

Program 1

1. Write a program to create dynamic int array using malloc() and free().

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    int size;

    printf("Name: Yanha Loharwad\n");
    printf("Enrollment number: 0801IT221145\n");
    printf("Program 1\n");
    printf("Enter the size of the integer array:\n ");
    scanf("%d", &size);

    int *da = (int *)malloc(size * sizeof(int));

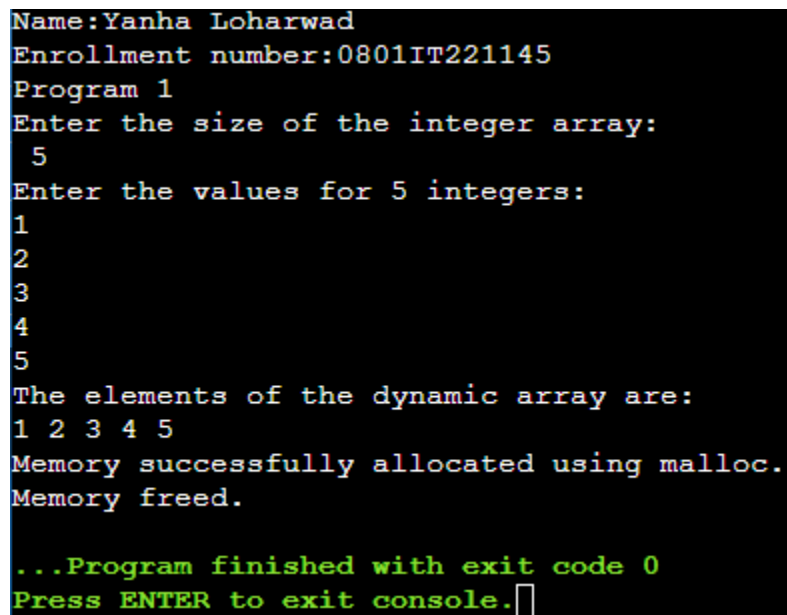
    if (da == 0)
    {
        printf("Memory allocation failed.\n");
        return 1;
    }

    printf("Enter the values for %d integers:\n", size);
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &da[i]);
    }

    printf("The elements of the dynamic array are:\n");
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)  
{  
    printf("%d ", da[i]);  
}  
  
printf("\n");  
  
printf("Memory successfully allocated using malloc.\n");  
  
free(da);  
  
printf("Memory freed.");  
  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT: Memory successfully allocated using malloc() and freed using free().



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following text:

```
Name: Yanha Loharwad  
Enrollment number: 0801IT221145  
Program 1  
Enter the size of the integer array:  
5  
Enter the values for 5 integers:  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
The elements of the dynamic array are:  
1 2 3 4 5  
Memory successfully allocated using malloc.  
Memory freed.  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Program 2

2. Write a program to create dynamic char array using calloc() and free().

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int main()

{

int size;

printf("Name: Yanha Loharwad\n");

printf("Enrollment number: 0801IT221145\n");

printf("Program 2\n");

printf("Enter the size of the character array:\n ");

scanf("%d", &size);

char *da = (char *)calloc(size, sizeof(char));

if (da == 0)

{

printf("Memory allocation failed.\n");

return 1;

}

printf("Enter the values for %d characters:\n", size);

for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)

{

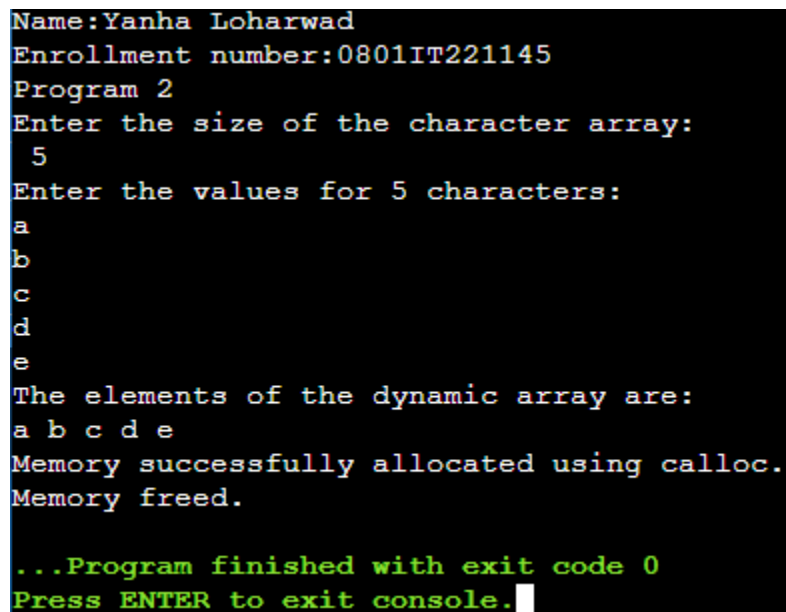
scanf(" %c", &da[i]);

}

}
```

```
printf("The elements of the dynamic array are:\n");  
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)  
{  
    printf("%c ", da[i]);  
}  
printf("\n");  
printf("Memory successfully allocated using calloc.\n");  
free(da);  
printf("Memory freed.");  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT: Memory successfully allocated using calloc() and freed using free().



```
Name:Yanha Loharwad  
Enrollment number:0801IT221145  
Program 2  
Enter the size of the character array:  
5  
Enter the values for 5 characters:  
a  
b  
c  
d  
e  
The elements of the dynamic array are:  
a b c d e  
Memory successfully allocated using calloc.  
Memory freed.  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Program 3

3. Write a program to implement linear search.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int main()

{

int arr[]={ 10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80};

int key,i;

printf("Name:Yanha Loharwad\n");

printf("Enrollment number:0801IT221145\n");

printf("Program 3\n");

printf("Enter the element to search:\n ");

scanf("%d", &key);

int found=0;

for (i = 0; i < sizeof(arr)/sizeof(int); i++)

{

if(arr[i]==key)

{

found=1;

break;

}

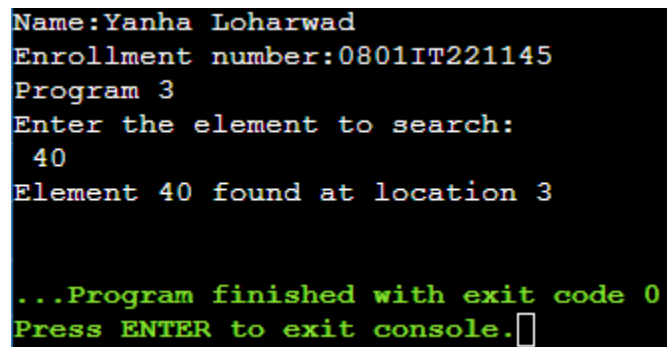
}

if(found==1)

{
```

```
        printf("Element %d found at location %d \n",key,i);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Element %d not found.",key);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT: Element is found using linear search.



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following text: Name: Yanha Loharwad, Enrollment number: 0801IT221145, Program 3, Enter the element to search: 40, Element 40 found at location 3. At the bottom, it says "...Program finished with exit code 0" and "Press ENTER to exit console." followed by a cursor icon.

```
Name: Yanha Loharwad
Enrollment number: 0801IT221145
Program 3
Enter the element to search:
40
Element 40 found at location 3

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.█
```

Program 4

4. Write a program to implement binary search.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int main()

{

int arr[] = { 10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100};

int size=sizeof(arr)/sizeof(int);

int key,i,found=0;

int low=0;

int high=size-1;

printf("Name: Yanha Loharwad\n");

printf("Enrollment number: 0801IT221145\n");

printf("Program 4\n");

printf("Enter the element to search:\n ");

scanf("%d", &key);

while(low<=high)

{

int mid=low + (high-low)/2;

if (arr[mid] == key) {

found = 1;

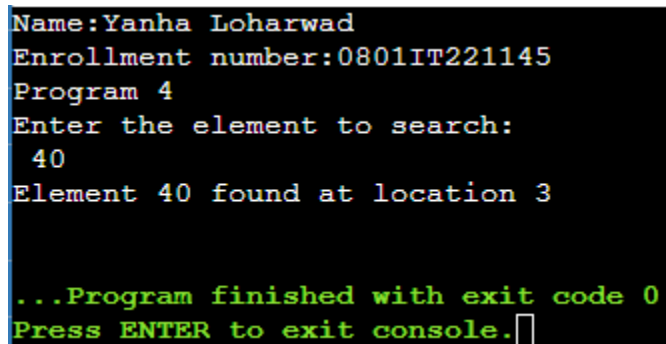
i = mid;

break;

}
```

```
    if (arr[mid] < key) {  
        low = mid + 1;  
    } else {  
        high = mid - 1;  
    }  
}  
  
if (found) {  
    printf("Element %d found at location %d\n", key, i);  
} else {  
    printf("Element %d not found in the array\n", key);  
}  
  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT: Element is found using binary search.



```
Name:Yanha Loharwad  
Enrollment number:0801IT221145  
Program 4  
Enter the element to search:  
40  
Element 40 found at location 3  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.█
```


Program 5

5. Creation, traversing, insertion at first, insertion at last, insertion at any position, deletion at first, deletion at last, deletion at any position of a singly linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};

struct node *head, *newnode, *temp;

void create()
{
    head = NULL;
    int choice;
    do
    {
        newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        printf("Enter data: ");
        scanf("%d", &newnode->data);
        newnode->next = NULL;
        if (head == NULL)
        {
            head = temp = newnode;
        }
        else
        {
            temp->next = newnode;
            temp = newnode;
        }
        printf("Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
    } while (choice != 0);
}

void traverse()
```

```
{
temp = head;
while (temp != NULL)
{
printf("%d ", temp->data);
temp = temp->next;
}
printf("\n");
}

void insertAtFirst(int data)
{
newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data=data;
newnode->next=head;
head=newnode;
}

void insertAtLast(int data)
{
newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data=data;
newnode->next=NULL;
temp=head;
while(temp->next!=NULL)
{
temp=temp->next;
}
temp->next=newnode;
}

void insertAtMiddle(int data,int position)
{
newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data=data;
temp=head;
int count=1;
while(count<position-1)
{
temp=temp->next;
count++;
}
newnode->next=temp->next;
```

```
temp->next=newnode;
}
void deleteAtFirst()
{
temp=head;
head=head->next;
free(temp);
}
void deleteAtLast()
{
struct node *prevnode;
temp=head;
while(temp->next!=NULL)
{
prevnode=temp;
temp=temp->next;
}
if(temp==head)
{
head=NULL;
}
else{
prevnode->next=NULL;
}
free(temp);
}
void deleteAtMiddle(int position)
{
struct node *nextnode;
int count = 1;
temp = head;
while (count < position - 1)
{
temp = temp->next;
count++;
}
nextnode = temp->next;
temp->next = nextnode->next;
free(nextnode);
}
```

```
void main()
{ printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\n");
int choice;
head = NULL;
while (1)
{
printf("Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse,3 for insert at first,4 for insert at last,5 for insert
at middle,6 for delete at first,7 for delete at last,8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit: \n");
scanf("%d", &choice);

switch (choice)
{
case 1:
create();
break;
case 2:
if (head == NULL)
{
printf("Linked list is empty. \n");
}
else
{
traverse();
}
break;
case 3:
{
int data;
printf("Enter data to insert at first\n");
scanf("%d",&data);
insertAtFirst(data);
}
break;
case 4:
{
int data;
printf("Enter data to insert at last\n");
scanf("%d",&data);
insertAtLast(data);
}
```

```
}
break;
case 5:
{
int data, position;
printf("Enter data and position to insert at middle\n");
scanf("%d%d", &data, &position);
insertAtMiddle(data, position);
}
break;
case 6:
deleteAtFirst();
break;
case 7:
deleteAtLast();
break;
case 8:
{
int position;
printf("Enter position to delete at middle\n");
scanf("%d", &position);
deleteAtMiddle(position);
}
break;
case 0:
exit(0);
default:
printf("Enter a valid choice\n");
}
}
}
```

OUTPUT: Singly linked list successfully created, traversed, node inserted at first, last and any position and node deleted at first, last and at any position.

```
Yanha Loharwad
0801IT221145
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
1
Enter data: 1
Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: 1
Enter data: 2
Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: 1
Enter data: 3
Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: 1
Enter data: 4
Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: 0
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
2
1 2 3 4
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
3
Enter data to insert at first
0
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
2
0 1 2 3 4
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
4
Enter data to insert at last
5
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
5
Enter data and position to insert at middle
3
4
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
2
0 1 2 3 3 4 5
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
6
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
2
1 2 3 3 4 5
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
7
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
2
1 2 3 3 4
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
8
Enter position to delete at middle
3
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
2
1 2 3 4
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle and 0 to exit:
0
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Program 6

- 6. Creation, traversing, insertion at first, insertion at last, insertion at any position, deletion at first, deletion at last, deletion at any position and reversing of a doubly linked list.**

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct node

{

int data;

struct node *next;

struct node *prev;

};

struct node *head, *tail, *newnode, *temp;

void create(){

head = NULL;

tail = NULL;

int choice;

do{

newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));

printf("Enter data: ");

scanf("%d", &newnode->data);

newnode->next = NULL;

newnode->prev = tail;

if (tail == NULL)

{

head = tail = newnode;
```

```
}  
  
else  
  
{  
  
tail->next = newnode;  
  
tail = newnode;  
  
}  
  
printf("Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: ");  
  
scanf("%d", &choice);  
  
} while (choice != 0);  
  
}  
  
void traverse(){  
  
temp = head;  
  
while (temp != NULL)  
  
{  
  
printf("%d ", temp->data);  
  
temp = temp->next;  
  
}  
  
printf("\n");  
  
}  
  
void insertAtFirst(int data){  
  
newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));  
  
newnode->data = data;  
  
newnode->next = head;  
  
newnode->prev = NULL;  
  
if (head != NULL)
```



```
{
head->prev = newnode;
}
head = newnode;
}

void insertAtLast(int data){
newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data = data;
newnode->next = NULL;
newnode->prev = tail;
if (tail != NULL)
{
tail->next = newnode;
}
tail = newnode;
}

void insertAtMiddle(int data, int position){
newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data = data;
temp = head;
int count = 1;
while (count < position - 1 && temp != NULL)
{
temp = temp->next;
count++;
}
```

```
}  
  
newnode->next = temp->next;  
  
newnode->prev = temp;  
  
temp->next = newnode;  
  
if (newnode->next != NULL)  
{  
    newnode->next->prev = newnode;  
}  
}  
  
void deleteAtFirst(){  
    if (head == NULL)  
    {  
        printf("Linked list is empty. \n");  
        return;  
    }  
  
    temp = head;  
  
    head = head->next;  
  
    if (head != NULL)  
    {  
        head->prev = NULL;  
    }  
  
    free(temp);  
}  
  
void deleteAtLast()  
{
```

```
if (tail == NULL)
{
printf("Linked list is empty. \n");
return;
}

temp = tail;
tail = tail->prev;
if (tail != NULL)
{
tail->next = NULL;
}

free(temp);
}

void deleteAtMiddle(int position){
if (head == NULL)
{
printf("Linked list is empty. \n");
}

temp = head;
int count = 1;
while (count < position - 1 && temp != NULL)
{
temp = temp->next;
count++;
}
```

```
struct node *nextnode = temp->next;
temp->next = nextnode->next;
if (temp->next != NULL)
{
temp->next->prev = temp;
}
free(nextnode);
}
void reverse(){
struct node *current = head;
struct node *tempNode = NULL;
while (current != NULL)
{
tempNode = current->prev;
current->prev = current->next;
current->next = tempNode;
current = current->prev;
}
head = tail;
tail = current;
}
void main(){
printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\n");
int choice;
head = NULL;
```

```
tail = NULL;

while (1)
{
printf("Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at
middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
\n");

scanf("%d", &choice);

switch (choice)
{
case 1:create();break;

case 2:
if (head == NULL){
printf("Linked list is empty. \n");
}
else{
traverse();
}break;

case 3:{
int data;

printf("Enter data to insert at first\n");

scanf("%d", &data);

insertAtFirst(data);

}break;

case 4:{
int data;

printf("Enter data to insert at last\n");
```

```
scanf("%d", &data);  
insertAtLast(data);  
}break;  
case 5:{  
int data, position;  
printf("Enter data and position to insert at middle\n");  
scanf("%d%d", &data, &position);  
insertAtMiddle(data, position);  
}break;  
case 6:deleteAtFirst();break;  
case 7:deleteAtLast();break;  
case 8:{  
int position;  
printf("Enter position to delete at middle\n");  
scanf("%d", &position);  
deleteAtMiddle(position);  
}break;  
case 9:reverse();break;  
case 0:exit(0);  
default:printf("Enter a valid choice\n");  
}  
}  
}
```

OUTPUT: Doubly linked list successfully created, traversed, node inserted at first, last and any position, node deleted at first, last and at any position and reversed.

[illegible]

Program 7

- 7. Creation, traversing, insertion at first, insertion at last, insertion at any position, deletion at first, deletion at last, deletion at any position, reversing of a singly circular linked list.**

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct node {
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};

struct node *head, *tail, *newnode, *temp;

void create() {
    head = NULL;
    tail = NULL;
    int choice;
    do {
        newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        printf("Enter data: ");
        scanf("%d", &newnode->data);
        newnode->next = head;
        if (head == NULL) {
            head = tail = newnode;
            tail->next = head;
        } else {
            tail->next = newnode;
        }
    } while (choice != 0);
}
```



```
tail = newnode;

}

printf("Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: ");

scanf("%d", &choice);

} while (choice != 0);

}

void traverse() {

if (head == NULL) {

printf("Linked list is empty.\n");

return;

}

temp = head;

do {

printf("%d ", temp->data);

temp = temp->next;

} while (temp != head);

printf("\n");

}

void insertAtFirst(int data) {

newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));

newnode->data = data;

newnode->next = head;

tail->next = newnode;

head = newnode;

}
```

```
void insertAtLast(int data) {
newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data = data;
newnode->next = head;
tail->next = newnode;
tail = newnode;
}

void insertAtMiddle(int data, int position) {
newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data = data;
temp = head;
int count = 1;
while (count < position - 1) {
temp = temp->next;
count++;
}
newnode->next = temp->next;
temp->next = newnode;
}

void deleteAtFirst() {
temp = head;
tail->next = temp->next;
head = temp->next;
free(temp);
}
```

```
void deleteAtLast() {  
    temp = head;  
    while (temp->next->next != head) {  
        temp = temp->next;  
    }  
    struct node *lastNode = temp->next;  
    temp->next = head;  
    free(lastNode);  
    tail = temp;  
}  
  
void deleteAtMiddle(int position) {  
    temp = head;  
    int count = 1;  
    while (count < position - 1) {  
        temp = temp->next;  
        count++;  
    }  
    struct node *nextnode = temp->next;  
    temp->next = nextnode->next;  
    free(nextnode);  
}  
  
void reverse() {  
    struct node *current = head;  
    struct node *prev = tail;  
    struct node *next;
```

```
do {
    next = current->next;
    current->next = prev;
    prev = current;
    current = next;
} while (current != head);
head = prev;
}

void main() {
    printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\nProgram 7\n");
    int choice;
    head = NULL, tail = NULL;
    while (1) {
        printf("Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit: \n");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice) {
            case 1: create(); break;
            case 2: traverse(); break;
            case 3: {
                int data;
                printf("Enter data to insert at first: ");
                scanf("%d", &data);
                insertAtFirst(data); break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
case 4: {  
    int data;  
    printf("Enter data to insert at last: ");  
    scanf("%d", &data);  
    insertAtLast(data); break;  
}  
case 5: {  
    int data, position;  
    printf("Enter data and position to insert at middle: ");  
    scanf("%d %d", &data, &position);  
    insertAtMiddle(data, position); break;  
}  
case 6: deleteAtFirst(); break;  
case 7: deleteAtLast(); break;  
case 8: {  
    int position;  
    printf("Enter position to delete at middle: ");  
    scanf("%d", &position);  
    deleteAtMiddle(position); break;  
}  
case 9: reverse(); break;  
case 0: exit(0);  
default: printf("Enter a valid choice\n"); }  
}  
}
```

OUTPUT: Singly circular linked list successfully created, traversed, node inserted at first, last and any position, node deleted at first, last and at any position and reversed.

```
Yanha Loharwad
0801IT221145
Program 7
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
1
Enter data: 1
Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: 1
Enter data: 2
Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: 1
Enter data: 3
Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: 1
Enter data: 4
Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: 0
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
2
1 2 3 4
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
3
Enter data to insert at first: 0
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
2
0 1 2 3 4
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
4
Enter data to insert at last: 5
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
2
0 1 2 3 4 5
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
5
Enter data and position to insert at middle: 2
3
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
6
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
2
1 2 2 3 4 5
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
7
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
2
1 2 2 3 4
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
8
Enter position to delete at middle: 2
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
2
1 2 3 4
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
9
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
2
4 3 2 1
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at middle, 6 for delete
at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:
0
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Program 8

- 8. Creation, traversing, insertion at first, insertion at last, insertion at any position, deletion at first, deletion at last, deletion at any position, reversing of a doubly circular linked list.**

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct node {
    int data;
    struct node* next;
    struct node* prev;
};

struct node* head;
struct node* tail;
struct node* newnode;
struct node* temp;

void create() {
    head = NULL;
    tail = NULL;
    int choice;
    do {
        newnode = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        printf("Enter data: ");
        scanf("%d", &newnode->data);
        newnode->next = head;
        newnode->prev = tail;
```

```
if (head == NULL) {
head = tail = newnode;
} else {
tail->next = newnode;
tail = newnode;
}
tail->next = head;
head->prev = tail;
printf("Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
} while (choice != 0);
}

void traverse() {
if (head == NULL) {
printf("Doubly linked list is empty.\n");
return;
}
temp = head;
do {
printf("%d ", temp->data);
temp = temp->next;
} while (temp != head);
printf("\n");
}

void insertAtFirst(int data) {
```



```
newnode = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data = data;
newnode->next = head;
newnode->prev = tail;
tail->next = newnode;
head->prev = newnode;
head = newnode;
}

void insertAtLast(int data) {
newnode = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data = data;
newnode->next = head;
newnode->prev = tail;
tail->next = newnode;
tail = newnode;
}

void insertAtMiddle(int data, int position) {
newnode = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data = data;
temp = head;
int count = 1;
while (count < position - 1) {
temp = temp->next;
count++;
}
```

```
newnode->next = temp->next;
newnode->prev = temp;
temp->next->prev = newnode;
temp->next = newnode;
}

void deleteAtFirst() {
temp = head;
tail->next = temp->next;
temp->next->prev = tail;
head = temp->next;
free(temp);
}

void deleteAtLast() {
temp = tail;
tail = temp->prev;
tail->next = head;
head->prev = tail;
free(temp);
}

void deleteAtMiddle(int position) {
temp = head;
int count = 1;
while (count < position - 1) {
temp = temp->next;
count++;
}
```

```
}

struct node* nextnode = temp->next;

temp->next = nextnode->next;

nextnode->next->prev = temp;

free(nextnode);

}

void reverse() {

struct node* current = head;

struct node* tempNode;

do {

tempNode = current->next;

current->next = current->prev;

current->prev = tempNode;

current = tempNode;

} while (current != head);

temp = head;

head = tail;

tail = temp;

}

int main() {

printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\nProgram 8\n");

int choice;

head = NULL;

tail = NULL;

while (1) {
```

```
printf("Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for insert at first, 4 for insert at last, 5 for insert at  
middle, 6 for delete at first, 7 for delete at last, 8 for delete at middle, 9 for reverse, and 0 to exit:  
\n");
```

```
scanf("%d", &choice);
```

```
switch (choice) {
```

```
case 1: create(); break;
```

```
case 2: traverse(); break;
```

```
case 3: {
```

```
int data;
```

```
printf("Enter data to insert at first: ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &data);
```

```
insertAtFirst(data);
```

```
break;
```

```
}
```

```
case 4: {
```

```
int data;
```

```
printf("Enter data to insert at last: ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &data);
```

```
insertAtLast(data);
```

```
break;
```

```
}
```

```
case 5: {
```

```
int data, position;
```

```
printf("Enter data and position to insert at middle: ");
```

```
scanf("%d %d", &data, &position);
```

```
insertAtMiddle(data, position);
```

```
break;

}

case 6: deleteAtFirst(); break;

case 7: deleteAtLast(); break;

case 8: {

    int position;

    printf("Enter position to delete at middle: ");

    scanf("%d", &position);

    deleteAtMiddle(position);

    break;

}

case 9: reverse(); break;

case 0: exit(0);

default: printf("Enter a valid choice\n");

}

}

}
```

OUTPUT: Doubly circular linked list successfully created, traversed, node inserted at first, last and any position, node deleted at first, last and at any position and reversed.

[illegible]

Program 9

9. Write a program to implement stack using array.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

#define size 5

struct stack{

int A[size];

int top;

}s;

void push(){

if(s.top==size-1)

{

printf("Overflow");

}

else{

int x;

printf("Enter value");

scanf("%d",&x);

s.top++;

s.A[s.top]=x;

}

}

void pop()

{

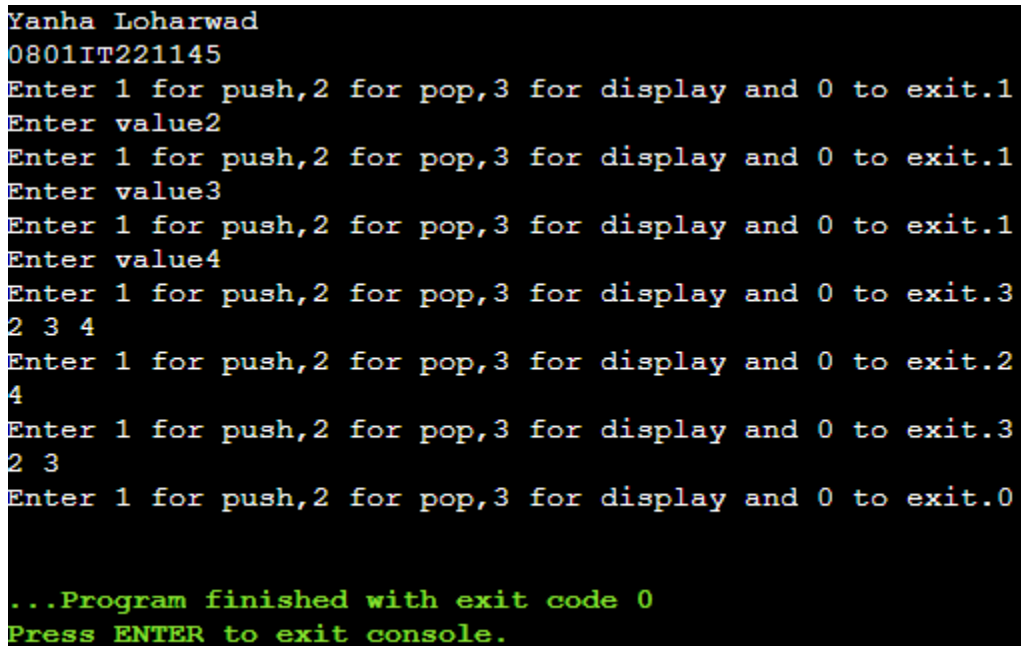
if(s.top==-1)
```

```
{  
printf("Underflow");  
}  
else{  
printf("%d\n",s.A[s.top]);  
s.top--;  
}  
}  
  
void display()  
{  
if (s.top == -1) {  
printf("Underflow\n");  
} else {  
for (int i = 0; i <= s.top; i++) {  
printf("%d ", s.A[i]);  
}  
printf("\n");  
}  
}  
  
void main()  
{  
printf("Yanha Loharwad\n");  
printf("0801IT221145\n");  
s.top=-1;  
int c;
```



```
while(1)
{
printf("Enter 1 for push,2 for pop,3 for display and 0 to exit.");
scanf("%d",&c);
switch(c)
{
case 1:push(); break;
case 2:pop(); break;
case 3:display();break;
case 0:exit(0);
}
}
}
```

OUTPUT: Stack implemented using array.



```
Yanha Loharwad
0801IT221145
Enter 1 for push,2 for pop,3 for display and 0 to exit.1
Enter value2
Enter 1 for push,2 for pop,3 for display and 0 to exit.1
Enter value3
Enter 1 for push,2 for pop,3 for display and 0 to exit.1
Enter value4
Enter 1 for push,2 for pop,3 for display and 0 to exit.3
2 3 4
Enter 1 for push,2 for pop,3 for display and 0 to exit.2
4
Enter 1 for push,2 for pop,3 for display and 0 to exit.3
2 3
Enter 1 for push,2 for pop,3 for display and 0 to exit.0

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Program 10

10. Program to implement stack using linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {

    int data;

    struct Node* next;

};

struct Node* top = NULL;

void push(int value) {

    struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));

    if (newNode == NULL) {

        printf("Overflow.\n");

        return;

    }

    newNode->data = value;

    newNode->next = top;

    top = newNode;

    printf("Pushed %d.\n", value);

}

void pop() {

    if (top == NULL) {

        printf("Underflow.\n");

    }

}
```

```
int value = top->data;

struct Node* temp = top;

top = top->next;

free(temp);

printf("Popped %d", value);

}

void display() {

struct Node* current = top;

if (current == NULL) {

printf("Underflow.\n");

} else {

printf("Stack contents: ");

while (current != NULL) {

printf("%d ", current->data);

current = current->next;

}

printf("\n");

}

}

void main() {

printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\n");

int choice, data;

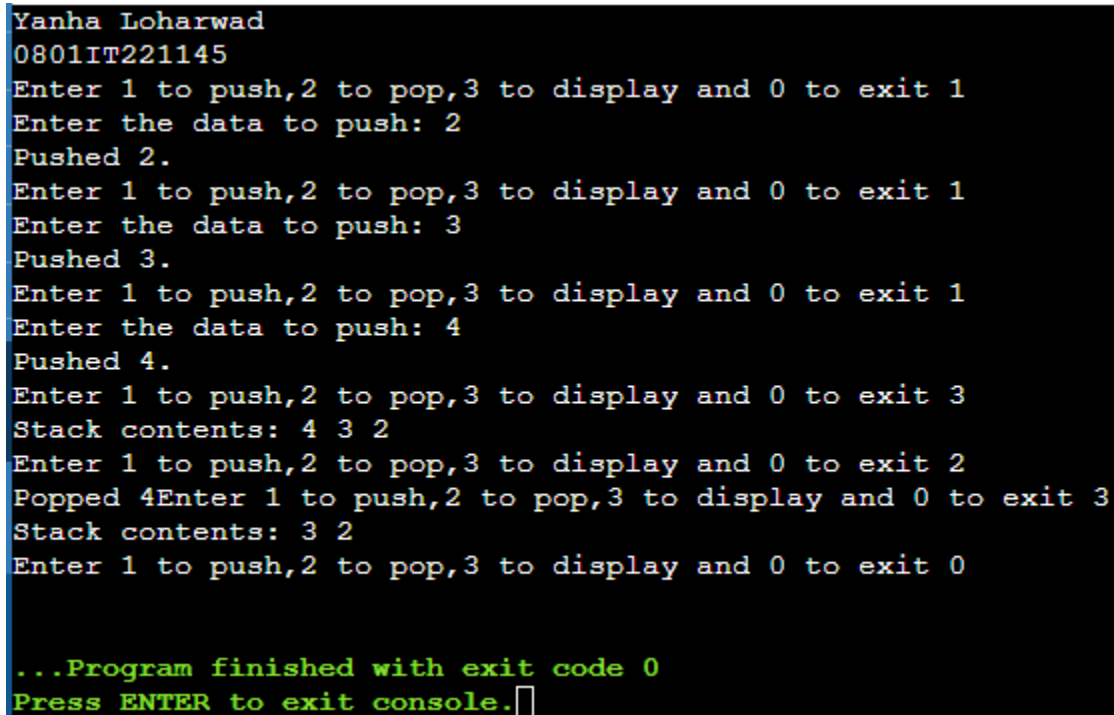
while (1) {

printf("Enter 1 to push, 2 to pop, 3 to display and 0 to exit ");

scanf("%d", &choice);
```

```
switch (choice) {  
    case 1: printf("Enter the data to push: ");  
            scanf("%d", &data);  
            push(data);  
            break;  
    case 2: pop(); break;  
    case 3: display(); break;  
    case 0: exit(0);  
    default: printf("Invalid choice. \n");  
}  
  
}  
  
}
```

OUTPUT: Stack implemented using linked list.



```
Yanha Loharwad  
0801IT221145  
Enter 1 to push,2 to pop,3 to display and 0 to exit 1  
Enter the data to push: 2  
Pushed 2.  
Enter 1 to push,2 to pop,3 to display and 0 to exit 1  
Enter the data to push: 3  
Pushed 3.  
Enter 1 to push,2 to pop,3 to display and 0 to exit 1  
Enter the data to push: 4  
Pushed 4.  
Enter 1 to push,2 to pop,3 to display and 0 to exit 3  
Stack contents: 4 3 2  
Enter 1 to push,2 to pop,3 to display and 0 to exit 2  
Popped 4Enter 1 to push,2 to pop,3 to display and 0 to exit 3  
Stack contents: 3 2  
Enter 1 to push,2 to pop,3 to display and 0 to exit 0  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.□
```

Program 11

11. Infix to postfix conversion using array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define SIZE 50

struct stack {
    int top;
    char a[SIZE];
} s;

void push(char elem) {
    s.a[++s.top] = elem;
}

char pop() {
    return s.a[s.top--];
}

int preci(char ch) {
    switch (ch) {
        case '#':
            return 0;
        case '+':
        case '-':
            return 1;
        case '*':
        case '/':
            return 2;
        default:
            return 0;
    }
}

int main() {
    printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\nProgram no.:11\n");
    s.top = -1;
    push('#');
    int i = 0, k = 0;
    char infix[SIZE], postfix[SIZE], ch;
```

```
printf("Enter infix - ");
scanf("%s", infix);

while ((ch = infix[i++]) != '\0') {
    if (ch == '(') {
        push(ch);
    } else if (isalnum(ch)) {
        postfix[k++] = ch;
    } else if (ch == ')') {
        while (s.a[s.top] != '(') {
            postfix[k++] = pop();
        }
        char trash = pop();
    } else {
        while (preci(s.a[s.top]) >= preci(ch)) {
            postfix[k++] = pop();
        }
        push(ch);
    }
}

while (s.a[s.top] != '#') {
    postfix[k++] = pop();
}

postfix[k] = '\0';
printf("Postfix is - %s\n", postfix);
}
```

OUTPUT: Infix to postfix converted using array.

```
Yanha Loharwad
0801IT221145
Program no.:11
Enter infix - A+B-C*D/E+F*G/(I+J)
Postfix is - AB+CD*E/-FG*IJ+/+

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console. □
```

Program 12

12. Infix to postfix conversion using linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <ctype.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <string.h>


struct Stack {

char* data;

int top;

int size;

};

struct Stack stack;

char* postfix;

int postfixIndex = 0;


void initStack(int stackSize) {

stack.size = stackSize;

stack.data = (char*)malloc(stackSize * sizeof(char));

stack.top = -1;

}

void push(char elem) {

if (stack.top < stack.size - 1) {

stack.data[++stack.top] = elem;
```

```
} else {  
printf("Error: Stack is full\n");  
}  
}  
  
char pop() {  
if (stack.top >= 0) {  
return stack.data[stack.top--];  
} else {  
printf("Error: Stack is empty\n");  
return '\0';  
}  
}  
  
int precedence(char op) {  
switch (op) {  
case '+':  
case '-':  
return 1;  
case '*':  
case '/':  
return 2;  
default:  
return 0;  
}  
}  
  
void infixToPostfix(const char* infix) {
```



```
initStack(strlen(infix)); // Initialize the stack with a dynamic size

postfix = (char*)malloc(strlen(infix) * sizeof(char));

postfixIndex = 0;

int i = 0;

while (infix[i] != '\0') {

char ch = infix[i];

if (isalnum(ch)) {

postfix[postfixIndex++] = ch;

} else if (ch == '(') {

push(ch);

} else if (ch == ')') {

while (stack.top >= 0 && stack.data[stack.top] != '(') {

postfix[postfixIndex++] = pop();

}

if (stack.top >= 0 && stack.data[stack.top] == '(') {

pop();

}

} else {

while (stack.top >= 0 && precedence(stack.data[stack.top]) >= precedence(ch)) {

postfix[postfixIndex++] = pop();

}push(ch);

}

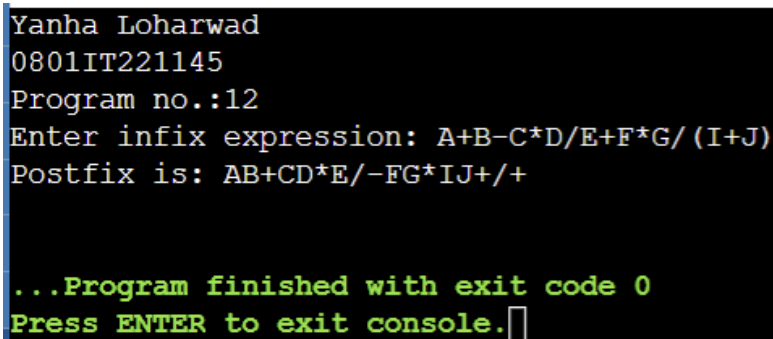
i++;

}

while (stack.top >= 0) {
```

```
postfix[postfixIndex++] = pop();  
}  
postfix[postfixIndex] = '\0';  
printf("Postfix is: %s\n", postfix);  
free(stack.data);  
free(postfix);  
}  
  
void main() {  
printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\nProgram no.:12\n");  
char infix[50];  
printf("Enter infix expression: ");  
scanf("%s", infix);  
infixToPostfix(infix);  
}
```

OUTPUT: Infix to postfix converted using linked list.



```
Yanha Loharwad  
0801IT221145  
Program no.:12  
Enter infix expression: A+B-C*D/E+F*G/(I+J)  
Postfix is: AB+CD*E/-FG*IJ+/+  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Program 13

13. Implementation of queue using array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define size 100

struct Queue {
int array[size];
int front;
int rear;
} q;

void enqueue(int data) {
if (q.rear == size - 1) {
printf("Overflow.\n");
} else {
if (q.front == -1) {
q.front = 0;
}
q.rear++;
q.array[q.rear] = data;
}
}

void dequeue() {
if (q.front == -1) {
printf("Underflow.\n");
} else {
int dequeuedItem = q.array[q.front];
if (q.front == q.rear) {
q.front = q.rear = -1;
} else {
q.front++;
}
}
}

void display() {
```

```
if (q.front == -1) {
    printf("Underflow.\n");
    return;
}

printf("Queue elements: ");
for (int i = q.front; i <= q.rear; i++) {
    printf("%d ", q.array[i]);
}
printf("\n");
}

int main() {
    q.front = -1;
    q.rear = -1;
    int choice;
    int data;
    printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\nProgram no.:13\n");
    while (1) {
        printf("Enter 1 for enqueue,2 for dequeue,3 for display and 4 to exit\n");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter an element to enqueue: ");
                scanf("%d", &data);
                enqueue(data);
                break;
            case 2:
                dequeue();
                break;
            case 3:
                display();
                break;
            case 4:
                exit(0);
            default:
                printf("Invalid choice.\n");
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT: Queue implemented successfully using array.

```
Yanha Loharwad
0801IT221145
Program no.:13
Enter 1 for enqueue,2 for dequeue,3 for display and 4 to exit
1
Enter an element to enqueue: 1
Enter 1 for enqueue,2 for dequeue,3 for display and 4 to exit
1
Enter an element to enqueue: 2
Enter 1 for enqueue,2 for dequeue,3 for display and 4 to exit
1
Enter an element to enqueue: 3
Enter 1 for enqueue,2 for dequeue,3 for display and 4 to exit
1
Enter an element to enqueue: 4
Enter 1 for enqueue,2 for dequeue,3 for display and 4 to exit
3
Queue elements: 1 2 3 4
Enter 1 for enqueue,2 for dequeue,3 for display and 4 to exit
2
Enter 1 for enqueue,2 for dequeue,3 for display and 4 to exit
3
Queue elements: 2 3 4
Enter 1 for enqueue,2 for dequeue,3 for display and 4 to exit
4

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.□
```

Program 14

14. Implementation of queue using linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct q {
    int data;
    struct q *next;
};

struct q *rear, *newnode, *temp;

void enqueue(int data) {
    newnode = (struct q*)malloc(sizeof(struct q));
    newnode->data = data;
    newnode->next = NULL;
    if (rear == NULL) {
        rear = newnode;
    } else {
        temp = rear;
        while (temp->next != NULL) {
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        temp->next = newnode;
    }
}

void dequeue() {
    if (rear == NULL) {
        printf("Underflow.\n");
        return;
    }
    temp = rear;
    rear = rear->next;
    free(temp);
}

void display() {
```

```
temp = rear;
while (temp != NULL) {
    printf("%d ", temp->data);
    temp = temp->next;
}
printf("\n");
}
```

```
int main() {
    printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\nProgram no.:14\n");
    int choice;
    rear = NULL;
    while (1) {
        printf("Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: \n");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                int data;
                printf("Enter data:\n");
                scanf("%d", &data);
                enqueue(data);
                break;
            case 2:
                dequeue();
                break;
            case 3:
                if (rear == NULL) {
                    printf("Linked list is empty.\n");
                } else {
                    display();
                }
                break;
            case 0:
                exit(0);
            default:
                printf("Enter a valid choice\n");
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT: Queue implemented successfully using linked list.

```
Yanha Loharwad
0801IT221145
Program no.:14
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit:
1
Enter data:
4
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit:
1
Enter data:
5
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit:
1
Enter data:
6
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit:
3
4 5 6
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit:
2
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit:
3
5 6
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit:
0

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.□
```


Program 15

15. Implementation of circular queue using array.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#define size 100

int queue[size];

int front = -1;

int rear = -1;

void enqueue(int data) {
    if ((front == 0 && rear == size - 1) || (rear == front - 1)) {
        printf("Queue is full. Cannot enqueue.\n");
    } else {
        if (front == -1) {
            front = 0;
        }
        rear = (rear + 1) % size;
        queue[rear] = data;
    }
}

void dequeue() {
    if (front == -1) {
        printf("Queue is empty. Cannot dequeue.\n");
    }
}
```

```
} else {  
  
if (front == rear) {  
  
front = rear = -1;  
  
} else {  
  
front = (front + 1) % size;  
  
}  
  
}  
  
}  
  
  
  
void display() {  
  
int i;  
  
if (front == -1) {  
  
printf("Queue is empty.\n");  
  
} else {  
  
printf("Queue elements: ");  
  
for (i = front; i != rear; i = (i + 1) % size) {  
  
printf("%d ", queue[i]);  
  
}  
  
printf("%d\n", queue[i]);  
  
}  
  
}  
  
  
  
void main() {  
  
int choice, data;  
  
printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\nProgram no.:15\n");
```

```
while (1) {  
    printf("Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: ");  
    scanf("%d", &choice);  
    switch (choice) {  
        case 1:  
            printf("Enter data: ");  
            scanf("%d", &data);  
            enqueue(data);  
            break;  
        case 2:  
            dequeue();  
            break;  
        case 3:  
            display();  
            break;  
        case 0:  
            exit(0);  
        default:  
            printf("Invalid choice.\n");  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT: Circular queue implemented successfully using array.

```
Yanha Loharwad
0801IT221145
Program no.:15
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 1
Enter data: 1
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 1
Enter data: 2
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit:
1
Enter data: 3
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 1
Enter data: 4
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 3
Queue elements: 1 2 3 4
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 2
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 3
Queue elements: 2 3 4
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 0

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Program 16

16. Implementation of circular queue using linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {

int data;

struct Node* next;

};

struct Node* front = NULL;

struct Node* rear = NULL;


void enqueue(int data) {

struct Node* newnode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));

newnode->data = data;

newnode->next = NULL;

if (front == NULL) {

front = newnode;

} else {

rear->next = newnode;

}

rear = newnode;

rear->next = front; // Make it circular

}
```

```
void dequeue() {  
    if (front == NULL) {  
        printf("Queue is empty. Cannot dequeue.\n");  
        return;  
    }
```

```
    if (front == rear) {  
        free(front);  
        front = rear = NULL;  
    } else {  
        struct Node* temp = front;  
        front = front->next;  
        rear->next = front; // Make it circular  
        free(temp);  
    }  
}
```

```
void display() {  
    if (front == NULL) {  
        printf("Queue is empty.\n");  
    } else {  
        struct Node* current = front;  
        printf("Queue elements: ");  
        do {
```

```
printf("%d ", current->data);  
  
current = current->next;  
  
} while (current != front);  
  
printf("\n");  
  
}  
  
}
```

```
int main() {  
  
int choice, data;  
  
printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\nProgram no.:16\n");  
  
while (1) {  
  
printf("Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: ");  
  
scanf("%d", &choice);  
  
switch (choice) {  
  
case 1:  
  
printf("Enter data: ");  
  
scanf("%d", &data);  
  
enqueue(data);  
  
break;  
  
case 2:  
  
dequeue();  
  
break;  
  
case 3:  
  
display();  
  
break;
```

```
case 0:  
exit(0);  
default:  
printf("Invalid choice.\n");  
}  
}  
}
```

OUTPUT: Circular queue implemented successfully using linked list.

```
Yanha Loharwad  
0801IT221145  
Program no.:16  
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 1  
Enter data: 1  
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 1  
Enter data: 2  
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 1  
Enter data: 3  
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 1  
Enter data: 4  
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 3  
Queue elements: 1 2 3 4  
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 2  
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 3  
Queue elements: 2 3 4  
Enter 1 for enqueue, 2 for dequeue, 3 for display, and 0 to exit: 0  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.
```


Program 17

17. Write a program to print sum of even and odd elements using malloc() and free().

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int main() {

    int n;

    printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\nProgram no.:17\nEnter the number of elements: ");

    scanf("%d", &n);

    int *arr = (int *)malloc(n * sizeof(int));

    printf("Enter the elements: ");

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);

    }

    int evenSum = 0, oddSum = 0;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

        if (arr[i] % 2 == 0) {

            evenSum += arr[i];

        } else {

            oddSum += arr[i];

        }

    }

    printf("Sum of even elements: %d\n", evenSum);

    printf("Sum of odd elements: %d\n", oddSum);

}
```

```
free(arr);  
  
return 0;  
  
}
```

OUTPUT: Even and odd numbers sum is calculated.

```
Yanha Loharwad  
0801IT221145  
Program no.:17  
Enter the number of elements: 5  
Enter the elements: 1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
Sum of even elements: 6  
Sum of odd elements: 9  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.□
```

Program 18

18. Write a program to merge linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct node {
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};

void createList(struct node **head, int n) {
    int data;

    struct node *newnode = NULL, *temp = NULL;

    *head = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));

    if (*head == NULL) {
        printf("Memory not allocated.\n");
        exit(1);
    }

    printf("Enter the data of node 1: ");

    scanf("%d", &data);

    (*head)->data = data;

    (*head)->next = NULL;

    temp = *head;

    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {

        newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
```

```
if (newnode == NULL) {  
    printf("Memory not allocated.\n");  
    exit(1);  
}  
  
printf("Enter the data of node %d: ", i + 1);  
scanf("%d", &data);  
newnode->data = data;  
newnode->next = NULL;  
temp->next = newnode;  
temp = temp->next;  
}  
}  
  
void displayList(struct node *head) {  
    struct node *current = head;  
    while (current != NULL) {  
        printf("%d -> ", current->data);  
        current = current->next;  
    }  
    printf("NULL\n");  
}  
  
void mergeLists(struct node **head1, struct node **head2){  
    struct node * temp;  
    temp = (*head1);  
    while(temp->next != NULL){  
        temp = temp->next;
```

```
}  
  
temp->next=(*head2);  
  
printf("Given linked lists are merged.\n");  
  
displayList((*head1));  
  
}  
  
  
int main() {  
  
printf("Name :Yanha Loharwad\nEnrollment no: 0801IT221145\nProgram 18\n");  
  
int n, m,c;  
  
struct node *head1 = NULL, *head2 = NULL;  
  
printf("Enter the number of elements in list 1: ");  
  
scanf("%d", &n);  
  
createList(&head1, n);  
  
printf("Enter the number of elements in list 2: ");  
  
scanf("%d", &m);  
  
createList(&head2, m);  
  
printf("List 1: ");  
  
displayList(head1);  
  
printf("List 2: ");  
  
displayList(head2);  
  
printf("Begin with list 1 1or list 2:\nEnter 1 for list 1\nEnter 2 for List 2\n");  
  
scanf("%d",&c);  
  
switch(c){  
  
case 1 : mergeLists(&head1,&head2);  
  
break;
```

```
case 2 : mergeLists(&head2,&head1);  
break;  
default :  
printf("Enter valid option.\n");  
break;  
}  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT: Linked lists are successfully merged.

```
Name :Yanha Loharwad  
Enrollment no: 0801IT221145  
Program 18  
Enter the number of elements in list 1: 3  
Enter the data of node 1: 3  
Enter the data of node 2: 4  
Enter the data of node 3: 5  
Enter the number of elements in list 2: 3  
Enter the data of node 1: 9  
Enter the data of node 2: 8  
Enter the data of node 3: 7  
List 1: 3 -> 4 -> 5 -> NULL  
List 2: 9 -> 8 -> 7 -> NULL  
Begin with list 1 for list 2:  
Enter 1 for list 1  
Enter 2 for List 2  
2  
Given linked lists are merged.  
9 -> 8 -> 7 -> 3 -> 4 -> 5 -> NULL
```

Program 19

19. Write a program to merge linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};

struct node *head, *newnode, *temp;

void create()
{
    head = NULL;
    int choice;
    do
    {
        newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        printf("Enter data: ");
        scanf("%d", &newnode->data);
        newnode->next = NULL;
        if (head == NULL)
        {
            head = temp = newnode;
        }
    }
```

```
else
{
temp->next = newnode;
temp = newnode;
}
printf("Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
} while (choice != 0);
}

void traverse()
{
temp = head;
while (temp != NULL)
{
printf("%d ", temp->data);
temp = temp->next;
}
printf("\n");
}

struct node* findMiddle(struct node* head)
{
if (head == NULL)
{
return NULL;
}
```



```
struct node* current = head;

struct node* middle = head;

int count = 0;


while (current != NULL)
{
    if (count % 2 == 1)
    {
        middle = middle->next;
    }
    current = current->next;
    count++;
}

return middle;
}


int main()
{
    printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\nProgram no.: 19\n");

    int choice;

    head = NULL;

    while (1)
    {
        printf("Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for find middle, 0 to exit: \n");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
```

```
switch (choice)
{
case 1:
create();
break;
case 2:
if (head == NULL)
{
printf("Linked list is empty. \n");
}
else
{
traverse();
}
break;
case 3:
if (head == NULL)
{
printf("Linked list is empty. \n");
}
else
{
struct node* middle = findMiddle(head);
printf("Middle element: %d\n", middle->data);
}
```

```
break;

case 0:

exit(0);

default:

printf("Enter a valid choice\n");

}

}

}
```

OUTPUT:Middle element of the array is successfully found.

```
Yanha Loharwad
0801IT221145
Program no.: 19
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for find middle, 0 to exit:
1
Enter data: 1
Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: 1
Enter data: 2
Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: 1
Enter data: 3
Enter 1 to continue and 0 to exit: 0
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for find middle, 0 to exit:
2
1 2 3
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for find middle, 0 to exit:
3
Middle element: 2
Enter 1 for create, 2 for traverse, 3 for find middle, 0 to exit:
0

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.□
```

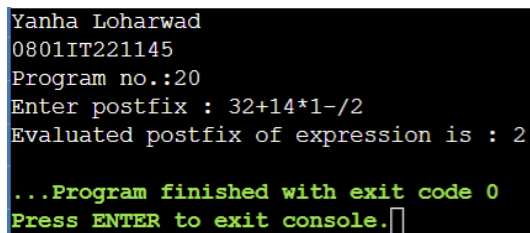
Program 20

20. Write a program to evaluate postfix expression.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define SIZE 10
struct stack
{
    int top;
    int a[SIZE];
} s;
void push(int elem)
{
    s.a[++s.top] = elem;
}
int pop()
{
    return s.a[s.top--];
}
int isOperand(char x)
{
    if (x == '+' || x == '-' || x == '*' || x == '/')
    {
        return 0;
    }
    else
    {
        return 1;
    }
}
int eval(char *postfix)
{
    int i = 0;
    int x1, x2, r = 0;
    for (i = 0; postfix[i] != '\0'; i++)
    {
        if (isOperand(postfix[i]))
        {
            push(postfix[i] - '0');
        }
        else
        {
            {
```

```
x2 = pop();
x1 = pop();
switch (postfix[i])
{
case '+':
r = x1 + x2;
break;
case '-':
r = x1 - x2;
break;
case '*':
r = x1 * x2;
break;
case '/':
r = x1 / x2;
break;
}
push(r);
}
}
return s.a[s.top];
}
int main()
{
printf("Yanha Loharwad\n0801IT221145\nProgram no.:20\n");
s.top = -1;
char postfix[15];
printf("Enter postfix : ");
scanf("%s", postfix);
eval(postfix);
printf("Evaluated postfix of expression is : %d",s.a[s.top]);
}
```

OUTPUT: Postfix expression evaluated.

A screenshot of a terminal window with a black background and white text. The text shows the program's execution: it prints the student's name and ID, the program number, prompts for a postfix expression, and then evaluates it. The expression '32+14*1-/2' is entered, and the result '2' is displayed. At the end, it shows the program finished with exit code 0 and prompts the user to press ENTER to exit the console.

```
Yanha Loharwad
0801IT221145
Program no.:20
Enter postfix : 32+14*1-/2
Evaluated postfix of expression is : 2

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```