Test 2

LISTENING

PART 1 Questions 1–10

Questions 1-5

Complete the notes below.

Write ONE WORD ONLY for each answer.

Questions 6-10

Complete the table below.

Write ONE WORD AND/OR A NUMBER for each answer.

Location	Job title	Responsibilities include	Pay and conditions
6 Street	Breakfast supervisor	Checking portions, etc. are correct	Starting salary 8 £ per hour
		Making sure	
		7is clean	Start work at 5.30 a.m.
City Road	Junior chef	Supporting senior chefs	Annual salary £23,000
			No work on a
		Maintaining stock and organising 9	10 once a month

33

PART 2 Questions 11–20

Questions 11 and 12

Choose TWO letters, A-E.

What are the **TWO** main reasons why this site has been chosen for the housing development?

- A It has suitable geographical features.
- B There is easy access to local facilities.
- C It has good connections with the airport.
- **D** The land is of little agricultural value.
- E It will be convenient for workers.

Questions 13 and 14

Choose TWO letters, A-E.

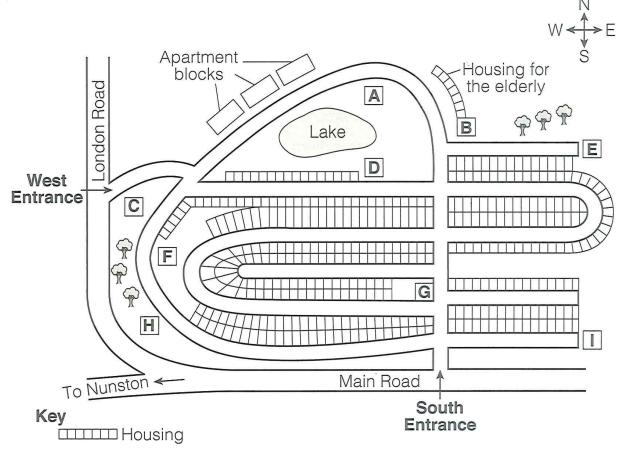
Which **TWO** aspects of the planned housing development have people given positive feedback about?

- A the facilities for cyclists
- B the impact on the environment
- the encouragement of good relations between residents
- **D** the low cost of all the accommodation
- E the rural location

Questions 15-20

Label the map below.

Write the correct letter, A-I, next to Questions 15-20.



15	School	
16	Sports centre	
17	Clinic	
18	Community centre	
19	Supermarket	
20	Playground	***************************************

PART 3 Questions 21–30

Questions 21-24

Choose the correct letter, A, B or C.

- 21 Why do the students think the Laki eruption of 1783 is so important?
 - A It was the most severe eruption in modern times.
 - B It led to the formal study of volcanoes.
 - C It had a profound effect on society.
- 22 What surprised Adam about observations made at the time?
 - A the number of places producing them
 - B the contradictions in them
 - C the lack of scientific data to support them
- 23 According to Michelle, what did the contemporary sources say about the Laki haze?
 - A People thought it was similar to ordinary fog.
 - B It was associated with health issues.
 - C It completely blocked out the sun for weeks.
- 24 Adam corrects Michelle when she claims that Benjamin Franklin
 - A came to the wrong conclusion about the cause of the haze.
 - B was the first to identify the reason for the haze.
 - **C** supported the opinions of other observers about the haze.

Questions 25 and 26

Choose TWO letters, A-E.

Which TWO issues following the Laki eruption surprised the students?

- A how widespread the effects were
- B how long-lasting the effects were
- C the number of deaths it caused
- D the speed at which the volcanic ash cloud spread
- E how people ignored the warning signs

Questions 27-30

What comment do the students make about the impact of the Laki eruption on the following countries?

Choose **FOUR** answers from the box and write the correct letter, **A–F**, next to Questions 27–30.

Comments

- A This country suffered the most severe loss of life.
- **B** The impact on agriculture was predictable.
- C There was a significant increase in deaths of young people.
- D Animals suffered from a sickness.
- E This country saw the highest rise in food prices in the world.
- **F** It caused a particularly harsh winter.

Countries

27	Iceland	
28	Egypt	
29	UK	
30	USA	

PART 4 Questions 31–40

Complete the notes below.

Write ONE WORD ONLY for each answer.

Pockets					
Rea	son for choice of subject				
•	They are 31 but can be overlooked by consumers and designers.				
Pockets in men's clothes					
•	Men started to wear 32 in the 18th century.				
•	A 33sewed pockets into the lining of the garments.				
•	The wearer could use the pockets for small items.				
© .	Bigger pockets might be made for men who belonged to a certain type of 34				
Pockets in women's clothes					
•	Women's pockets were less 35 than men's.				
•	Women were very concerned about pickpockets.				
•	Pockets were produced in pairs using 36 to link them together.				
•	Pockets hung from the women's 37 under skirts and petticoats.				
•	Items such as 38could be reached through a gap in the material.				
•	Pockets, of various sizes, stayed inside clothing for many decades.				
•	When dresses changed shape, hidden pockets had a negative effect on the 39 of women.				
•	Bags called 'pouches' became popular, before women carried a 40				