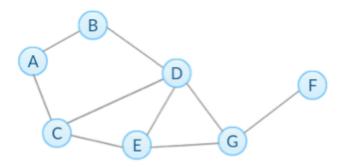
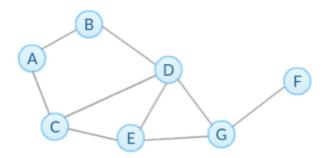
1. Based on the network below, what is the degree centrality of node D?



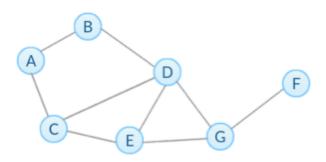
- 0.67
- 0.57
- 0.42
- 0.50

2. Based on the network below, what is the closeness centrality of node G?

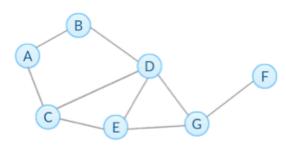


- 0.875
- 0.6
- 0.7
- 0.75

3. Based on the network below, what is the normalized betweenness centrality (excluding endpoints) of node G?



- 0.67
- 0.47
- 0.24
- 0.33
- 4. Based on the network below, what is the betweenness centrality without normalization of edge (G,F)?

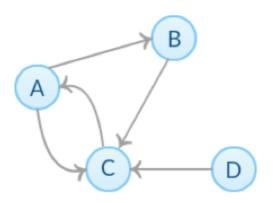


- 0 4

- 7

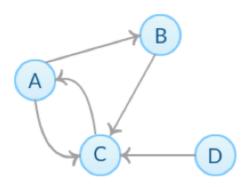
| 5. | Select all True statements. | |
|----|-----------------------------|--|
| | | In directed networks, in-degree and out-degree centrality of a node are always the same. |
| | | The node with highest betwenness centrality in a network also has the highest closeness centrality. |
| | | We can use subsets of node-pairs to approximate betweenness centrality. |
| | | The assumption of degree centrality is that important nodes have more connections. |
| | | The closeness centrality of a node describes how far the node is from others. |
| 6. | Select | all True statements about Page Rank (PR) and HITS in directed networks. |
| | | Adding out-links of a node will always decrease its PR. |
| | | Adding in-links of a node will never decrease its PR. |
| | | Nodes that have outgoing edges to good hubs are good authorities, and nodes that have incoming edges from good authorities are good hubs. |
| | | The authority and hub score of each node is obtained by computing multiple iterations of HITS algorithm and both scores of most networks are convergent. |
| | | Nodes with high in-degree centrality have higher PRs than nodes with low indegree centrality. |
| 7. | | en the network below, which value of alpha (damping parameter) listed below in the workX function pagerank maximizes the PageRank of node D? |
| | | $B \longleftrightarrow A \longleftrightarrow C \longleftrightarrow D$ |
| | C | 0.8 |
| | C | 0.5 |
| | C | 0.9 |
| | | 0.95 |

8. Based on the network below, what is the basic PR of node C at step k = 1?



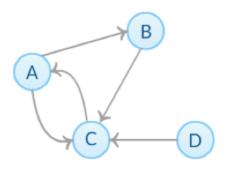
- 0.375
- 0.5
- 0.25
- 0.125
- 0.625

9. Based on the network below, what are the corresponding normalized authority and hub scores of node C correspondingly after two iterations of HITS algorithm?



- 0.4, 0.4
- 0.8, 0.2
- 0.57, 0.09
- 0.33, 0.33

10. Based on the network below, which of the following is NOT True? Check all that apply.



- Node D's basic PR at step k (k>=1) is always 0.
- Node D's authority and hub score after k iterations (k>=1) are always 0.
- At step k (k>=1), node A's basic PR is always the same as node C's basic PR at step k-1.
- At each step, the sum of all nodes' basic PR is always 1.