

## Triplet Sum Close to Target (medium)

We'll cover the following ^

- Problem Statement
- Try it yourself
- Solution
  - Code
  - Time complexity
  - Space complexity

### Problem Statement #

Given an array of unsorted numbers and a target number, find a **triplet in the array whose sum is as close to the target number as possible**, return the sum of the triplet. If there are more than one such triplet, return the sum of the triplet with the smallest sum.

#### Example 1:

Input: [-2, 0, 1, 2], target=2  
Output: 1  
Explanation: The triplet [-2, 1, 2] has the closest sum to the target.

#### Example 2:

Input: [-3, -1, 1, 2], target=1  
Output: 0  
Explanation: The triplet [-3, 1, 2] has the closest sum to the target.

#### Example 3:

Input: [1, 0, 1, 1], target=100  
Output: 3  
Explanation: The triplet [1, 1, 1] has the closest sum to the target.

### Try it yourself #

Try solving this question here:

 Java

 Python3

 JS

 C++

```
1 def triplet_sum_close_to_target(arr, target_sum):
2     # TODO: Write your code here
3     return -1
4
```



This problem follows the **Two Pointers** pattern and is quite similar to Triplet Sum to Zero (<https://www.educative.io/collection/page/5668639101419520/5671464854355968/5679549973004288/>).

We can follow a similar approach to iterate through the array, taking one number at a time. At every step, we will save the difference between the triplet and the target number, so that in the end, we can return the triplet with the closest sum.

Code #

Here is what our algorithm will look like:

Java

Python3

C++

JS JS

```

1 import math
2
3
4 def triplet_sum_close_to_target(arr, target_sum):
5     arr.sort()
6     smallest_difference = math.inf
7     for i in range(len(arr)-2):
8         left = i + 1
9         right = len(arr) - 1
10        while (left < right):
11            target_diff = target_sum - arr[i] - arr[left] - arr[right]
12            if target_diff == 0: # we've found a triplet with an exact sum
13                return target_sum - target_diff # return sum of all the numbers
14
15            # the second part of the following 'if' is to handle the smallest sum when we have m
16            if abs(target_diff) < abs(smallest_difference) or (abs(target_diff) == abs(smallest_
17                smallest_difference = target_diff # save the closest and the biggest difference
18
19            if target_diff > 0:
20                left += 1 # we need a triplet with a bigger sum
21            else:
22                right -= 1 # we need a triplet with a smaller sum
23
24        return target_sum - smallest_difference
25
26
27 def main():
28     print(triplet sum close to target([-2, 0, 1, 2], 2))

```

▶

📄

↶

⌂

Time complexity #

Sorting the array will take  $O(N * \log N)$ . Overall `searchTriplet()` will take  $O(N * \log N + N^2)$ , which is asymptotically equivalent to  $O(N^2)$ .

Space complexity #

The space complexity of the above algorithm will be  $O(N)$  which is required for sorting.



Report an  
Issue



Ask a Question

([https://discuss.educative.io/tag/triplet-sum-close-to-target-medium\\_\\_pattern-two-pointers\\_\\_grokking-the-coding-interview-patterns-for-coding-questions](https://discuss.educative.io/tag/triplet-sum-close-to-target-medium__pattern-two-pointers__grokking-the-coding-interview-patterns-for-coding-questions))