## Mesh Study of Huygen's Surface

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```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import tidy3d as td
import tidy3d.web as web
import scienceplots

# Set logging level to ERROR to reduce output verbosity
td.config.logging_level = "ERROR"
```

## Initialization

```
1 # 0 Define a FreqRange object with desired wavelengths
2 fr = td.FreqRange.from wvl interval(wvl min=1.1, wvl max=1.6)
3 N = 301 # num points
1 # 1 Computational domain size
2 h = 0.220 # Height of cylinder
3 \text{ spc} = 2
4 Lz = spc + h + h + spc
6 Px = Py = P = 0.666 # periodicity
7 \text{ sim size} = [Px, Py, Lz]
1 # 3 Structures
2 r = 0.242 # radius of the cylinder
3 \text{ n Si} = 3.5
4 Si = td.Medium(permittivity=n Si**2, name='Si')
 5 cylinder = td.Structure(
       geometry=td.Cylinder(center=[0, 0, h / 2], radius=r, length=h, axis=2), medium=Si
8
9 # Spin on glass + substrate
10 \text{ n glass} = 1.4
11 \quad n \quad SiO2 = 1.45
12 glass = td.Medium(permittivity=n_glass**2, name='glass')
13 SiO2 = td.Medium(permittivity=n_SiO2**2, name='oxide')
15 substrate = td.Structure(
```

## Mesh Study Loop Assignment

```
1 dls = [P/2, P/4, P/8, P/16, P/32, P/64] # mesh study list
2 sims = \{\}
 1 for i, dl in enumerate(dls):
       # 2 Grid Specifications
       horizontal grid = td.UniformGrid(dl=dl)
       vertical grid = td.AutoGrid(min steps per wvl=32)
       grid_spec=td.GridSpec(
           grid x=horizontal grid,
 6
           grid_y=horizontal_grid,
           grid_z=vertical_grid,
 8
 9
10
11
       # 4 Sources
       source = td.PlaneWave(
           source_time=fr.to_gaussian_pulse(),
           size=(td.inf, td.inf, 0),
14
            center=(0, 0, Lz/2 - spc + 2 * dl),
15
           direction="-".
16
            pol angle=0
17
18
19
       # 5 Monitor
20
       monitor = td.FluxMonitor(
21
            center=(0, 0, -Lz/2 + spc - 2*dl),
            size=(td.inf, td.inf, 0),
           freqs=fr.freqs(N),
24
```

## Plotting

```
1 # this uses scienceplots to make plots look better
2 plt.style.use(['science', 'notebook', 'grid'])
1 x = td.C_0 / fr.freqs(N) * 1000
2 \text{ Ts} = []
3 for i in range(len(dls)):
       Ts.append(batch_data[f"actual{i}"]["flux"].flux / batch_data[f"norm{i}"]["flux"].flu
1 plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
2 for i, T in enumerate(Ts):
       plt.plot(x, T, "-", lw=1, label=f"dl={dls[i] * 1000:.1f} nm")
4 plt.xlabel(r"Wavelength [$nm$]")
5 plt.ylabel("Magnitude")
6 plt.ylim(-0.1, 1.1)
7 plt.legend(fontsize=12)
8 plt.tick_params(axis='both', labelsize=10) # change tick label size to 10
9 plt.title("Transmission Spectra with Different Mesh Sizes", fontsize=14)
10 plt.show()
```



