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For a harmonic uniform plane wave propagating in a simple medium, both E and H vary in accordance with the factor  $\exp(-j\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R})$  as indicated in

$$\boldsymbol{E}(\boldsymbol{R}) = \boldsymbol{E_0} e^{-j\boldsymbol{k}\cdot\boldsymbol{R}} = \boldsymbol{E_0} e^{-jk\boldsymbol{a_n}\cdot\boldsymbol{R}}$$

and

$$oldsymbol{H(R)} = rac{1}{\eta}(oldsymbol{a_n} imes oldsymbol{E_0})e^{-jkoldsymbol{a_n}\cdotoldsymbol{R}}$$

Show that the four Maxwell's equation for uniform plane wave in a source-free region reduce to the following:

$$k \times E = \omega \mu H$$
$$k \times H = -\omega \epsilon E$$
$$k \cdot E = 0$$
$$k \cdot H = 0$$

## 2

1. The instantaneous expression for the magnetic field intensity of a uniform plane wave propagating in the +y direction in air is given by

$$H = a_z 4 \times 10^{-6} cos(10^7 \pi t - k_0 y + \frac{\pi}{4})$$

- (a) Determine  $k_0$  and the location where  $\boldsymbol{H_z}$  vanishes at  $t=3\pmod{ms}$ .
- (b) Write the instantaneous expression for E.

2. The E-field of a uniform plane wave propagating in a dielectric medium is given by:

$$E(t,z) = a_x 2cos(10^8 t - z/\sqrt{3}) - a_y sin(10^8 t - \sqrt{3})$$

- (a) Determine the frequency and wavelength of the wave.
- (b) What is the dielectric constant of the medium?
- (c) Describe the polarization of the wave.
- (d) Find the corresponding H-field