HW #1 (120%) Due: 03/20

## [MATLAB WARM-UP]

- 1. (15%) Given x[n]=[3 -2 6 8 -1]; h[n]=[ 2 5 0 -5 2 -3 1]; Please find y[n]=x[n]\*h[n] by the following three methods:
  - (1) Find y[n] by the direct convolution of x[n] and h[n];
  - (2) Decompose x[n] into impulses with different delays, then produce y[n] by doing the linear combination of the impulse-wise convolution with h[n].
  - (3) Do the vector-wise convolution  $\mathbf{y}=H\mathbf{x}$ , where  $\mathbf{x}$ ,  $\mathbf{y}$  represent the input, output vector respectively, where  $\mathbf{H}$  represents the matrix formed by components of  $\mathbf{h}[\mathbf{n}]$ .

(Plot y[n] and compare whether the results in these methods are the same.)

(Hint: MATLAB commands: plot、conv、在執行vector加法時,各vector的長度需相等,若有長度不等之處,請直接補零至相同長度)

- 2. (15%) As defined in Q1, x[n] is now the system input and h[n] represents the impulse response of the system. Therefore, y[n]=x[n]\*h[n] is the system output.
  - (1) Plot the 64-point magnitude response of y[n](Hint: fft).
  - (2) Also plot the 64-point magnitude response of x[n] and h[n].
  - (3) Please verify the relation of those magnitude responses (of y[n], x[n] and h[n]) in frequency domain.

(Hint: MATLAB commands: (.\*)表示矩陣(向量)元素相乘、fft(x, numbers of point)、在執行元素乘法時,各vector的長度需相等)

## [TEXTBOOK PROBLEMS]

- 3. (20%) 2.30
- 4. (10%) 2.41
- 5. (10%) 2.42 (a), (b)
- 6. (20%) 2.44 (a), (b), (d), (e)
- 7. (20%) 2.56
- 8. (10%) 2.66 (a), (b) (Ref. MATLAB command: filtfilt)