkdir /var/www/DotnetCoreDemo
```

稍后网站以及服务会再这个目录执行

3.创建一个运行DotnetCoreDemo网站的服务并启用

```
sudo vim /etc/systemd/system/kestrel-DotnetCoreDemo.service
内容为
```

```
[Unit]
Description=DotnetCoreDemo

[Service]
WorkingDirectory=/var/www/DotnetCoreDemo
ExecStart=/usr/bin/dotnet /var/www/DotnetCoreDemo/DotnetCoreDemo.dll # 路径根据自己项目来设置
Restart=always
RestartSec=10
SyslogIdentifier=DotnetCoreDemo_log
User=www-data
Environment=ASPNETCORE_ENVIRONMENT=Production
Environment=DOTNET_PRINT_TELEMETRY_MESSAGE=false

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

```
[Unit]
Description=DotnetCoreDemo

[Service]
WorkingDirectory=/var/www/DotnetCoreDemo
ExecStart=/usr/bin/dotnet /var/www/DotnetCoreDemo/DotnetCoreDemo.dll
Restart=always
RestartSec=10
SyslogIdentifier=DotnetCoreDemo_log
User=www-data
Environment=ASPNETCORE_ENVIRONMENT=Production
Environment=DOTNET_PRINT_TELEMETRY_MESSAGE=false

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

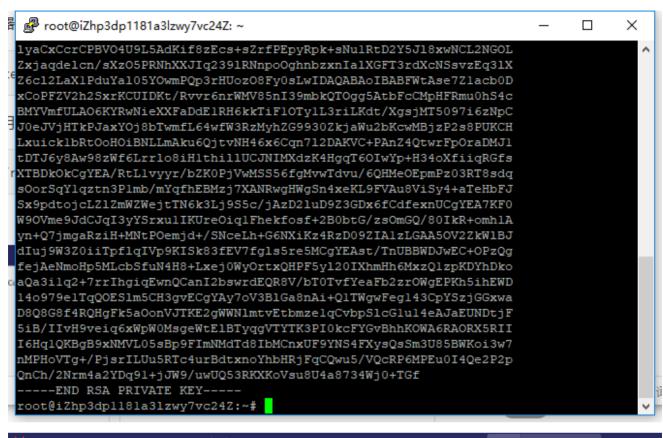
```
# 启用服务(这里只是启用了,并没有启动)
systemctl enable kestrel-DotnetCoreDemo.service
```

4.配置服务器ssh免密码登陆,在脚本中会使用到

在本地服务器创建RSA无密码密钥,并添加远程授权

```
ssh-keygen -t rsa -P ''
ssh-copy-id root@阿里云部署服务器IP
```

cat /root/.ssh/id rsa





继续在Gitlab添加变量

DEPLOY_SERVER_DEV ,服务器部署的地址

KESTREL SERVICENAME ,服务器部署的dotnet网站的服务名称

WEB DIR ,服务器网站部署的路径

加密变量 🔞

变量通过runner作用于环境中。可将变量限制为仅受保护的分支或标签可以访问。可以使用变量来保存密码、密钥或

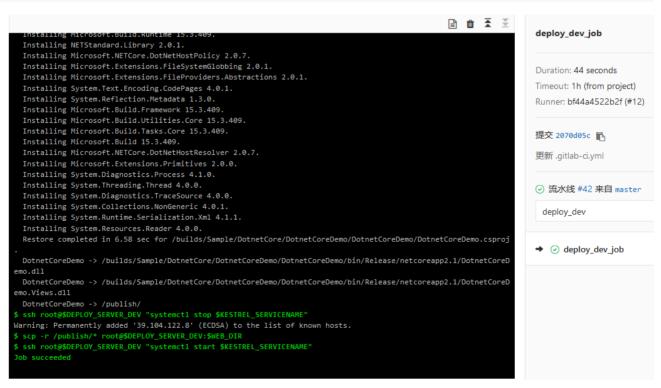
SSH_PRIVATE_KEY_DEV	END RSA PRIVATE KEY	へ ◆ ···
DEPLOY_SERVER_DEV	3(8	受
KESTREL_SERVICENAME	kestrel-DotnetCoreDemo.service	受
WEB_DIR	/var/www/DotnetCoreDemo	受
输入变量的名称	输入变量的值	受
保存变量 隐藏值		

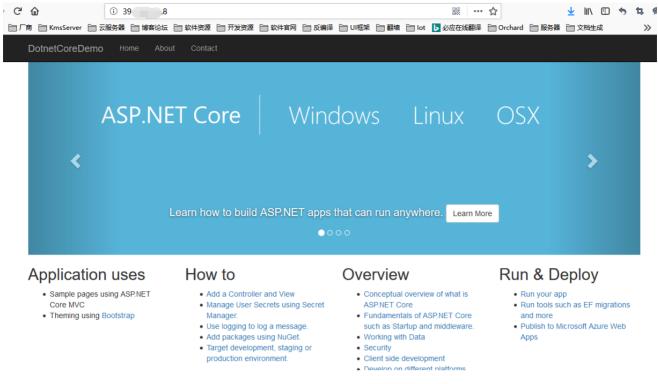
修改脚本.gitlab-ci.yml文件

```
# 指定镜像 microsoft/aspnetcore-build暂时没有sdk2.1的编译环境,暂时不需要
# image: microsoft/aspnetcore-build
stages:
 - build
  - deploy dev
before_script:
 # Install ssh-agent if not already installed, it is required by Docker.
 # (change apt-get to yum if you use a CentOS-based image)
  - 'which ssh-agent || ( apt-get update -y && apt-get install openssh-client -y )'
 # Run ssh-agent (inside the build environment)
 - eval $(ssh-agent -s)
 # Add the SSH key stored in SSH PRIVATE KEY variable to the agent store
 # error: https://gitlab.com/gitlab-examples/ssh-private-key/issues/1
 # - echo "$SSH PRIVATE KEY DEV"
 - ssh-add <(echo "$SSH_PRIVATE_KEY_DEV")</pre>
 # For Docker builds disable host key checking. Be aware that by adding that
 # you are suspectible to man-in-the-middle attacks.
 # WARNING: Use this only with the Docker executor, if you use it with shell
 # you will overwrite your user's SSH config.
  - mkdir -p ~/.ssh
  - '[[ -f /.dockerenv ]] && echo -e "Host *\n\tStrictHostKeyChecking no\n\n" > ~/.ssh/config'
build job:
```

```
stage: build
 only:
   - master
 script:
  - dotnet restore
  - dotnet build
deploy_dev_job:
 stage: deploy dev
 environment:
   name: development
 only:
   - master
 script:
   # 发布程序
   - dotnet publish -c Release --output /publish
   # 停止服务器网站的服务
   - ssh root@$DEPLOY SERVER DEV "systemctl stop $KESTREL SERVICENAME"
   # scp复制发布文件到服务器
   - scp -r /publish/* root@$DEPLOY_SERVER_DEV:$WEB_DIR
   # 启动服务器的服务
   - ssh root@$DEPLOY SERVER DEV "systemctl start $KESTREL SERVICENAME"
```







到这里,自动化部署全部完成.其他方式类似操作.

2018年6月4日 Devil月哥