# **Machine Learning Engineer Nanodegree**

### **Capstone Proposal**

Yang Yang
June 19<sup>th</sup>, 2017

### **Domain Background**

Housing costs demand a significant investment from both consumers and developers. And when it comes to planning a budget—whether personal or corporate—the last thing anyone needs is uncertainty about one of their biggets expenses. Sberbank, Russia's oldest and largest bank, helps their customers by making predictions about realty prices so renters, developers, and lenders are more confident when they sign a lease or purchase a building.

In this competition, Sberbank is challenging Kagglers to develop algorithms which use a broad spectrum of features to predict realty prices. Competitors will rely on a rich dataset that includes housing data and macroeconomic patterns. An accurate forecasting model will allow Sberbank to provide more certainty to their customers in an uncertain economy.

### **Problem Statement**

In this competition, we will predict the house price with two datasets, one is about the properties of house itself the other is about the macroeconomics of Russia in a certain period of time. The problem is straightforward, more specifically, we will use more than 400 both numeric and categorical features to predict a numeric target, the house price.

# **Datasets and Inputs**

Data has already been provided by Kaggle. It mainly consists of 2 parts. The first part is train and test files. They are information about individual transactions. The rows are indexed by the "id" field, which

refers to individual transactions (particular properties might appear more than once, in separate transactions). These files also include supplementary information about the local area of each property. The other part is macro file, which is data on Russia's macroeconomy and financial sector. For more details please refer to the README.md file.

#### **Solution Statement**

Firstly I will process the data, including cleaning, removing outliers, selecting features. And then I will build some single models and tune them with grid search cross validation. The performance of models can be evaluated by local hold out set and the Kaggle public leader board. In the final stage, I will ensemble a bunch of models with decent performance by stacking, the method will usually yield a slightly better performance.

### **Benchmark Model**

XGBoost is fast, invariant to scale, handles missing values and has good performance. So it is a perfect choice to start as our benchmark. Since it's a competition, we'd better start off from a higher point. So, just encode all the data into numeric and feed it into XGBoost, we will have our benchmark model.

### **Evaluation Metrics**

As for the evaluation, we will use <u>RMSLE</u> (Root Mean Squared Logarithmic Error). This is quite similar to RMSE but it gives less punishment on large predicted values. This error will be calculated on my local cross validation folder, local hold out set, and Kaggle leaderboard (a place where you compete your solution with other data scientists).

## **Project Design**

Firstly, explore the data. In this process, I will get familiar with the underneath meaning of each feature by reading the definition document and plots some graph to see the fluctuation trend, correlation, distribution.

Secondly, build some single models. This is not an easy job and sometimes we might not put too much hope on the ensemble part since single model can also bring us to the top of leaderboard with some awesome feature engineering and model tuning. So, in this stage, I will process the data by filling null

values, detecting outliers and get a feel of the messy data. I will improve the XGBoost performance by tuning parameters using grid search cross validation. Other models like neuron nets, random forest tree, extra tree, adaboost are all under consideration.

Lastly, ensemble all the appropriate models. Detailly, I will code a class for automating the whole process: generate of-out-sample data from train set and generate predicted data on test set. These my first level features that will be feed to a second level model (should be XGBoost still).

To sum up, this is what I think I will do for now, but all others methods posted on the kaggle forum will all be concerned to help me climb up a few more rankings on the leaderboard.