### Homework 3, Part 2: Programming in Spark

[50 points]
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### Question 3 [50 points] Spark Exercise using the DBLP Dataset

This is a programming assignment based on a Spark cluster.

Each student will be provided with one Azure subscription, allowing the creation of a HDInsight Spark cluster composed of multiple cores.

To connect (via ssh) to the cluster, follow the tutorial in the lab session.

### A. DBLP Data Analysis using Spark

We will first use our familiar dataset on DBLP publications. The schema is the following:

```
authors (id: INTEGER, name: VARCHAR(200))

venue (id: INTEGER, name: VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL, year: INTEGER NOT NULL, school: VARCHAR (200), volume: VARCHAR(50), number: VARCHAR(50), type: INTEGER NOT NULL)

papers (id: INTEGER, name: VARCHAR NOT NULL, venue: INTEGER REFERENCES VENUE(id), pages: VARCHAR(50), url: VARCHAR);

paperauths (paperid: INTEGER, authid: INTEGER)
```

The dataset is available in Dropbox. To download the dblp files from Dropbox:

```
wget "https://www.dropbox.com/s/rrylis62glays11/dblp_tsv.tar.gz?dl=0" -0
dblp_tsv.tar.gz
tar -xzvf dblp_tsv.tar.gz
```

You will need to import the DBLP files into your Hadoop File System (HDFS). For more instructions, see the Spark Tutorial.

Please write Spark programs for the following tasks:

- A1) Find the names of the top-k authors who have published the most in the DBLP dataset. For this task, k is an argument to your spark program.
- **A2) Find the set of authors who frequently write papers together.** For this analytic task, you are expected to find the set of authors who have written at least X papers together, where X = 0.0001 \* total num papers.

Your program will involve RDD/DataFrame operations as well as the FP-growth package in MLlib for frequent pattern mining (unless you want to implement your own). FP-growth is an improvement of the Apriori algorithm, which we learned in the lecture on "Scalable Machine Learning".

Please output the frequent co-author lists.

# A3) Find the top-5 words whose frequency (in papers titles) varies the most between year 2000 and 2015 for SIGMOD conferences.

For each word, illustrate the frequency per year.

# A4) Find the 20 clusters of topics from the titles of the papers published at SIGMOD conferences.

For feature engineering, you can use the Word2Vec package from the ML library: <a href="https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/mllib-feature-extraction.html">https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/mllib-feature-extraction.html</a> <a href="https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/ml-features.html">https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/ml-features.html</a>

For clustering, you can use KMeans from the ML library: <a href="https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/mllib-clustering.html#k-means">https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/mllib-clustering.html#k-means</a> <a href="https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/ml-clustering.html#k-means">https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/ml-clustering.html#k-means</a>

For each cluster, print the most representative words in the cluster.

#### **Submission**

**Moodle.** Please include your solutions to all the above exercises, including either the notebook file (when a notebook such as Jupyter Notebook is used) or the commands you have executed in the Spark shell and output for the Spark exercise in a pdf document and submit through Moodle.