STAT 4130: Homework 4

Due: 2023-07-26

Question 1

The data in the table below give the percentage share of market of a particular brand of canned peaches (y_t) for the past 15 months and the relative selling price (x_t) .

Market Share and Price of Canned Peaches

t	x_t	y_t	t	\boldsymbol{x}_{t}	y_t
1	100	15.93	9	85	16.60
2	98	16.26	10	83	17.16
3	100	15.94	11	81	17.77
4	89	16.81	12	79	18.05
5	95	15.67	13	90	16.78
6	87	16.47	14	77	18.17
7	93	15.66	15	78	17.25
8	82	16.94			

- a. Fit a simple linear regression model to these data. Plot the residuals versus time. Is there any indication of autocorrelation?
- b. Use the Durbin–Watson test to determine if there is positive autocorrelation in the errors. What are your conclusions?
- c. Use one iteration of the Cochrane–Orcutt procedure to estimate the regression coefficients. Find the standard errors of these regression coefficients.
- d. Is there positive autocorrelation remaining after the first iteration? Would you conclude that the iterative parameter estimation technique has been successful?

Question 2

The market research department of a soft drink manufacturer is investigating the effectiveness of a price discount coupon on the purchase of a two-liter beverage product. A sample of 5500 customers was given coupons for varying price discounts between 5 and 25 cents. The response variable was the number of coupons in each price discount category redeemed after one month. The data are shown below.

Discount, x	Sample Size, n	Number Redeemed, r	
5	500	100	
7	500	122	
9	500	147	
11	500	176	
13	500	211	
15	500	244	
17	500	277	
19	500	310	
21	500	343	
23	500	372	
25	500	391	

```
# You can directly copy this into your homework

data <- tibble(
    discount = c(5,7,9,11,13,15,17,19,21,23,25),
    size = c(500,500,500,500,500,500,500,500,500),
    redeem = c(100,122,147,176,211,244,277,310,343,372,391)
)
```

- a. Fit a logistic regression model to the data. Use a simple linear regression model as the structure for the linear predictor $(\eta = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x)$.
- b. Does the model deviance indicate that the logistic regression model from part a is adequate?
- c. Draw a graph of the data and the fitted logistic regression model.
- d. Expand the linear predictor to include a quadratic term. Is there any evidence that this quadratic term is required in the model?
- e. Draw a graph of this new model on the same plot that you prepared in part c. Does the expanded model visually provide a better fit to the data than the original model from part a?
- f. Find approximate 95% confidence intervals on the model parameters for the quadratic logistic regression model from part d.

Question 3

Myers [1990] presents data on the number of fractures (frac) that occur in the upper seams of coal mines in the Appalachian region of western Virginia. Four regressors were reported: inb = inner burden thickness (feet), the shortest distance between seam floor and the lower seam; extrp = percent extraction of the lower previously mined seam; seamh = lower seam height (feet); and time = time (years) that the mine has been in operation. The data are shown below.

```
library(locfit) #if you don't have this package, try install.packages('locfit')
data(mine)
mine
```

```
##
      frac inb extrp seamh time
## 1
          2
            50
                   70
                          52
                              1.0
## 2
          1 230
                   65
                          42
                              6.0
## 3
          0 125
                    70
                          45
                              1.0
             75
                              0.5
## 4
          4
                   65
                          68
## 5
          1
             70
                   65
                          53
                              0.5
## 6
         2
             65
                   70
                          46
                             3.0
          0
             65
                   60
                          62
                              1.0
                              0.5
## 8
         0 350
                   60
                          54
          4 350
                          54
                              0.5
## 9
                   90
```

```
## 10
          4 160
                    80
                            38
                                0.0
## 11
          1 145
                    65
                            38 10.0
##
   12
          4 145
                    85
                            38
                                0.0
##
   13
          1 180
                    70
                            42
                                2.0
##
   14
          5
              43
                    80
                            40
                                0.0
## 15
          2
              42
                            51 12.0
                    85
## 16
          5
              42
                                0.0
                    85
                            51
                                0.0
## 17
          5
              45
                    85
                            42
##
   18
          5
             83
                    85
                            48 10.0
          0 300
##
   19
                     65
                            68 10.0
##
   20
          5 190
                    90
                            84
                                6.0
   21
          1 145
                    90
                            54 12.0
##
##
   22
          1 510
                    80
                            57 10.0
##
   23
          3
              65
                     75
                            68
                                5.0
##
   24
          3 470
                    90
                            90
                                9.0
##
   25
          2 300
                    80
                          165
                                9.0
##
   26
          2 275
                            40
                    90
                               4.0
##
   27
          0 420
                    50
                            44 17.0
##
                            48 15.0
   28
          1
              65
                    80
##
   29
          5
              40
                     75
                           51 15.0
##
   30
          2 900
                    90
                            48 35.0
## 31
          3
              95
                    88
                            36 20.0
## 32
          3
              40
                            57 10.0
                    85
##
   33
          3 140
                    90
                            38
                                7.0
##
   34
          0 150
                    50
                            44
                                5.0
##
   35
          0
              80
                     60
                            96
                                5.0
##
   36
          2
             80
                    85
                            96
                                5.0
##
   37
          0 145
                            72
                                9.0
                     65
##
   38
          0 100
                     65
                            72
                                9.0
##
   39
          3 150
                    80
                            48
                                3.0
## 40
          2 150
                     80
                            48
                                0.0
## 41
          3 210
                    75
                            42
                                2.0
##
   42
          5
              11
                     75
                            42
                                0.0
## 43
          0 100
                            60 25.0
                     65
## 44
          3
             50
                    88
                            60 20.0
```

- a. Fit a Poisson regression model to these data using the log link.
- b. Does the model deviance indicate that the model from part a is satisfactory?
- c. Find approximate 95% Wald confidence intervals on the model parameters.
- d. Reconsider the model. Remove any regressors from the original model that you think might be unimportant and comment on your findings.
- e. Construct plots of the deviance residuals from part a and d and comment on the plots. Does the model appear satisfactory from a residual analysis viewpoint?