

Program Code: J620-002-4:2020

**Program Name: FRONT-END SOFTWARE** 

DEVELOPMENT

Title: Case Study - Clustering Stocks using k-Means

Name: Phua Yan Han

IC Number: 050824070059

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Introduction:

Conclusion:

# Clustering stocks using KMeans

In this exercise, you'll cluster companies using their daily stock price movements (i.e. the dollar difference between the closing and opening prices for each trading day). You are given a NumPy array movements of daily price movements from 2010 to 2015, where each row corresponds to a company, and each column corresponds to a trading day.

Some stocks are more expensive than others. To account for this, include a Normalizer at the beginning of your pipeline. The Normalizer will separately transform each company's stock price to a relative scale before the clustering begins.

# Normalizer vs StandardScaler

Note that Normalizer() is different to StandardScaler(), which you used in the previous exercise. While StandardScaler() standardizes **features** (such as the features of the fish data from the previous exercise) by removing the mean and scaling to unit variance, Normalizer() rescales **each sample** - here, each company's stock price - independently of the other.

This dataset was obtained from the Yahoo! Finance API.

**Step 1:** Load the data (written for you)

```
In [7]: import pandas as pd
fn = '../Data files/company-stock-movements-2010-2015-incl.csv'
stocks_df = pd.read_csv(fn, index_col=0)
```

**Step 2:** Inspect the first few rows of the DataFrame stocks\_df by calling its head() function.

```
In [8]:
          stocks df.head()
Out[8]:
                       2010-01-
                                  2010-01-
                                             2010-01-
                                                        2010-01-
                                                                  2010-01-
                                                                             2010-01-
                                                                                        2010-01-
                                                                                                  2010-01-
                             04
                                                                        08
                                                                                                        13
                                        05
                                                   06
                                                              07
                                                                                   11
                                                                                              12
                                 -0.220005
               Apple
                       0.580000
                                            -3.409998
                                                       -1.170000
                                                                  1.680011
                                                                            -2.689994
                                                                                       -1.469994
                                                                                                  2.779997
                                                                                                            -C
                 AIG
                      -0.640002
                                 -0.650000
                                            -0.210001
                                                       -0.420000
                                                                  0.710001
                                                                            -0.200001
                                                                                       -1.130001
                                                                                                  0.069999
                                                                                                            -(
             Amazon
                      -2.350006
                                  1.260009
                                            -2.350006
                                                       -2.009995
                                                                 2.960006
                                                                            -2.309997
                                                                                       -1.640007
                                                                                                  1.209999
                                                                                                           -1
           American
                       0.109997
                                  0.000000
                                             0.260002
                                                       0.720002
                                                                 0.190003
                                                                            -0.270001
                                                                                       0.750000
                                                                                                  0.300004
             express
             Boeing
                       0.459999
                                  1.770000
                                             1.549999
                                                       2.690003 0.059997 -1.080002
                                                                                       0.360000
                                                                                                  0.549999
                                                                                                            C
          5 rows × 963 columns
                                                                                                            >
```

**Step 3**: Extract the NumPy array movements from the DataFrame and the list of company names (*written for you*)

```
In [21]: movement = stocks df.values
         company = stocks df.index
         print(movement,company)
          [ 5.8000000e-01 -2.2000500e-01 -3.4099980e+00 ... -5.3599620e+00
             8.4001900e-01 -1.9589981e+01]
           [-6.4000200e-01 -6.5000000e-01 -2.1000100e-01 ... -4.0001000e-02
            -4.0000200e-01 6.6000000e-01]
           [-2.3500060e+00 1.2600090e+00 -2.3500060e+00 ... 4.7900090e+00
            -1.7600090e+00 3.7400210e+00]
           [ 4.3000100e-01 2.2999600e-01 5.7000000e-01 ... -2.6000200e-01
             4.0000100e-01 4.8000300e-01]
           [ 9.0000000e-02 1.0000000e-02 -8.0000000e-02 ... -3.0000000e-02
             2.0000000e-02 -3.0000000e-02]
           [ 1.5999900e-01 1.0001000e-02 0.0000000e+00 ... -6.0001000e-02
             2.5999800e-01 9.9998000e-02]] Index(['Apple', 'AIG', 'Amazon', 'American
         express', 'Boeing',
                 'Bank of America', 'British American Tobacco', 'Canon', 'Caterpillar',
                 'Colgate-Palmolive', 'ConocoPhillips', 'Cisco', 'Chevron',
                 'DuPont de Nemours', 'Dell', 'Ford', 'General Electrics',
                 'Google/Alphabet', 'Goldman Sachs', 'GlaxoSmithKline', 'Home Depot',
                 'Honda', 'HP', 'IBM', 'Intel', 'Johnson & Johnson', 'JPMorgan Chase',
                 'Kimberly-Clark', 'Coca Cola', 'Lookheed Martin', 'MasterCard', 'McDonalds', '3M', 'Microsoft', 'Mitsubishi', 'Navistar',
                 'Northrop Grumman', 'Novartis', 'Pepsi', 'Pfizer', 'Procter Gamble',
                 'Philip Morris', 'Royal Dutch Shell', 'SAP', 'Schlumberger', 'Sony',
                 'Sanofi-Aventis', 'Symantec', 'Toyota', 'Total',
                 'Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing', 'Texas instruments', 'Unilever',
                 'Valero Energy', 'Walgreen', 'Wells Fargo', 'Wal-Mart', 'Exxon',
                 'Xerox', 'Yahoo'],
                dtype='object')
```

#### Step 4: Make the necessary imports:

- Normalizer from sklearn.preprocessing.
- KMeans from sklearn.cluster.
- make pipeline from sklearn.pipeline.

```
In [23]: from sklearn.preprocessing import Normalizer
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.pipeline import make_pipeline
```

Step 3: Create an instance of Normalizer called normalizer.

Step 4: Create an instance of KMeans called kmeans with 14 clusters.

**Step 5**: Using make\_pipeline(), create a pipeline called pipeline that chains normalizer and kmeans.

Step 6: Fit the pipeline to the movements array.

```
In [29]: pipeline.fit(movement,company)
```

C:\Users\Asus\anaconda3\envs\python-dscourse\lib\site-packages\sklearn\cluste
r\\_kmeans.py:1436: UserWarning: KMeans is known to have a memory leak on Wind
ows with MKL, when there are less chunks than available threads. You can avoi
d it by setting the environment variable OMP\_NUM\_THREADS=1.
 warnings.warn(

So which company have stock prices that tend to change in the same way? Now inspect the cluster labels from your clustering to find out.

Step 7: Predict the labels for movements using function provided by pipeline

```
In [31]: label=pipeline.predict(movement)
         label
Out[31]: array([ 4,
                     9, 13,
                                 0, 12,
                                          1,
                                              6,
                                                  0, 7,
                                                              0,
                                                                                  0,
                                                          1,
                                                                  1,
                                                                              6,
                                     3,
                                                         7, 10,
                 4, 12,
                                 6,
                                              5, 2, 12,
                                                                                  0,
                                         0,
                                                                  8,
                             1, 10, 2,
                                         7, 11,
                                                  1,
                                                          1,
                                                                  1,
                                                                      0,
                                                                                  5,
                         8,
                                                      1,
                                                              6,
                                     2,
                         1,
                             2, 12,
                                         1,
                                              0, 13])
```

**Step 8:** Align the cluster labels with the list of company names companies by creating a DataFrame df with labels and companies as columns.

```
In [41]: data = {'label': label,'companies':company}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df
```

## Out[41]:

	label	companies
0	4	Apple
1	9	AIG
2	13	Amazon
3	0	American express
4	0	Boeing
5	12	Bank of America
6	1	British American Tobacco
7	6	Canon
8	0	Caterpillar
9	7	Colgate-Palmolive
10	1	ConocoPhillips
11	0	Cisco
12	1	Chevron
13	0	DuPont de Nemours
14	3	Dell
15	6	Ford
16	0	General Electrics
17	4	Google/Alphabet
18	12	Goldman Sachs
19	1	GlaxoSmithKline
20	0	Home Depot
21	6	Honda
22	3	HP
23	0	IBM
24	5	Intel
25	2	Johnson & Johnson
26	12	JPMorgan Chase
27	7	Kimberly-Clark
28	10	Coca Cola
29	8	Lookheed Martin
30	0	MasterCard
31	0	McDonalds
32	0	3M
33	0	Microsoft
34	6	Mitsubishi

	label	companies
35	1	Navistar
36	8	Northrop Grumman
37	1	Novartis
38	10	Pepsi
39	2	Pfizer
40	7	Procter Gamble
41	11	Philip Morris
42	1	Royal Dutch Shell
43	1	SAP
44	1	Schlumberger
45	6	Sony
46	1	Sanofi-Aventis
47	0	Symantec
48	6	Toyota
49	1	Total
50	5	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing
51	5	Texas instruments
52	1	Unilever
53	1	Valero Energy
54	2	Walgreen
55	12	Wells Fargo
56	2	Wal-Mart
57	1	Exxon
58	0	Xerox
59	13	Yahoo

**Step 9:** Now display the DataFrame, sorted by cluster label. To do this, use the .sort\_values() method of df to sort the DataFrame by the 'labels' column.

In [43]: df.sort\_values('label')

## Out[43]:

	label	companies
23	0	IBM
33	0	Microsoft
32	0	3M
31	0	McDonalds
30	0	MasterCard
58	0	Xerox
20	0	Home Depot
16	0	General Electrics
13	0	DuPont de Nemours
11	0	Cisco
47	0	Symantec
8	0	Caterpillar
3	0	American express
4	0	Boeing
57	1	Exxon
35	1	Navistar
49	1	Total
46	1	Sanofi-Aventis
10	1	ConocoPhillips
6	1	British American Tobacco
19	1	GlaxoSmithKline
53	1	Valero Energy
42	1	Royal Dutch Shell
43	1	SAP
44	1	Schlumberger
12	1	Chevron
52	1	Unilever
37	1	Novartis
54	2	Walgreen
56	2	Wal-Mart
39	2	Pfizer
25	2	Johnson & Johnson
14	3	Dell
22	3	HP
0	4	Apple

	label	companies
17	4	Google/Alphabet
51	5	Texas instruments
50	5	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing
24	5	Intel
21	6	Honda
48	6	Toyota
7	6	Canon
15	6	Ford
45	6	Sony
34	6	Mitsubishi
27	7	Kimberly-Clark
40	7	Procter Gamble
9	7	Colgate-Palmolive
29	8	Lookheed Martin
36	8	Northrop Grumman
1	9	AIG
38	10	Pepsi
28	10	Coca Cola
41	11	Philip Morris
26	12	JPMorgan Chase
18	12	Goldman Sachs
5	12	Bank of America
55	12	Wells Fargo
2	13	Amazon
59	13	Yahoo