说明文档

1. 需求

解析出以太坊中的opensea的字段,需要进行局部排序,数据提取转换



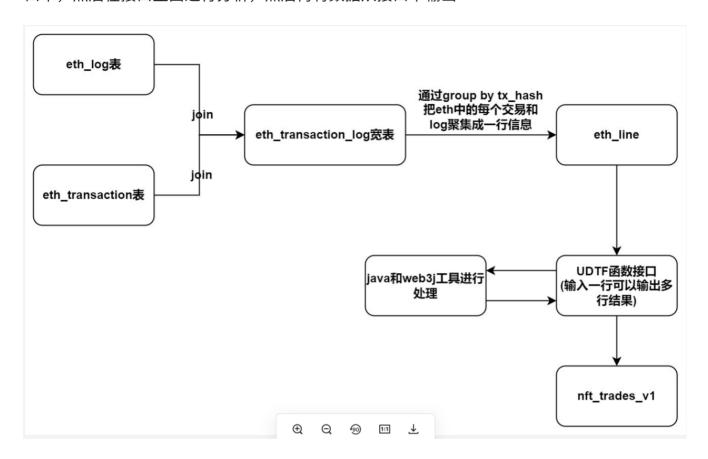
2. 概要

在大数据中,一些复杂的需求,仅凭sql是不能实现的。在这种情况下,一般用spark(flink)的算子来实现。但这种方法有些局限性:

- 1. 当我们改某个需求(如分析的天数改变)的时候,需要改源代码,不好维护。
- 2. 对于其他开发的人员来说,需要进行源码阅读,才能进行代码更改

3. 解决流程

首先将要分析的数据按最小粒度聚集成一行,然后利用hive的自定义函数的接口,将数据写入接口中,然后在接口里面进行分析,然后再将数据从接口中输出



4. 实现流程

a. 将数据拼接,并聚集成一行

```
SQL
 1 with
 2 log_tmp as
 3 (
 4
        select txn_hash,
 5
                concat_ws('_', collect_set(concat_ws('-', address, topics, data,
    erc_type, symbol, cast(decimals as string), cast(log_index as string)))) as
    log_line
        from eth.dwd_eth_log_erctoken
 7
        where txn_hash =
    ^{\circ}0xdea04ee76bd891ff04b73c48e21bef2550dc9513267876398d5bf77ca519dd17^{\circ} and dt =
    '0000-00-09'
       group by txn_hash
 8
 9),
10 txn_tmp as
11 (
12
       select txn_hash ,
               concat_ws('#', cast(block_height as string), `timestamp`, txn_hash,
13
    txn_from, txn_to, cast(txn_chainid as string)) as txn_line
       from eth.dwd_eth_block_transaction
14
       where txn_hash =
15
    ^{\circ}0xdea04ee76bd891ff04b73c48e21bef2550dc9513267876398d5bf77ca519dd17^{\circ} and dt =
    '0000-00-09'
16),
17 source_tmp as
18 (
       select concat_ws('#', tt.txn_line, lt.log_line) as line
19
       from log_tmp lt join txn_tmp tt on lt.txn_hash = tt.txn_hash
20
21 )
```

b. 实现自定义函数接口(explode_nft_trades),将数据输入并输出得出 结果

```
1 select opensea_line
2 from source_tmp lateral view explode_nft_trades(line) result_table as opensea_
line;
```

c. 全部sql

```
1 with
 2 log_tmp as
 3 (
 4
        select txn_hash,
               concat_ws('_', collect_set(concat_ws('-', address, topics, data, er
 5
   c_type, symbol, cast(decimals as string), cast(log_index as string)))) as log_
       from eth.dwd_eth_log_erctoken
 6
 7
        where txn_hash = '0xdea04ee76bd891ff04b73c48e21bef2550dc9513267876398d5bf7
    7ca519dd17' and dt = '0000-00-09'
       group by txn_hash
 8
 9),
10 txn_tmp as
11 (
12
       select txn_hash,
              concat_ws('#', cast(block_height as string), `timestamp`, txn_hash,
13
     txn_from, txn_to, cast(txn_chainid as string)) as txn_line
       from eth.dwd_eth_block_transaction
14
       where txn hash = '0xdea04ee76bd891ff04b73c48e21bef2550dc9513267876398d5bf77
15
    ca519dd17' and dt = '0000-00-09'
16),
17 source_tmp as
18 (
19
       select concat_ws('#', tt.txn_line, lt.log_line) as line
       from log_tmp lt join txn_tmp tt on lt.txn_hash = tt.txn_hash
20
21 )
22 select opensea_line
23 from source_tmp lateral view explode_nft_trades(line) result_table as opensea_
    line;
```

5. 结论

上述方法拼接的格式是确定的,跟使用spark(flink)算子比较,多了先需要拼接个字段然后再拆开一步,但这是在查找的时候可以完成的,没有进行shuffle,执行时间不会明显增加。而将处理流程全部放到自定义函数中,当我们需求改变时,我们只要改变where条件,就可以得到我们想要的数据,对于开发人员来说,并不需要知道 explode_nft_trades()的实现流程,达到了解耦性开发