

介词短语核心公式

第6节介词短语

(23)

1 介词的位置

1 介词通常位于名词或代词前

The book is beyond her.  
这本书她读不懂。

The man is beneath contempt.  
那人为人所不齿。

The retired general lived in a small castle three miles past the village.  
那位退役将军住在村庄过去三英里的一座小城堡里。

1 在“介词+whom/which/what/whose”结构谓语句首的疑问句中，介词常可放在句尾

Who is she talking to ?  
她在同谁谈话？

Which hotel did you stay at?  
你住在哪家宾馆？

Which desk did you put the book on?  
你把书放在哪个桌子上了？

2 定语从句中位于that/whom/which之前的介词也可以放在句尾

在这种情况下，关系代词可以省略，但介词不可放在that前面，而必须放在句尾，that可省略。例如：

She is the teacher (whom,that) I once worked together with.  
她是一位教师，与我做过同事。

This is the kind of life (that , which) he is used to.  
他已习惯了这种生活。

3 某些wh-词引导的名词性从句中，关系代词为介词宾语位于从句句首时，介词应后置。

I don't know what you are driving at.  
我不知道你是什么意思。

Money is what he is badly in need of.  
他急需的是钱。

I wonder whose room he was in.  
我不知道他在谁的房间里。

I don't know what he looks like.  
我不知道他长得什么样。

4 动词不定式作状语，需要介词同句中主语构成介宾关系时，介词应后置

The lake is safe to swim in.  
在这个湖里游泳安全。 可以理解为To swim in the lake is safe.(所谓后置就在那里。)

The table lamp is bright enough to read by.  
这个台灯很亮，看书没有问题。

5 动词不定式作定语，需要介词同动词不定式所修饰的名词构成介宾关系时，介词应后置

It is the key to open the box with.  
这就是开那个箱子的钥匙。

In those days he even didn't have any money to buy food with.  
在那些日子里，他甚至连购买食物的钱都没有。

They pledged their newly borrowed house for a loan to do business with.  
他们以刚购置的房屋作为抵押，弄到一笔贷款来做生意。

应后置：在语法上必须后置，口语上其实没有这个要求。

3 在某些“不及物动词+介词”结构中，介词紧靠动词后；不及物动词+介词最好视为动词短语做谓语。

在这种结构中，宾语不可放在动词和介词之间，只能放在介词后面。

The thief broke into the house.  
盗贼闯进了屋子。

She looked after her brother.  
她照看弟弟。

He takes after his mother.  
他像他母亲。

1 名词

The car ran into a wall, and two men were killed.  
I shall answer you concerning your request.  
The park is home to half of the world's population of gorillas.  
That is a building constructed of wood,metal,concrete,etc.  
Human affairs are all subject to changes and disasters.  
We walked through the woods under a roof of leafy boughs.  
主 谓 介 宾 地状 介 宾 定 介 宾  
It was towards sunset on a cool autumn day.  
They trudged westward,day and night,over dusty roads and roaring river, under hot suns and cold rains, through green valleys and windy wastelands.

2 代词

She is interested in it.  
Wherever he went,he carried the photo with him.

3 形容词

Your plan is far from perfect.  
I have advised him in private.  
In short, I have done my best.  
The brideg is anything but safe.  
【特别提示：in,from,but,near,insted of 等后可用形容词作宾语】

4 副词

She came from after.  
He shouted from below.  
We have trusted her till recently.  
I can't see the tower clearly from here.  
They have never seen each other since five years ago.  
She received them coldly instead of warmly.  
【特别提示：from, since,except,till,until,insted of 等后可用副词作宾语】

5 动名词

He insisted on doing it that way.  
She spent the morning in reading.  
He entered the room without taking off his hat.  
Instead of attempting to save one species at a time,they are trying to save a complete natural environment.  
As for being adopted,I have no desire to find my real parents.  
【特别提示：in, on,without, instead of 等后可用动名词作宾语】

6 不定式

He did nothing but cry.  
I would sonner die than yield.  
She could do no otherwise than (to) wait.  
He couldn't do anything except wait for the reply.  
He knew better than to trust the hypocrite.  
【特别提示：but, besides, except, than等后可用不定式作定语】

7 介词短语

She often studies till after midnight.  
They came from across the river.  
She read till into the night.  
The temperature dropped to over zero centigrade.  
He suddenly appeared from behind the door.  
【特别提示：to , since, from, except, till , until , across 等后可用介词短语作宾语】

8 数词

In nine out of ten he won't come.  
The students walked there in twos and threes.

9 疑问词+不定式

I have informed her of when to start.  
That depends on which method to take.  
The problem of how to get enough money is difficult to settle.

1 疑问词引导从句

其实即使宾语从句做介词的宾语

He does not care about who will be promoted.  
I have no idea as to what he will do there.  
That depends on whether the has persistence.  
She asked to be informed of which university was the best for her.  
The night was dead quiet except that a bird flew from tree to tree occasionally.  
I got myself a table at what was said to be the best restaurant in town.

2 that 引导的从句

其实就是宾从

I would go with you but that I am too busy.  
She is not happy notwithstanding that she is rich.  
Man differs form other animals in that man can laugh and speak.

1 介词的宾语不仅限于名词和代词，还可以是其他词类或句子等。

2 介词的宾语

2 介词后的其他结构：介词短语做宾语 (名词+形容词)

He is away from home with his children alone.(名词+形容词)

With the sun down,night came on.(名词+副词)

He left home without a cent in his pocket.(名词+介词短语)

His success depends on him/his working hard.(代词+现在分词)

They parted from each other without a word said.(名词+过去分词)

He wandered about without anything to do.(代词+不定式)

She stayed late with a lot of letters to write.(名词+不定式)

The night was beautiful with the moon shining brightly.(名词+现在分词)

The soldiers returned with a man bound up in rope.(名词+过去分词)

He stayed there three years with Jim his only friend.(名词+同位语)

3 (完全记忆一下内容) 值得注意的是，除了in that,except that,save that, but that, notwithstanding that 外，that 引导的从句不可直接作介词的宾语，必须在介词和that 之间加上先行词，一概用it

例句如下：

你可以放心，你的需求会被满足的。  
You can count on that your needs will be satisfied.[x]  
You can count on it that your needs will be satisfied.[√]  
你尽管放心，他们会遵守承诺的。  
We may depend upon that they will do as they have promised.[x]  
We may depend upon it that they will do as they have promised.[√]

3 介词的句法功能

介词与其他词类或成分结合后方能在句子中充当语法成分，构成介词短语。  
介词短语可以作定语(须后置)、状语、表语、宾语补足语、另一个介词的宾语，间或作主语等。

1 about

This place is about to blow and drop a hundred feet of rock on us.  
定 主 系 表  
介 非谓1 非谓2 定 宾 地状

Coulson, you know that Stark trusts me about as far as he can throw me.  
主 谓 主 谓 宾 宾从 状  
科尔森 你知道斯塔克巴不得能把我甩多远是多远。 比较状语从句

This is about the Avengers.  
主 系 表

I'm going to pay for that comment about percentages in some subtle way later,aren't I?  
主 谓 宾 介 定 宾 定 目的状语 方状

pay for 其实不是固定搭配——为了.....而支付  
我会补偿刚才对于百分比的发言 贴心地补偿 不是吗  
介 宾 介 定 宾 时状

Even if Barton didn't tell Loki about the tower,it was still all over the news.  
让步状语从句 主 谓 间宾 直宾 主 系 状 表

Yet you're confused about why they didn't want you around.【一般地，介词短语从不做宾语】  
主 系 表 状语 宾语从句

你还想不通为什么不招你进神局。  
状 主 谓 宾 宾补

You want to think about removing yourself from this environment, Doctor?  
主 谓 非谓 宾 宾补  
非谓 宾 宾

作业练习要求：准确标出介词短语以及其所在的句子(短语)成分。