



## Lab: Multiple Terraform Providers

Due to the plug-in based architecture of Terraform providers, it is easy to install and utilize multiple providers within the same Terraform configuration. Along with the already configured AWS provider, we will install both the HTTP and Random providers.

- Task 1: Install Terraform HTTP provider version
- Task 2: Configure Terraform HTTP Provider
- Task 3: Install Terraform Random provider version
- Task 4: Configure Terraform Random Provider
- Task 5: Install Terraform Local provider version

### Task 1: Install Terraform HTTP provider version

The HTTP provider is a utility provider for interacting with generic HTTP servers as part of a Terraform configuration.

As with any provider it can be installed by specifying it with a terraform configuration block.

The screenshot displays the Terraform Registry page for the 'http' provider. The breadcrumb trail is 'Providers / hashicorp / http / Version 2.1.0'. The 'Documentation' tab is selected, showing the 'HTTP Provider' details. A sidebar on the right, titled 'How to use this provider', provides instructions and a code block for installing the provider.

```
terraform {
  required_providers {
    http = {
      source = "hashicorp/http"
      version = "2.1.0"
    }
  }
}

provider "http" {
  # Configuration options
}
```

**Figure 1:** HTTP Provider

Add the following to the `terraform.tf` file





```
terraform {  
  required_providers {  
    http = {  
      source = "hashicorp/http"  
      version = "2.1.0"  
    }  
  }  
}
```

To install the provider execute a `terraform init`

```
terraform init
```

Initializing the backend...

Initializing provider plugins...

- Reusing previous version of hashicorp/aws from the dependency lock file
- Finding hashicorp/http versions matching "2.1.0"...
- Reusing previous version of hashicorp/random from the dependency lock file
- Using previously-installed hashicorp/aws v3.62.0
- Installing hashicorp/http v2.1.0...
- Installed hashicorp/http v2.1.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
- Using previously-installed hashicorp/random v3.0.0

Terraform has made some changes to the provider dependency selections recorded

**in** the `.terraform.lock.hcl` file. Review those changes and commit them to your version control system **if** they represent changes you intended to make.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running `"terraform plan"` to see any changes that are required **for** your infrastructure. All Terraform commands should now work.

If you ever **set** or change modules or backend configuration **for** Terraform, rerun this **command** to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other commands will detect it and remind you to **do** so **if** necessary.

```
terraform version
```

```
Terraform v1.0.8
```





```
on linux_amd64
+ provider registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/aws v3.62.0
+ provider registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/http v2.1.0
+ provider registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/random v3.0.0
```

### Task 3: Install Terraform Random provider version

The “random” provider allows the use of randomness within Terraform configurations. This is a logical provider, which means that it works entirely within Terraform’s logic, and doesn’t interact with any other services.

Some previous labs may have already included installing this provider. This can be validate by running a `terraform version` and checking if the `+ provider registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/random v3.0.0` is present.

If it is not update the `terraform.tf` to include the provider.

```
terraform .tf
```

```
terraform {
  required_version = ">= 1.0.0"
  required_providers {
    aws = {
      source = "hashicorp/aws"
    }
    http = {
      source = "hashicorp/http"
      version = "2.1.0"
    }
    random = {
      source = "hashicorp/random"
      version = "3.1.0"
    }
  }
}
```

Run a `terraform init -upgrade` to validate you pull down the provider versions specified in the configuration and validate with a `terraform version` or a `terraform providers` command.

```
terraform init -upgrade
```

```
terraform version
```

```
Terraform v1.0.8
on linux_amd64
```





```
+ provider registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/aws v3.62.0
+ provider registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/http v2.1.0
+ provider registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/random v3.1.0
```

```
terraform providers
```

Providers required by configuration:

```
.
|-- provider[registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/http] 2.1.0
|-- provider[registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/random] 3.1.0
|-- provider[registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/aws]
```

Providers required by state:

```
provider[registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/aws]

provider[registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/random]
```

## Task 5: Install Terraform Local provider

The Local provider is used to manage local resources, such as files.

terraform.tf

```
terraform {
  required_version = ">= 1.0.0"
  required_providers {
    aws = {
      source = "hashicorp/aws"
    }
    http = {
      source = "hashicorp/http"
      version = "2.1.0"
    }
    random = {
      source = "hashicorp/random"
      version = "3.1.0"
    }
    local = {
      source = "hashicorp/local"
      version = "2.1.0"
    }
  }
}
```

```
terraform init -upgrade
```





```
`terraform version
```

```
Terraform v1.0.8  
on linux_amd64  
+ provider registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/aws v3.62.0  
+ provider registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/http v2.1.0  
+ provider registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/local v2.1.0  
+ provider registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/random v3.1.0
```

```
terraform providers
```

Providers required by configuration:

```
.  
|-- provider[registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/http] 2.1.0  
|-- provider[registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/random] 3.1.0  
|-- provider[registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/local] 2.1.0  
|-- provider[registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/aws]
```

Providers required by state:

```
provider[registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/aws]  
  
provider[registry.terraform.io/hashicorp/random]
```

As you can see it is very easy to install multiple providers within a single Terraform configuration.

