

## 第 4 次作业题

1. 求下列极限:

$$\begin{aligned}(1) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}} - \sqrt{x-\sqrt{x}}), & (2) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^m-1}{x^n-1}, \\(3) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+mx)^n - (1+nx)^m}{x^2}, & (4) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+nx)^{\frac{1}{m}} - (1+mx)^{\frac{1}{n}}}{x}, \\(5) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan 3x}{x}, & (6) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3}, \\(7) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (1-x) \tan \frac{\pi x}{2}, & (8) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^2 \sin \frac{1}{x} + 2 \sin x}{x}, \\(9) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+3 \tan x)^{\cot x}, & (10) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (2x-1)^{\frac{1}{x-1}}.\end{aligned}$$

2. 用函数极限的定义证明  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \arctan x = \arctan x_0$  ( $x_0 > 0$ ).

3. 求下列极限:

$$\begin{aligned}(11) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1-\sqrt{\cos(kx^2)}}{x^4}, & (12) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - e^{\tan x}}{x - \tan x}, \\(13) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1-\cos(1-\cos \frac{x}{2})}{x^3 \ln(1+x)}, & (14) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x(\ln(x-2) - \ln x), \\(15) \quad & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{a-1+\sqrt[n]{b}}{a}\right)^n \quad (a, b > 0), & (16) \quad & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n^2 \sin^2(\pi \sqrt{n^2+1}), \\(17) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x \sin x} - 1}{e^{x^2} - 1}, & (18) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{a_1^x + \cdots + a_k^x}{k}\right)^{\frac{1}{x}}, \text{ 其中 } a_j > 0.\end{aligned}$$

4. 研究下列函数在  $x = x_0$  处的连续性:

$$\begin{aligned}(1) \quad & f(x) = \begin{cases} |x|^\alpha \sin \frac{1}{x}, & \text{若 } x \neq 0, \\ 0, & \text{若 } x = 0, \end{cases} \quad \text{其中 } x_0 = 0; \\(2) \quad & f(x) = \begin{cases} x^{-1}(1 - e^{\frac{x}{x-2}}), & \text{若 } x \neq 0, 2, \\ 0, & \text{若 } x = 2, \\ \frac{1}{2}, & \text{若 } x = 0, \end{cases} \quad \text{其中 } x_0 = 0, 2.\end{aligned}$$

5. 指出下列函数的间断点及其类型:

$$\begin{aligned}(1) \quad & f(x) = \begin{cases} x + \frac{1}{x}, & \text{若 } x \neq 0, \\ 0, & \text{若 } x = 0, \end{cases}; \\(2) \quad & f(x) = \lfloor \sin x \rfloor; \\(3) \quad & f(x) = \operatorname{sgn}(|x|).\end{aligned}$$

6. 设  $f(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^{2n+1} + 1}{x^{2n+1} - x^{n+1} + x}$ , 确定  $f$  的间断点.

7. 若  $f \in \mathcal{C}[a, b]$  在  $[a, b]$  的任意点处均不为零, 求证:  $f$  在  $[a, b]$  上不变号.

8. 若  $f \in \mathcal{C}[a, b]$  且  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n \in [a, b]$ , 求证:  $\exists \xi \in [a, b]$  使得

$$f(\xi) = \frac{f(x_1) + f(x_2) + \cdots + f(x_n)}{n}.$$

9. 设  $a < b < c$ . 求证:  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-a} + \frac{1}{x-b} + \frac{1}{x-c}$  在  $(a, c)$  内恰有两个零点.

10. 设  $f \in \mathcal{C}(\mathbb{R})$  且  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = +\infty$ . 求证: 函数  $f$  在  $\mathbb{R}$  上有最小值.