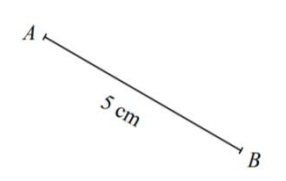
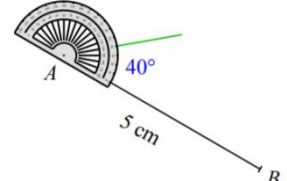
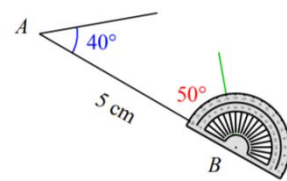
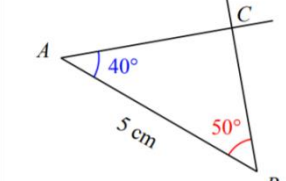
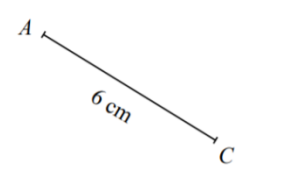
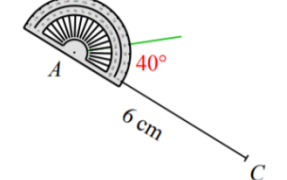
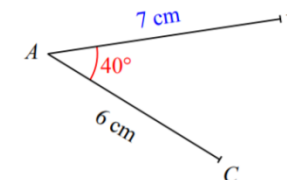
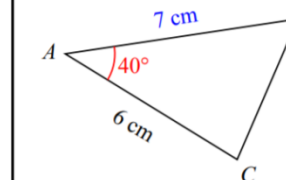


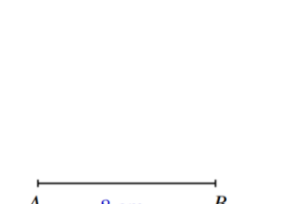
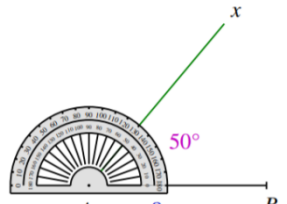
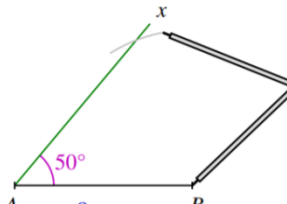
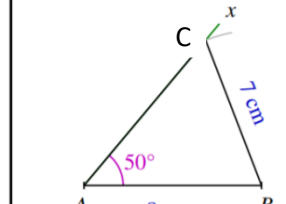
Comment tracer le triangle ABC tel que $AB = 5 \text{ cm}$, $\widehat{CAB} = 40^\circ$ et $\widehat{CBA} = 50^\circ$?

			
Tracer $[AB]$.	Tracer l'angle \widehat{A} .	Tracer l'angle \widehat{B} .	Terminer le tracé et nommer le point C.

Comment tracer le triangle ABC tel que $AC = 6 \text{ cm}$, $\widehat{CAB} = 40^\circ$ et $AB = 7 \text{ cm}$?

			
Tracer $[AC]$.	Tracer l'angle \widehat{A} .	Tracer $[AB]$.	Terminer le tracé.

Comment tracer le triangle ABC tel que $AB = 8 \text{ cm}$, $\widehat{CAB} = 50^\circ$ et $CB = 7 \text{ cm}$?

			
Tracer un segment $[AB]$ de longueur 8 cm.	Tracer une demi-droite $[Ax]$ telle que $\widehat{BAx} = 50^\circ$.	Tracer un arc de cercle de centre B et de rayon 7 cm : il coupe $[Ax]$ en C.	Terminer le tracé.

Exercices de construction :

- 1) Construire le triangle IJK tel que $\widehat{KIJ} = 30^\circ$, $\widehat{KJI} = 20^\circ$, et $IJ = 9 \text{ cm}$.
- 2) Construire le triangle DEF tel que $\widehat{EDF} = 50^\circ$, $DE = 6 \text{ cm}$ et $DF = 9 \text{ cm}$.
- 3) Construire le triangle TPO tel que $\widehat{TOP} = 40^\circ$ et $TO = PO = 6 \text{ cm}$.
- 4) Construire le triangle SAT isocèle en A tel que $\widehat{AST} = 55^\circ$ et $ST = 10 \text{ cm}$.