

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT ARLINGTON, TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

EE 5329

Distributed Decision and Control

HW # 2 ASSIGNMENT

by

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Presented to

Dr. Frank Lewis

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EE 5329 Distributed Decision and Control Spring 2018 Homework Pledge of Honor

On al	l homeworks	in this cla	ss - YOL	J MUST \	WORK ALONE.
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Any cheating or collusion will be severely punished.

It is very easy to compare your software code and determine if you worked together

It does not matter if you change the variable names.

Please sign this form and include it as the first page of all of your submitted homeworks
Typed Name: Soutrik Maiti

Pledge of honor:

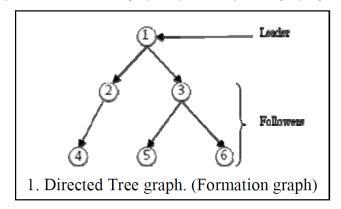
"On my honor I have neither given nor received aid on this homework."

e-Signature: Soutrik Maiti

Graph Laplacian Eigen Values

1.

a) Adjacent Matrix A and graph Laplacian L for the graph given in problem:



Adjacent Matrix:

a1 =

0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0.5000
0	0	0	0	0	0.5000
0	0	0	0	0.5000	0
0	0	0	0.5000	0	0
0	0	0	0.5000	0	0

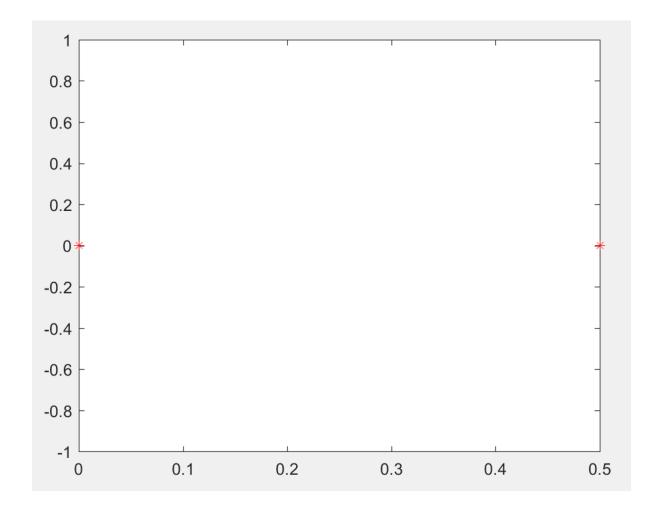
Laplacian Matrix:

11 =

0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0.5000	-0.5000
0	0	0	0.5000	0	-0.5000
0	0	0.5000	0	-0.5000	0
0	0.5000	0	-0.5000	0	0
0.5000	0	0	-0.5000	0	0

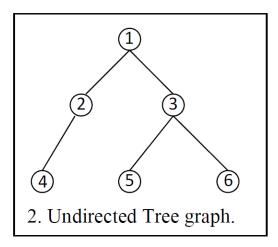
ev1 =

0.5000
0.5000
0.5000
0.5000
0.5000
0



2.

a) Adjacent Matrix A and graph Laplacian L for the graphs given in problem:



Adjacent Matrix:

a2 =

0	0	0	0.5000	0.5000	0
0	0	0.5000	0	0	0.5000
0.5000	0.5000	0	0	0	0.5000
0	0	0	0	0.5000	0
0	0	0	0.5000	0	0
0	0	0	0.5000	0	0

Laplacian Matrix:

12 =

ev2 =

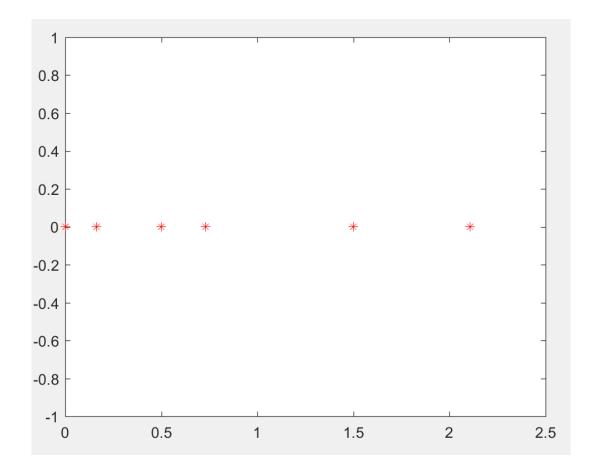
0.0000

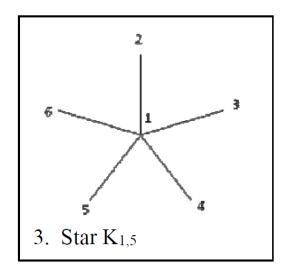
0.1624

0.5000

0.7304

1.5000





Adjacent Matrix:

ev3 =

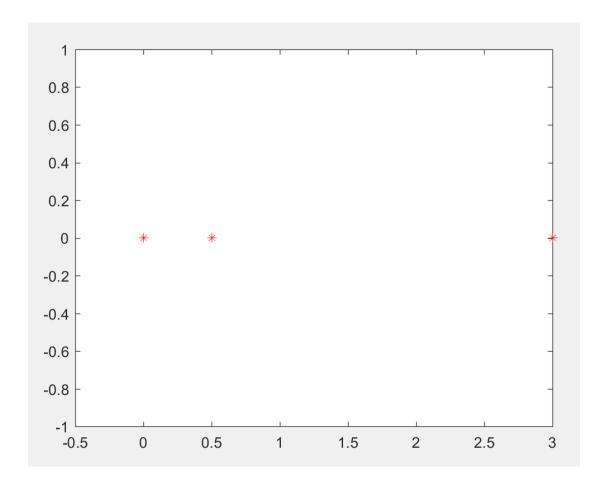
-0.0000

0.5000

0.5000

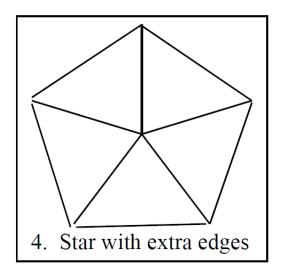
0.5000

0.5000



4.

a) Adjacent Matrix A and graph Laplacian L for the graphs given in problem:



Adjacent Matrix:

a4 =

0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0
0.5000	0	0	0.5000	0	0.5000
0	0	0.5000	0	0.5000	0.5000
0	0.5000	0	0.5000	0	0.5000
0.5000	0	0.5000	0	0	0.5000
0	0.5000	0	0	0.5000	0.5000

Laplacian Matrix:

14 =

-0.5000	-0.5000	-0.5000	-0.5000	-0.5000	2.5000
-0.5000	0	0	-0.5000	1.5000	-0.5000
0	0	-0.5000	1.5000	-0.5000	-0.5000
0	-0.5000	1.5000	-0.5000	0	-0.5000
-0.5000	1.5000	-0.5000	0	0	-0.5000
1.5000	-0.5000	0	0	-0.5000	-0.5000

-0.0000

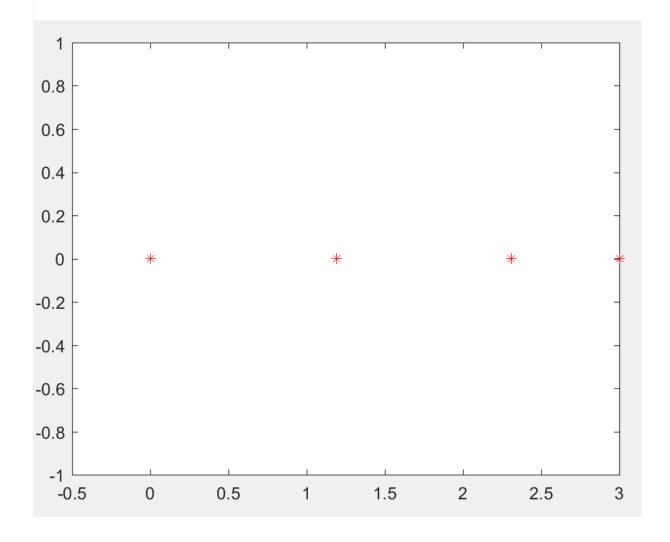
ev4 =

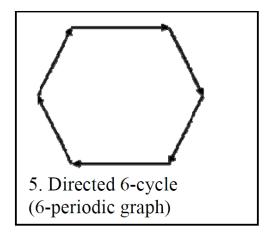
1.1910

1.1910

2.3090

2.3090





Adjacent Matrix:

0.5000	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0.5000
0	0	0	0	0.5000	0
0	0	0	0.5000	0	0
0	0	0.5000	0	0	0
0	0.5000	0	0	0	0

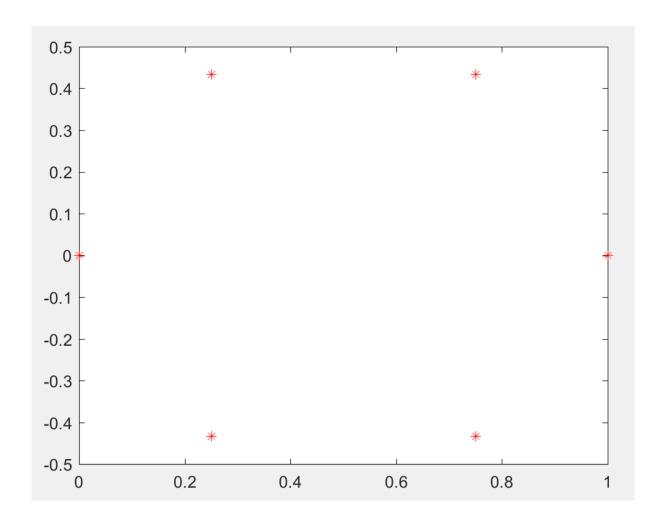
```
-0.0000 + 0.0000i
0.2500 + 0.4330i
0.2500 - 0.4330i
```

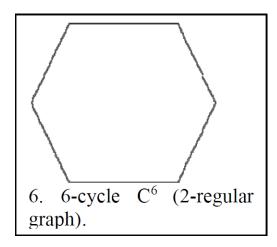
ev5 =

0.7500 + 0.4330i

0.7500 **-** 0.4330i

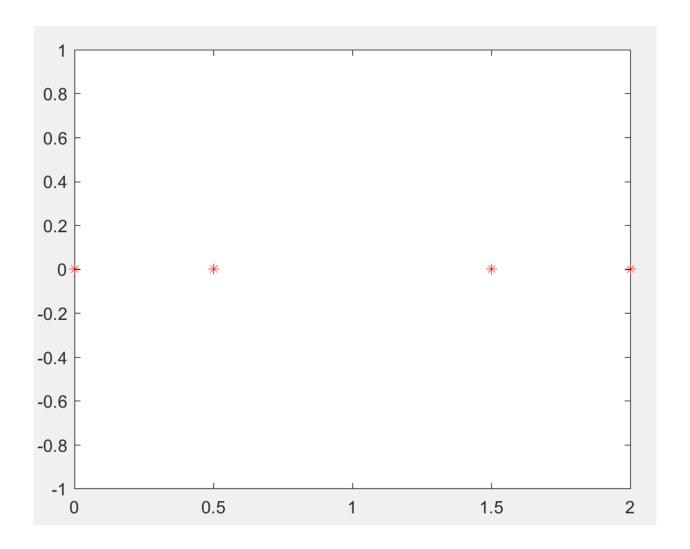
1.0000 + 0.0000i

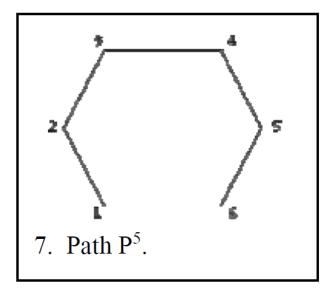




Adjacent Matrix:

0.5000	0	0	0	0.5000	0
0	0	0	0.5000	0	0.5000
0	0	0.5000	0	0.5000	0
0	0.5000	0	0.5000	0	0
0.5000	0	0.5000	0	0	0
0	0.5000	0	0	0	0.5000





Adjacent Matrix:

$$ev7 =$$

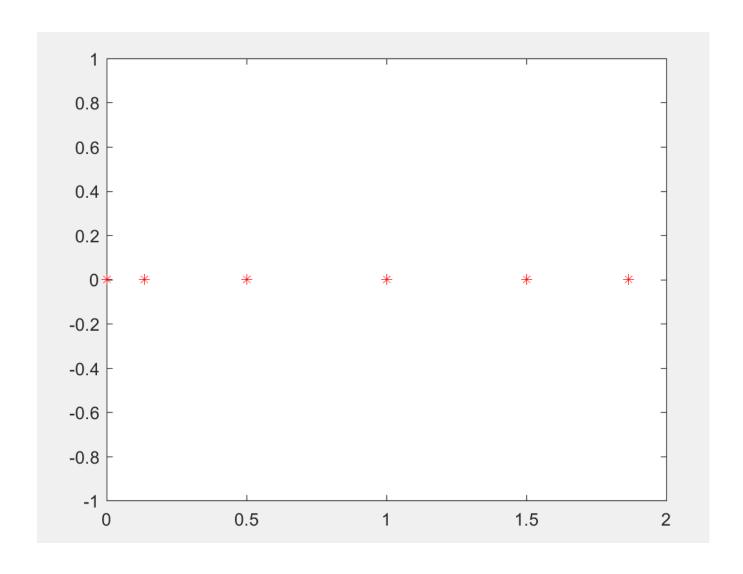
0.0000

0.1340

0.5000

1.0000

1.5000



c)The Fiedler values of the corresponding graphs are:

The Fiedler value represents the rate of convergence of the graph

Graph 1 = 0.5000

Graph 2 = 0.1624

Graph 3 = 0.5000

Graph 4 = 1.1910

Graph 5 = 0.2500 + 0.4330i

Graph 6 = 0.5000

Graph 7 = 0.1340

The Fiedler value for the graph 4(1.1910) is the highest and hence this graph (star with extra edges) would converge the fastest.

d) The Left eigenvector w1 of L for λ 1=0 for all the graphs are as follows :

$$w1_L1 =$$

- 1
- 0
- 0
- 0
- 0

- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082

$$w1_L3 =$$

- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082

- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082

- 0.4082
- 0.4082
- 0.4082
- 0.4082
- 0.4082
- 0.4082

$$w1 L6 =$$

- 0.4082
- 0.4082
- 0.4082
- 0.4082
- 0.4082
- 0.4082

$$w1_L7 =$$

- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082
- -0.4082

e) The Fiedler Eigen Vector v2 for the corresponding graphs are as follows:

$$v2_L1 =$$

0

0

0

1

0

0

$$v2_L2 =$$

0.0813

0.4193

-0.2831

0.6211

-0.4193

-0.4193

$$v2_L3 =$$

0

-0.4082

0.8165

0

-0.4082

(

$$v2_L4 =$$

0.0000

0.1936

-0.5128

-0.5105

0.1973

$$v2_L5 =$$

$$-0.2041 + 0.3536i$$

$$-0.4082 + 0.0000i$$

$$0.2041 + 0.3536i$$

MATLAB CODE:

clear all

clc

close all

%A matrix for first problem

0.5 0 0 0 0 0;

0.5 0 0 0 0 0;

```
0 0.5 0 0 0 0;
  0 0 0.5 0 0 0;
  0 0 0.5 0 0 0]
%A matrix for second problem
a2= [0 0.5 0.5 0 0 0;
  0.5 0 0 0.5 0 0;
  0.5 0 0 0 0.5 0.5;
  0 0.5 0 0 0 0;
  0 0 0.5 0 0 0;
  0 0 0.5 0 0 0]
%A matrix for third problem
a3= [0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5;
  0.5 0 0 0 0 0;
  0.5 0 0 0 0 0;
  0.5 0 0 0 0 0;
  0.5 0 0 0 0 0;
  0.5 0 0 0 0 0]
%A matrix for fourth problem
a4= [0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5;
  0.5 0 0.5 0 0 0.5;
  0.5 0.5 0 0.5 0 0;
  0.5 0 0.5 0 0.5 0;
  0.5 0 0 0.5 0 0.5;
  0.5 0.5 0 0 0.5 0]
%A matrix for fifth problem
a5= [0 0 0 0 0 0.5;
  0.5 0 0 0 0 0;
  0 0.5 0 0 0 0;
  0 0 0.5 0 0 0;
```

```
0000.500;
  00000.50]
%A matrix for sixth problem
a6= [0 0.5 0 0 0 0.5;
  0.5 0 0.5 0 0 0;
  0 0.5 0 0.5 0 0;
  0 0 0.5 0 0.5 0;
  0 0 0 0.5 0 0.5;
  0.5 0 0 0 0.5 0]
%A matrix for seventh problem
a7= [0 0.5 0 0 0 0;
  0.5 0 0.5 0 0 0;
  0 0.5 0 0.5 0 0;
  0 0 0.5 0 0.5 0;
  0 0 0 0.5 0 0.5;
  00000.50]
d1= diag([sum(a1(1,:));sum(a1(2,:));sum(a1(3,:));sum(a1(4,:));sum(a1(5,:));sum(a1(6,:))]);
d2 = diag([sum(a2(1,:));sum(a2(2,:));sum(a2(3,:));sum(a2(4,:));sum(a2(5,:));sum(a2(6,:))]);
d3 = diag([sum(a3(1,:));sum(a3(2,:));sum(a3(3,:));sum(a3(4,:));sum(a3(5,:));sum(a3(6,:))]);
d4= diag([sum(a4(1,:));sum(a4(2,:));sum(a4(3,:));sum(a4(4,:));sum(a4(5,:));sum(a4(6,:))]);
d5 = diag([sum(a5(1,:));sum(a5(2,:));sum(a5(3,:));sum(a5(4,:));sum(a5(5,:));sum(a5(6,:))]);
d6= diag([sum(a6(1,:));sum(a6(2,:));sum(a6(3,:));sum(a6(4,:));sum(a6(5,:));sum(a6(6,:))]);
d7 = diag([sum(a7(1,:));sum(a7(2,:));sum(a7(3,:));sum(a7(4,:));sum(a7(5,:));sum(a7(6,:))]);
l1= d1-a1
12 = d2 - a2
13= d3-a3
```

```
I4= d4-a4
I5= d5-a5
I6= d6-a6
l7= d7-a7
[V1,D1,W1]= eig(I1);
o=ones(6,1);
ev1=D1*o
r1=real(ev1);
i1=imag(ev1);
figure
plot(r1,i1,'r*')
hold on
[V2,D2,W2]= eig(l2);
ev2=D2*o
r2=real(ev2);
i2=imag(ev2);
figure
plot(r2,i2,'r*')
hold on
[V3,D3,W3]= eig(l3);
ev3=D3*o
r3=real(ev3);
i3=imag(ev3);
figure
plot(r3,i3,'r*')
hold on
```

```
[V4,D4,W4] = eig(I4);
ev4=D4*o
r4=real(ev4);
i4=imag(ev4);
figure
plot(r4,i4,'r*')
hold on
[V5,D5,W5]= eig(I5);
ev5=D5*o
r5=real(ev5);
i5=imag(ev5);
figure
plot(r5,i5,'r*')
hold on
[V6,D6,W6] = eig(I6);
ev6=D6*o
r6=real(ev6);
i6=imag(ev6);
figure
plot(r6,i6,'r*')
hold on
[V7,D7,W7]= eig(I7);
ev7=D7*o
r7=real(ev7);
i7=imag(ev7);
```

```
figure
plot(r7,i7,'r*')
hold on

% The left eigen vectors of the graphs corresponding to lamda = 0
w1_L1=W1(:,6)
w1_L2=W2(:,1)
w1_L3=W3(:,1)
w1_L4=W4(:,1)
w1_L5=W5(:,1)
w1_L6=W6(:,1)
w1_L7=W7(:,1)

%The Fiedler value v2 of the graphs are as follows:
v2_L1=V1(:,2)
v2_L2=V2(:,2)
```

v2_L3=V3(:,2)

v2_L4=V4(:,2)

v2_L5=V5(:,2)

v2_L6=V6(:,2)

v2_L7=V7(:,2)