

# Seata-Seata的高可用异地容灾架构搭建 转载



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                                                           文章分类 架构
                                                                         后端开发
阅读数 471
```

#### 1.模拟异地容灾的TC集群

计划启动两台seata的tc服务节点:

```
| 节点名称 | ip地址(具体IP) | 端口号 | 集群名称 |
2.
   |-----|
   | seata | 192.168.8.118 | 8091 | SH
   | seata2 | 192.168.8.118 | 8092 | HZ
```

之前我们已经启动了一台seata服务,端口是8091,集群名为SH(注: 192.168.8.118用tajia-nacos替代,在host配 置)。

现在,将seata目录复制一份,起名为seata-server-2

修改seata-server-2/conf/registry.conf内容如下:

```
1.
      registry {
       # tc服务的注册中心类,这里选择nacos,也可以是eureka、zookeeper等
3.
       # file \ nacos \ eureka \ redis \ zk \ consul \ etcd3 \ sofa
4.
       type = "nacos"
5.
6.
       nacos {
7.
        application = "seata-tc-server"
8.
        serverAddr = "tajia-nacos:8848"
9
        group = "SEATA_GROUP"
10.
        namespace = ""
11.
        cluster = "HZ"
12
        username = "nacos"
13.
        password = "nacos"
14.
       }
15.
     }
16.
17.
18.
       #读取tc服务端的配置文件的方式,这里是从nacos配置中心读取,这样如果tc是集群,可以共享配置
19.
       # file, nacos, apollo, zk, consul, etcd3
20.
       type = "nacos"
21.
       #配置nacos地址等信息
22.
       nacos {
23.
        serverAddr = "tajia-nacos:8848"
24.
        namespace = ""
25.
        group = "SEATA_GROUP"
26.
        username = "nacos"
27.
        password = "nacos"
28.
        dataId = "seataServer.properties"
29.
30.
      }
```

#### 进入seata2/bin目录,然后运行命令:

D:/dev/seata-server-2/bin/seata-server.bat -p 8092

#### mb5fe329306

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+ 关注

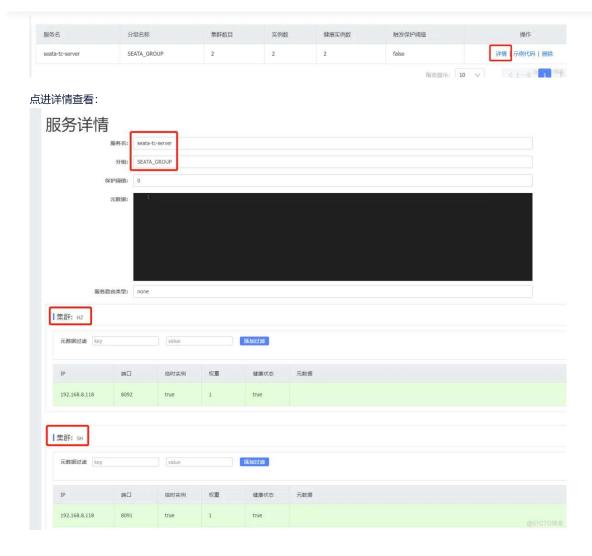


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## 2.将事务组映射配置到nacos

接下来,我们需要将tx-service-group与cluster的映射关系都配置到nacos配置中心。

# 新元建配置 Data ID: | kilent.properties Group: DEFAULT\_GROUP 更多商级选项 描述: RIII TEXT JSON XML YAML HTML ② Properties RIII PROPERTIES

## 配置的内容如下(client.properties):

 $\pm \Box$ 

- 1. #事务组映射关系SH、HZ
- 2. service.vgroupMapping.seata-demo=SH
- 3.
- 4. service.enableDegrade=false
- 5. service.disableGlobalTransaction=false
- 6. #与TC服务的通信配置
- 7. transport.type=TCP
- 8. transport.server=NIO



- 12. transport.threadFactory.workerThreadPrefix=NettyServerNIOWorker
- 13. transport.threadFactory.serverExecutorThreadPrefix=NettyServerBizHandler
- 14. transport.threadFactory.shareBossWorker=false
- 15... transport.threadFactory.clientSelectorThreadPrefix=NettyClientSelector
- 16. transport.threadFactory.clientSelectorThreadSize=1
- 17. transport.threadFactory.clientWorkerThreadPrefix=NettyClientWorkerThread
- 18. transport.threadFactory.bossThreadSize=1
- 19. transport.threadFactory.workerThreadSize=default
- 20. transport.shutdown.wait=3
- 21. # RM配置
- 22. client.rm.asyncCommitBufferLimit=10000
- 23. client.rm.lock.retryInterval=10
- 24. client.rm.lock.retryTimes=30
- 25. client.rm.lock.retryPolicyBranchRollbackOnConflict=true
- 26. client.rm.reportRetryCount=5
- 27. client.rm.tableMetaCheckEnable=false
- 28. client.rm.tableMetaCheckerInterval=60000
- 29. client.rm.sqlParserType=druid
- 30. client.rm.reportSuccessEnable=false
- 31. client.rm.sagaBranchRegisterEnable=false
- 32. #TM配置
- 33. client.tm.commitRetryCount=5
- 34. client.tm.rollbackRetryCount=5
- 35. client.tm.defaultGlobalTransactionTimeout=60000
- 36. client.tm.degradeCheck=false
- 37. client.tm.degradeCheckAllowTimes=10
- 38. client.tm.degradeCheckPeriod=2000
- 39.
- 40. # undo日志配置
- 41. client.undo.dataValidation=true
- 42. client.undo.logSerialization=jackson
- 43. client.undo.onlyCareUpdateColumns=true
- 44. client.undo.logTable=undo\_log
- 45. client.undo.compress.enable=true
- 46. client.undo.compress.type=zip
- 47. client.undo.compress.threshold=64k
- 48. client.log.exceptionRate=100

View Code

#### 3.微服务读取nacos配置

接下来,需要修改每一个微服务的application.yml文件,让微服务读取nacos中的client.properties文件:

- 1. seata:
- 2. config:
- 3. type: nacos
- 4. nacos:
- 5. server-addr: tajia-nacos:8848
- 6. username: nacos
- 7. password: nacos
- 8. group: SEATA\_GROUP
- 9. data-id: client.properties

#### seata完整配置如下:

- 1. seata:
- 2. registry: # TC服务注册中心的配置,微服务根据这些信息去注册中心获取tc服务地址
- 3. #参考tc服务自己的registry.conf中的配置
- 4. type: nacos



```
group: SEATA_GROUP
9.
         application: seata-tc-server # tc服务在nacos中的服务名称
10.
       tx-service-group: seata-demo # 事务组,根据这个获取tc服务的cluster名称
11.
12.
       # vgroup-mapping: #事务组与TC服务cluster的映射关系
13.
       # seata-demo: SH
14.
       config:
15.
        type: nacos
16.
        nacos
17.
         server-addr: tajia-nacos:8848
18..
         username: nacos
19.
         password: nacos
20.
         group: SEATA_GROUP
21.
         data-id: client.properties
```

重启微服务,现在微服务到底是连接tc的SH集群,还是tc的HZ集群,统一由nacos的client.properties来决定。

nacos配置的service.vgroupMapping.seata-demo是SH集群,此时观察微服务和seata-server控制台的日志信息,切换service.vgroupMapping.seata-demo,微服务和seata-server控制台是否也跟着变化。

storage-service、account-service、order-service控制台日志已连接到8091:

```
    10-14 16:32:10:625 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_1_1] i.s.c.r.netty.NettyClientChannelManager: will connect to 192.168.
    10-14 16:32:10:628 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_1_1] i.s.core.rpc.netty.NettyPoolableFactory: NettyPool create channe
    10-14 16:32:10:649 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_1_1] i.s.c.rpc.netty.TmNettyRemotingClient: register TM success. clier
    10-14 16:32:10:649 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_1_1] i.s.core.rpc.netty.NettyPoolableFactory: register success, cost 12
```

## 端口8091的seata-server打印如下信息:

```
    16:32:10.646 INFO --- [ttyServerNIOWorker_1_4_32] i.s.c.r.processor.server.RegTmProcessor : TM register success,mes
    16:32:14.902 INFO --- [ttyServerNIOWorker_1_5_32] i.s.c.r.processor.server.RegTmProcessor : TM register success,mes
    16:32:55.114 INFO --- [ttyServerNIOWorker_1_6_32] i.s.c.r.processor.server.RegTmProcessor : TM register success,mes
```

**编辑nacos的client.properties配置文件,把service.vgroupMapping.seata-demo设置为HZ**,微服务和seata-server控制台是否连接到8092这台seata-server。

storage-service、account-service、order-service控制台日志已连接到8092:

```
10-14 16:32:10:625 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_1_1] i.s.c.r.netty.NettyClientChannelManager: will connect to 192.168.
 2.
                                          10\text{-}14\text{-}16\text{:}32\text{:}10\text{:}628\text{ INFO }10816\text{---} [eoutChecker\_1\_1] i.s. core.rpc.netty. NettyPoolableFactory: NettyPool create channel (NettyPoolableFactory) is a superior of the content of the 
 3.
                                        10-14 16:32:10:649 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_1_1] i.s.c.rpc.netty.TmNettyRemotingClient : register TM success. clier
                                        10-14 16:32:10:649 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker 1 1] i.s.core.rpc.netty.NettyPoolableFactory : register success, cost 12
                                        10\text{-}14\text{-}16\text{:}33\text{:}27\text{:}778\text{ INFO }10816\text{----}[h\_RMROLE\_1\_1\_32] i.s.c.r.p.client.RmUndoLogProcessor:rm handle undo log processor in the control of the control of
 5.
 6.
                                          10-14 16:33:27:778 WARN 10816 --- [h_RMROLE_1_1_32] io.seata.rm.RMHandlerAT : Failed to get dataSourceProxy fo
                                          10-14 16:45:30:628 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_1_1] i.s.c.r.netty.NettyClientChannelManager: will connect to 192.168.
 8.
                                          10\text{-}14\text{-}16\text{:}45\text{:}30\text{:}629\text{ INFO }10816\text{---} [eoutChecker\_1\_1] i.s. core.rpc.netty. NettyPoolableFactory: NettyPool create channel (NettyPoolableFactory) is a superior of the content of the 
 9.
                                          10-14 16:45:30:636 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_1_1] i.s.c.rpc.netty.TmNettyRemotingClient : register TM success. clier
10.
                                        10-14 16:45:30:636 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_1_1] i.s.core.rpc.netty.NettyPoolableFactory : register success, cost 5 i
11.
                                        10-14 16:45:30:683 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_2_1] i.s.c.r.netty.NettyClientChannelManager : will connect to 192.168.
                                          10-14 16:45:30:683 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_2_1] i.s.c.rpc.netty.RmNettyRemotingClient : RM will register :deduct.jc
                                          10\text{-}14\text{-}16\text{:}45\text{:}30\text{:}684\text{-}INFO\text{-}10816 --- [eoutChecker\_2\_1] } i.s. core.rpc.netty. NettyPoolableFactory: NettyPoolableFactory: NettyPoolableFactory is nettyPoolableFactory in the context of the context
 13..
                                          10\text{-}14\text{-}16\text{:}45\text{:}30\text{:}697\text{-}INFO\text{-}10816 --- [eoutChecker\_2\_1] i.s.c.rpc.netty.} RmNettyRemotingClient: register RM success. cliented and the success of the su
14.
15.
                                          10-14 16:45:30:698 INFO 10816 --- [eoutChecker_2_1] i.s.core.rpc.netty.NettyPoolableFactory : register success, cost 7 i
```

端口8092的seata-server打印如下信息:



- 3. 16:45:24.977 INFO --- [rverHandlerThread\_1\_1\_500] i.s.c.r.processor.server.RegRmProcessor : RM register success,meaning to the control of the control of
- 4. 16:45:25.112 INFO --- [ttyServerNIOWorker\_1\_3\_32] i.s.c.r.processor.server.RegTmProcessor: TM register success,mes
- 5. 16:45:25.177 INFO --- [rverHandlerThread\_1\_2\_500] i.s.c.r.processor.server.RegRmProcessor : RM register success,me:
- 6. 16:45:30.635 INFO --- [ttyServerNIOWorker\_1\_5\_32] i.s.c.r.processor.server.RegTmProcessor: TM register success,mes
- 7. 16:45:30.696 INFO --- [rverHandlerThread\_1\_3\_500] i.s.c.r.processor.server.RegRmProcessor : RM register success,me:

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