



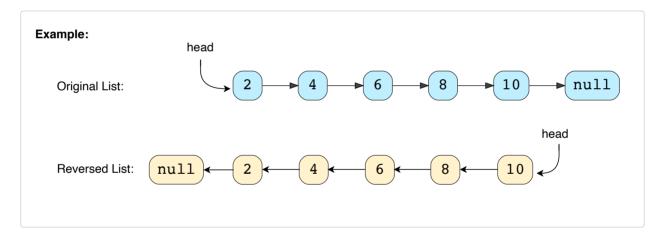
Reverse a LinkedList (easy)

We'll cover the following ^

- Problem Statement
- Try it yourself
- Solution
 - Code
 - Time complexity
 - Space complexity

Problem Statement

Given the head of a Singly LinkedList, reverse the LinkedList. Write a function to return the new head of the reversed LinkedList.



Try it yourself

Try solving this question here:

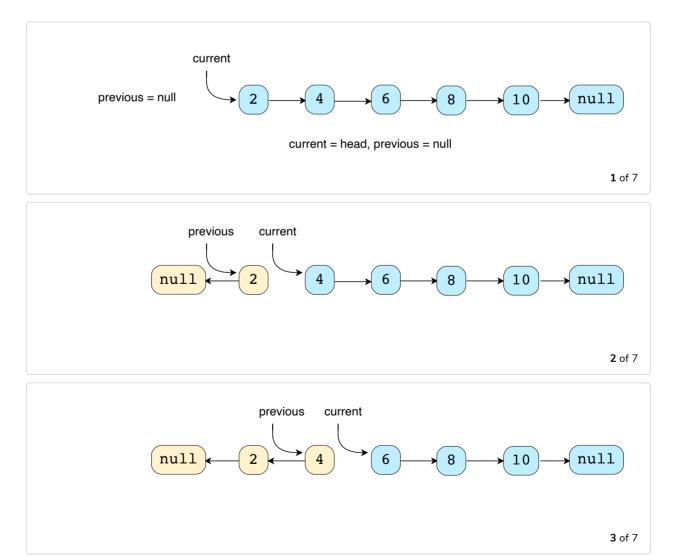
```
👙 Java
             Python3
                                       © C++
      from __future__ import print_function
   2
   3
      class Node:
        def __init__(self, value, next=None):
   6
          self.value = value
   7
          self.next = next
   8
   9
        def print_list(self):
  10
          temp = self
  11
          while temp is not None:
            print(temp.value, end=" ")
  12
            temp = temp.next
æducati<u>we()</u>
  15
```

```
16
17 def reverse(head):
18
      # TODO: Write your code here
19
      return head
20
21
    def main():
22
      head = Node(2)
23
24
      head.next = Node(4)
25
      head.next.next = Node(6)
26
      head.next.next = Node(8)
27
      head.next.next.next = Node(10)
28
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                                                                                  []
```

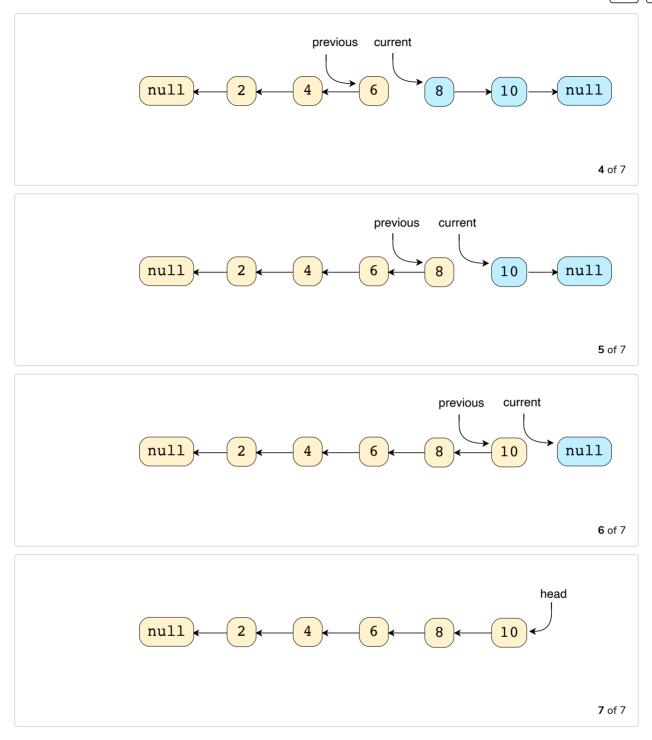
Solution

To reverse a LinkedList, we need to reverse one node at a time. We will start with a variable **current** which will initially point to the head of the LinkedList and a variable **previous** which will point to the previous node that we have processed; initially previous will point to null.

In a stepwise manner, we will reverse the current node by pointing it to the previous before moving on to the next node. Also, we will update the previous to always point to the previous node that we have processed. Here is the visual representation of our algorithm:







Code

Here is what our algorithm will look like:

[]

```
9
      def print_list(self):
10
        temp = self
11
        while temp is not None:
          print(temp.value, end=" ")
12
13
          temp = temp.next
14
        print()
15
16
17
    def reverse(head):
18
      previous, current, next = None, head, None
19
     while current is not None:
20
        next = current.next # temporarily store the next node
21
        current.next = previous # reverse the current node
22
        previous = current # before we move to the next node, point previous to the current
23
        current = next # move on the next node
24
      return previous
25
26
27
    def main():
28
     head = Node(2)
\triangleright
```

Time complexity

The time complexity of our algorithm will be O(N) where 'N' is the total number of nodes in the LinkedList.

Space complexity

We only used constant space, therefore, the space complexity of our algorithm is O(1).

