

编号:

班级:

姓名:

第

电动力学. Hi

1. (1).
$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{\partial \vec{F}_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \vec{F}_y}{\partial y} = \cos x \cosh y - \cos x \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{F}_z}{\partial z} = \cos x \cosh y - \cos x \cosh y$$

$$= 0.$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{F} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{x} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \end{vmatrix} = \sin x \sinh y \hat{z} - \sin x \sinh y \hat{z} = 0$$

$$|\sin x \cosh y - \cos x \sinh y = 0|$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\nabla x \vec{F} &= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{x} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ \frac{1}{2x} & \frac{1}{2y} & \frac{1}{2z} \end{vmatrix} = 2z \hat{x} + 3z \hat{z} - 2y \hat{z} - 2z \hat{x} = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{y}^2 \\ 2xy + z^2 \end{vmatrix} = 2z \hat{x} + 3z \hat{z} = 0$$

$$\int_{V} (\nabla \cdot \vec{F}) d\tau = \int_{V} (y + 2z + 3x) dx dy dz = \int_{0}^{2} \int_{0}^{2} (y + 2z + 3x) dy dz dx.$$

$$\int_{0}^{2} ((2 + 4z + 6x) dz) dx = \int_{0}^{2} (4 + 12x + 8) dx = 24 + 24 = 48.$$

$$\oint \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{a} = \int_{1}^{1} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{a} + \int_{2}^{1} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{a} + \int_{6}^{2} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{a} = \int_{6}^{1} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{a} + \int_{6}^{1} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{a} + \int_{6}^{1} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{a} = \int_{6}^{1} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{a} + \int$$

(2). $\nabla \times \vec{f} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{x} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ \hat{z} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ xy & zyz & 3xz \end{vmatrix} = -\chi \hat{z} - zy\hat{x} - 3z\hat{y}$ S(\(\frac{1}{5}\).d\(\alpha\) = \(\int -2y\).dyd\(\frac{1}{5}\) -3\(\frac{1}{5}\)d\(\alpha\) - \(\times d\) \(\times d\) $= \int_{0}^{2} (\int_{-2y}^{-y+2} dy) dy = \int_{0}^{2} zy(y-2) dy = \int_{0}^{2} (zy^{2}-4y) dy = \frac{2^{2}8}{3} - 2y^{4} = -\frac{8}{3}.$ $\oint \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{l} = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{l}_1 + \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{l}_2 + \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{l}_3$ $= \oint \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{l}_1 + \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{l}_2 + \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{l}_3$ $= \oint \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{l}_1 + \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{l}_2 + \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{l}_3$ => \(\int (pxF).da = \(\vec{F}.d\). 3. $\nabla x(f\vec{A}) = f(\nabla x\vec{A}) - \vec{A} \times (\nabla f)$ Svx(fA)da=sf(vxA)da=sAxof).da -> \int f(\px\vec{A}).da = \int [Ax(\pf)].da + \int \nox(f\vec{A}).da. $\int Dx(fA^2).da^2 = \oint_{A} fA^2.d1^2 \text{ (stokes)}$ -> \int f(\name(\n