MTH 4320 Homework 4

Yaohui Wu

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Problem 1

solution. The edges of the breadth-first search (BFS) tree of the graph G starting from root g are $e_1 = \{g, b\}, e_2 = \{g, i\}, e_3 = \{g, j\}, e_4 = \{b, a\}, e_5 = \{b, c\}, e_6 = \{i, d\}, e_7 = \{i, f\}, e_8 = \{j, e\}, e_9 = \{j, h\}$ in the order from first to last respectively, that which was to be demonstrated.

Problem 2

solution. The algorithm is a modified BFS.

- 1. Let the vertex of every squirrel be the root of a BFS tree.
- 2. Run the modified BFS for every squirrel to find all vertices that each root can reach using at most 5 edges.
- 3. If there is a common vertex in the BFS trees of all five squirrels then return true else return false.

This is a modified BFS alogrithm so we need to visit every vertex and edge that are necessary to check. Visiting all vertices takes O(|V|) time, visiting all edges takes O(|E|) time, and all other operations takes O(1) time. Therefore, the running time is O(|V| + |E|).