## Columbia University IEOR 4732: Computational Methods in Derivatives Pricing

Case Study 1 (Due on Sunday Feb 16, 2014)

## Ali Hirsa

January 27, 2014

## Problem 1:

The characteristic function of the log of stock price in Black-Scholes framework as shown on Page 11 is given by:

$$\mathbb{E}(e^{iu \ln S_t}) = \mathbb{E}(e^{ius_t})$$

$$= \exp\left(i(s_0 + (r - q - \frac{\sigma^2}{2})t)u - \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 u^2 t\right)$$

For the following parameters: spot price,  $S_0 = \$1800$ ; maturity, T = 0.5 year; volatility,  $\sigma = 0.30$ ; risk-free interest rate, r = 0.25%, continuous dividend rate, q = 2.03% and strike range of K = 900, 1100, 1300, 1500 price European put options via the following techniques:

- (a) Fast Fourier transform (FFT): consider  $\eta = \Delta \nu = 0.25$ ,  $\alpha = -2, -5, -10, -20$ ,  $N = 2^n$  for n = 8, 10, 12, 14, and  $\beta = \ln K \frac{\lambda N}{2}$  (look at Section 2.1.4 on Page 43 for implementation of fast Fourier transform).
- (b) Fractional fast Fourier transform (FrFFT): consider  $\eta = \Delta \nu = 0.25$ ,  $\lambda = \Delta k = 0.1$ ,  $\alpha = -2, -5, -10, -20$ ,  $N = 2^n$  for n = 7, 8, 9, 10, and  $\beta = \ln K \frac{\lambda N}{2}$  (look at Section 2.2.2 on Page 52 for implementation of fractional fast Fourier transform).
- (c) Fourier-cosine (COS) method: consider values [-2, 2], [-5, 5], [-10, 10], [-20, 20] for the interval [a, b] and find the sensitivity of your results to the choice of [a, b] (look at Section 2.3.2 on Page 47 for implementation of COS method).

Compare and conclude.