

# MTH 4320 Homework 9

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## Problem 1

*Solution.* Let  $P[i]$  be the length of the longest primish subsequence  $S[i]$  that ends with element  $L[i]$  for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ . We have

$$\begin{aligned} P[1] &= 1 \\ P[2] &= \begin{cases} 1 + P[1], & \text{if } S[1] + L[2] \text{ is prime} \\ 1, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ P[3] &= \begin{cases} 1 + \max_{1 \leq j < 3} P[j], & \text{if } S[j] + L[3] \text{ is prime} \\ 1, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

In general, we can deduce that

$$P[i] = \begin{cases} 1 + \max_{1 \leq j < i} P[j], & \text{if } S[j] + L[i] \text{ is prime} \\ 1, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

The algorithm returns the length of the longest primish subsequence in  $L$  by computing

$$P = \max_{1 \leq i \leq n} P[i]$$

Assuming we can check if a number is prime in  $O(1)$  time, computing  $P[i]$  takes  $O(i)$  time so computing  $P$  takes  $O(1) + O(2) + \dots + O(n) = O(n^2)$  time. The time complexity of the algorithm is  $O(n^2)$ . ■

## Problem 2

*Solution.* Let  $P(i, j)$  be the length of the longest palindrome in substring  $S[i, j]$  that starts with the  $i$ th letter and ends with  $j$ th letter. We have

$$P(i, j) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } i = j \\ 2 + P(i + 1, j - 1), & \text{if } S[i] = S[j] \\ \max\{P(i, j - 1), P(i + 1, j)\}, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

For  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$  and  $j = 1, 2, \dots, n$ , we compute each  $P(i, j)$  in  $O(1)$  time so the time complexity of the algorithm is  $O(n^2)$ . ■

### Problem 3

*Solution.* Let  $F(i, j)$  be the minimum damage for traveling a list of oases that starts at  $L[i]$  and ends at  $L[j]$ . We have

$$F(i, j) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } i = j \\ (10 - x)^2 \text{ where } x \text{ is the distance between } L[i] \text{ and } L[j], & \text{if } i = j - 1 \\ (10 - x)^2 + \min_{1 \leq k < i} F(i, k) + \min_{i < k \leq j} F(k, j), & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

For  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$  and  $j = 1, 2, \dots, n$ , we compute each  $F(i, j)$  in  $O(1)$  time so the time complexity of the algorithm is  $O(n^2)$ . ■